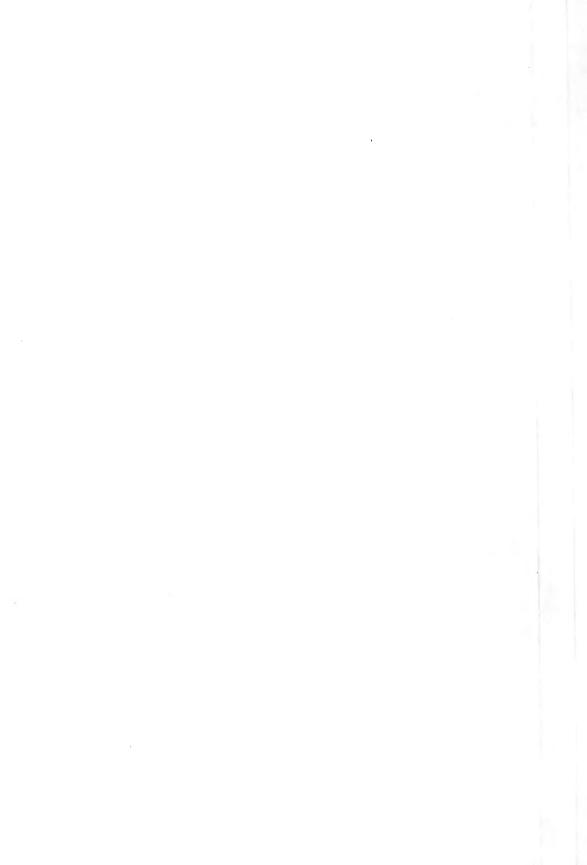
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"Let the Good Earth Produce"

FERRY-MORSE SEED CO.

Detroit · San Francisco

The Ferry Gardener Says:



TOM WILLIAMS, The Old Dirt Dobber

"The Garden Gate" radio program conducted by Tom Williams, the Old Dirt Dobber, has reached such heights of popularity and excellence that more than 100 CBS stations carry it as a public service during the months of the year it is not sponsored. In 1948, "The Garden Gate" received from the 18th Annual Institute for Education by Radio the top award for best contribution in the entire field of agriculture. Special citations were given to Tom Williams and his announcer, Paul Oliphant, "for an entertaining combination of useful information and seasonal developments in its (the program's) field."

Here's brand new evidence that "The Garden Gate" is the most worthwhile and best-loved gardening program on the air today!

Be sure to listen every Saturday. You'll like it.

On The Cover

The attractive white house with the green picket fence could be anyone's home in almost any spot in the United States today. The zinnias, marigolds, and other blossoms making a gorgeous splash of color in the front dooryard are easily grown annuals that even a beginner can have fun raising. How effective it is!

BOOKLET CUPBOARD

Home gardeners! These folders are yours for the asking. You will find many valuable suggestions to help you grow vegetables and flowers successfully:

Flower-Gardens—Old Fashioned and New How Do Your Onions Grow? Grow Lettuce Successfully You, Too, Can Grow Fine Tomatoes Rock Garden Plants from Seed Grow Perennials from Seed Sweet Peas and How to Grow Them Let's Have a Beautiful Lawn
Old-time Herbs for Modern Gardens
Quick-growing Vines for Beauty and Use
How to Store Vegetables for Winter
21 Ways to Enjoy the Vegetables You Grow
Make the Most of Your Vegetable Garden
Cuthbertson Sweet Peas and How They Grow

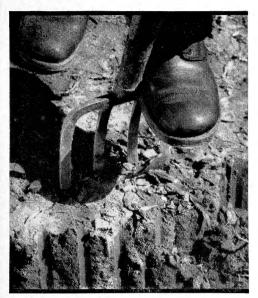
Grow Better Vegetables for Quick Freezing

FERRY-MORSE Flower and Vegetable Seeds are listed alphabetically on inside pages of this Guide. All available varieties can be secured through your dealer. He will be glad to get special items for you.

FERRY-MORSE SEED CO.

Detroit 31, Michigan • San Francisco 24, California

Garden Success begins with good seed and proper preparation and planting



In preparing the soil, drive the spade or spading fork straight down full length with your foot

* Preparing the soil

A rich sandy loam is well adapted to gardening. Other kinds of soil are suitable, but stiff clays need plenty of fibrous material and must be thoroughly broken up. Sandy soils generally need additional fertilizing.

For general use, where well-rotted stable manure is not available, a commercial fertilizer containing 4 per cent nitrates, 12 per cent phosphate, and 4 to 6 per cent potash is usually best. Apply at the rate of about 4 pounds to the square rod (16½ ft. x 16½ ft.).

Work the soil deeply and make the top 3 or 4 inches as fine and loose as possible. Much weed killing can be done by hoeing or raking just before planting. Do not work clay soils when they are wet enough to stick to rake or hoe.

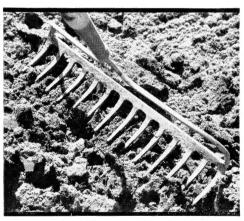
* Planting

At time of planting seed in the open ground, the soil should be moist but never wet, when avoidable. To retain moisture after planting, cover seed immediately with fine, freshly prepared earth and press it down firmly and smoothly. This firming of the soil brings the particles of earth into close contact with seeds, prevents drying out, and facilitates growth.

Plant at a time when the atmospheric and soil temperatures are most favorable for germination of the kind of seed to be sown. The best temperature for each kind may be learned from study of our cultural directions and zonal charts and by inquiring of successful gardeners in your neighborhood.

The proper depth for covering seed varies with the different kinds of seeds and conditions of soil. This can be learned best through practical experience.

When planting seed, the soil must be loose and soft so that the tender stems of seedlings can easily push through, and the young roots quickly find plant food. This is usually secured by careful preparation of the soil and by not planting fine seeds when the ground is wet.



Use the back of the rake to help break up clods; use the tooth-side to make the soil fine and smooth

★ Starting plants indoors

Seedling plants may be grown successfully in spring in shallow boxes of soil placed in south or east windows. The preparation of the seed box is simple but it needs care. Whether it is a cigar box or larger "flat," holes should be bored in the bottom—about six inches apart in larger boxes and about three inches apart in one of cigar box size. Over the bottom of the box spread pieces of broken flower pots or crockery, or small pebbles, then coarser soil, and last of all finely sifted garden soil, or a mixture of builders' sand and fine soil.

Firm the soil and sow the seed thinly in rows. The general rule for depth of planting is about four times the diameter of the seed. Thin sowing is economy. The tiny plants crowd each other when planted too thickly.

Garden Success also depends on

thorough cultivation and care

Cover the seed box with a damp cloth or paper until germination starts and place a pane of glass over the top. Remove the paper or cloth as soon as the first sprouts break through the soil. Wipe off the glass when water collects on it from evaporation. This will prevent moisture from dripping on the little plants and perhaps causing "damping off."

During the day prop up one edge of the glass cov-

ering for ventilation.

Keep the seed box moist but not wet or waterlogged. The best way to water is from beneath by setting the seed box in a pan of water or in shallow water in a sink.

When seedlings are two or three inches high, they are ready to be transplanted, either to individual

pots or out-of-doors.



Fill a shallow box or flat with fine soil or builders' sand and soil. Make shallow depressions with a straight-edged flat stick. Scatter the seed from the packet.. not too thickly. Cover with soil and tamp down with the flat of the hand or a smooth board

★ Transplanting

Proper methods in setting the young plants outdoors are just as important as good care while getting them started indoors.

- 1. It is a good plan to harden the young plants to outdoor conditions by setting the boxes outside in good weather for several days before transplanting.
- 2. Either choose a day that is cool and cloudy, or do the transplanting in the afternoon.
 - 3. Water the plants well before disturbing them.
- 4. Avoid injury to the roots in taking up the plants, and if possible keep a ball of earth around them until they are set in the open.
- 5. Water the soil before and after setting the plants. If the soil is very dry, partly fill each hole with water before setting the plants.
- 6. Firm the soil around the roots of the plants so that they can take hold securely.
 - 7. The plants will get a quicker and better start



When seedlings are large enough to set out in the open ground, dig a hole wide enough and deep enough to receive the roots of the plant without crowding. Fill the hole about half full of water before setting the plant.

Firm the soil around the roots

if they are shaded from the direct rays of the sun for a few days after transplanting.

* Cultivating

Stirring the surface soil of the open ground during the period of growth kills weeds, loosens the soil so as to encourage root development, allows air to enter, and helps to conserve moisture. Cultivation may be deep at first, but as the plants grow it should be more shallow to avoid injury to the roots.

★ Watering

When plants need artificial watering, the best hours of the day for it are early morning or evening. The roots, however, may be watered at any time. One good soaking is better than many light sprinklings.

* Keeping the garden healthy

- 1. Spray and dust with reliable insecticides as soon as there is the least suspicion that insect pests may be at hand. Do not give them a chance to get a foothold. "An ounce of prevention . . ." is a safe maxim to follow.
- 2. In fall, remove and burn all rubbish in the garden. Many insect eggs may thus be destroyed that would otherwise be harbored over winter.
- 3. If you have had unsatisfactory results because of certain plant diseases, try some of the new strains of flowers and vegetables that are resistant to disease. You will find many disease-resistant strains listed in this Guide.

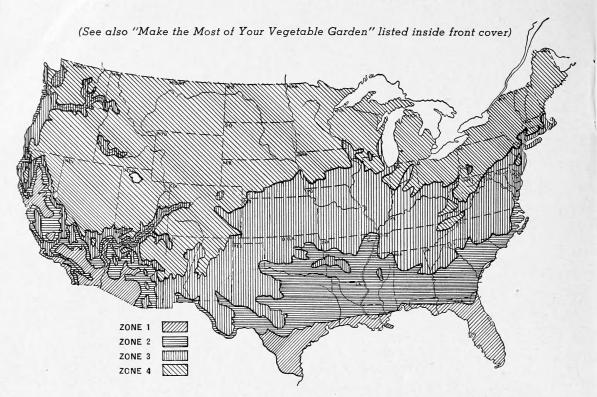
Average hard-frost dates*

Based on United States Department of Agriculture Weather Records

STATE	LAST IN SPRING	FIRST IN FALL	STATE	LAST IN SPRING	FIRST IN
Alabama, N. W	Mar. 25	Oct. 30	Missouri	Apr. 20	Oct. 20
Alabama, S. E	Mar. 8	Nov. 15	Montana	May 21	Sept. 22
Arizona, No	Apr. 23	Oct. 19	Nebraska, W	May 11	Oct. 4
Arizona, So	Mar. 1	Dec. 1	Nebraska, E	Apr. 15	Oct. 15
Arkansas, No	Apr. 7	Oct. 23	Nevada, W	May 19	Sept. 22
Arkansas, So	Mar. 25	Nov. 3	Nevada, E	June 1	Sept. 14
California			New Hampshire	May 23	Sept. 25
Imperial Valley	Jan. 25	Dec. 15	New Jersey	Apr. 20	Oct. 25
Interior Valley Southern Coast	Mar. 1 Jan. 15	Nov. 15 Dec. 15	New Mexico, No	Apr. 23	Oct. 17
Central Coast	Feb. 25	Dec. 13	New Mexico, So	Apr. 1	Nov. 1
Mountain Sections	Apr. 25	Sept. 1	New York, W	May 10	Oct. 8
Colorado, West	May 25	Sept. 18	New York, E	May 1	Oct. 15
Colorado, N.E	May 11	Sept. 27	New York, No	May 15	Oct. 1
Colorado, S.E	May 1	Oct. 15	N. Carolina, W	Apr. 15	Oct. 25
Connecticut	Apr. 25	Oct. 20	N. Carolina, E	Apr. 8	Nov. 1
Delaware	Apr. 15	Oct. 25	N. Dakota, W N. Dakota, E	May 21 May 16	Sept. 13 Sept. 20
District of Columbia	Apr. 11	Oct. 23	Ohio, No	May 6	Oct. 15
Florida, No	Feb. 25	Dec. 5	Ohio, So	Apr. 20	Oct. 13
Florida, Cen	Feb. 11	Dec. 28	Oklahoma	Apr. 2	Nov. 2
Florida, South of Lake Ok	eechobee, almo	st frost-free	Oregon, W		Oct. 25
Georgia, No	Apr. 1	Nov. 1	Oregon, E	Apr. 17 June 4	Sept. 22
Georgia, So	Mar. 15	Nov. 15	Pennsylvania, W	Apr. 20	Oct. 10
Idaho	May 21	Sept. 22	Pennsylvania, Cen	May 1	Oct. 10
Illinois, No	May 1	Oct. 8	Pennsylvania, E	Apr. 17	Oct. 15
Illinois, So	Apr. 15	Oct. 20	Rhode Island	Apr. 25	Oct. 25
Indiana, No	May 1	Oct. 8	S. Carolina, N. W	Apr. 1	Nov. 8
Indiana, So	Apr. 15	Oct. 20	S. Carolina, S. E	Mar. 15	Nov. 15
Iowa, No	May 1	Oct 2	S. Dakota	May 15	Sept. 25
Iowa, So	Apr. 15	Oct. 9	Tennessee	Apr. 10	Oct. 25
Kansas	Apr. 20	Oct. 15	Texas, N. W	Apr. 15	Nov. 1
Kentucky	Apr. 15	Oct. 20	Texas, N. E	Mar. 21 Feb. 10	Nov. 10 Dec. 15
Louisiana, No	Mar. 13	Nov. 10	Utah		Oct. 19
Louisiana, So	Feb. 20	Nov. 20		Apr. 26	
Maine	May 25	Sept. 25	Vermont	May 23 Apr. 15	Sept. 25 Oct. 25
Maryland	Apr. 19	Oct. 20	Virginia, No Virginia, So	Apr. 13 Apr. 10	Oct. 23
Massachusetts	Apr. 25	Oct. 25	Washington, W	Apr. 10	Nov. 15
Michigan, Upper Pen	May 25	Sept. 15	Washington, E	May 15	Oct. 1
Michigan, No	May 17	Sept. 25	W. Virginia, W	May 1	Oct. 15
Michigan, So	May 10	Oct. 8	W. Virginia, E	May 15	Oct. 1
Minnesota, No	May 25	Sept. 15	Wisconsin, No	May 17	Sept. 25
Minnesota, So	May 11	Oct. 1	Wisconsin, So	May 1	Oct. 10
Mississippi, No	Mar. 25	Oct. 30	Wyoming, W	June 20	Aug. 20
Mississippi, So	Mar. 15	Nov. 15	Wyoming, E	May 21	Sept. 20

When to plant your vegetables

Seasonal zones compiled from the U.S. Department of Agriculture records, based on the average date of the last killing frost in spring



To determine the approximate planting dates for your section of the country, first find on the map the zone in which you are located. Then, in the column under the zone number you will find the months in which the various vegetables and flowers may be planted in your section.

	PAGE	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	ZONE 3	ZONE 4		PAGE	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	ZONE 3	ZONE 4
A-tichoke	32	FebMar.	MarMay			Kale	39	FebJune	FebMay	MarMay	May-June
Asparagus	32	MarApr.	MarApr.	MarMay	AprJune	Kohl Rabi	39	MarJune	MarMay	AprMay	May-June
Beans	32	AprAug.	AprJune	May-June	May-June	Leek	39	MarApr.	MarMay	AprMay	AprMay
Beet	34	JanDec.	FebOct.	MarJuly	AprJuly	Lettuce	39	JanDec.	AugMay	MarJune	AprJune
Broccoli, Heading		July-Oct.	FebMar.	MarApr.	MarApr.	Melon, Musk	40	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune	May-June
Broccoli, Sprout	34	FebJune	FebJune	MarJuly	AprJuly	Melon, Water	41	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune	May-June
Brussels Sprouts.		FebMay	FebApr.	MarApr.	MarApr.	Mustard	42	FebMay	FebMay	MarJune	May-July
Cabbage, Spring.	34	JanMar. June-Aug.	JanApr.	MarMay	MarMay	Okra	42	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune FebMay	May-June
Cabbage, Fall	35	MarMay	June-Aug. MarMay	AprJune	AprJune	Onion	42	DecMar.	DecApr.	FebJune	MarJune MarJune
Carrot	35	JanDec.	JanMar.	MarJune	AprJune	Parsiey		JanDec. MarJune	JanJune FebJune	AprJune	May-June
Cauliflower,	33	JanDec.	JanMai.	MaiJune	AprJune	Peas	43	JanMay	JanApr.	FebMay	MarJune
Spring	36	FebMar.	FebApr.	MarApr.	MarMay	Pepper	44	FebMar.	FebApr.	MarMay	MarMay
Cauliflower, Fail.		May-July	June-Aug.	May-June	May-June	Pumpkin	44	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune	May-June
Celery	36	MarJune	MarMay	AprJune	MarJune	Radish	44	JanDec.	FebOct.	MarAug.	AprJuly
Chervil	37	FebMay	FebMar.	MarJune	AprJune	Rhubarb	45	FebMay	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune
Chicory	37	FebMay	MarJune	MarJune	AprJune	Roquette	45	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune	May-June
Chinese Cabbage		AugOct.	AugSept.	MarMay	Apr.& July	Rutabaga	47	July-Sept.	July-Sept.	July-Aug.	July-Aug.
Chives	37	FebMay	MarMay	MarMay	AprJune	Salsify	45	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June
Collards	37	JanMay	FebMay	MarJune	AprJune	Sorrel	45	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June
Corn	37	AprJune	MarJune	May-July	May-July	Spinach	45	JanDec.	FebOct.	MarSept.	AprAug.
Corn Salad		MarAug.	MarOct.	AprJuly	May-Aug.	Squash	45	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune	May-June
Cress	38	MarAug.	MarJuly	AprJune	May-June	Sunflower	46	MarApr.	MarMay	AprJune	May-June
Cucumber	38	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune	May-June	Swiss Chard	46	JanDec.	FebSept.	Mar.Aug.	AprJuly
Dandelion	38	AprJune	AprJune	AprJune	May-June	Tobacco	46	JanFeb.	FebMar.	MarMay	MarMay
Egg Plant		FebMar.	FebApr.	MarMay	AprMay	Tomato	46	JanMar.	FebMar.	MarMay	MarMay
Endive		July-Sept.	AugSept.	MarMay	AprJune	Turnip, Spring	47	FebMar.	JanMar.	FebApr.	MarMay
Fennel		MarMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June	Turnip, Fall	47	AugOct.	AugOct.	July-Aug.	July-Aug.
Herbs	48	FebApr.	MarApr.	AprMay	May-June	-					
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When to plant your flowers

	PAGE	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	ZONE 3	ZONE 4		PAGE	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	ZONE 3	ZONE 4
Abronia	17	SeptApr.	FebMay	AprJune	May-June	Ipomoea	22	MarMay	Feb Apr.	MarMay	AprJune
Achillea Acroclinium	17 17	AugMar. OctApr.	SeptMar. FebMay	*FebMay AprMay	*AprJune May-June	Joseph's Coat	22	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune	May-June
African Daisy	17	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June	Kochia	22	FebMay	Mon Ann	MarMay	A T
Ageratum	17	FebJune	FebMay	AprJune	May-June	Kochia Kudzu Vine	22	AugMar.	MarApr. *MarApr.	*MarMay	AprJune AprJune
Alyssum	17	OctMay	FebMay		*AprJune						
Anagallis Anchusa	17 17	OctMay OctMay	MarMay JanMar.	AprJune	May-June *AprMay	Lantana Larkspur	22	SeptMar. OctMay	FebApr. MarMay	MarMay AprJune	AprJune
Arabis	17	AugMar.	FebApr.		*AprJune	Lavender	22	AugMar.	*MarMay	*AprMay	May-June May-June
Arctotis	17	SeptMay	FebMay	MarJune	AprJune	Lilium	22	SeptMay	*FebJune	MarJune	MarJune
Armeria	17	AugMar.	*FebApr.	*MarMay	*AprJune	Linaria	22	FebMay	*MarMay	*AprMay	May-June
Asclepias Aster	17 17	AugMar. FebJune	*FebApr. FebMay	*MarMay AprJune	*AprJune May-June	Linum	22	FebMay FebMay	MarMay	AprMay AprMay	May-June
Aubrietia	18	AugMar.	*FebMay	*MarMay		Lobelia Love-in-a-mist	23	FebMay	MarApr. MarMay	MarJune	May-June AprJune
Aus. Pea Vine	18	SeptMay	SeptMay			Lunaria	23	SeptMar.	*FebMay	*AprMay	May-June
Bach, Button	18	OctApr.	FebMay	MarMay	May-June	Lupin	23	AugMar.	*MarMay	*AprMay	May-June
Balsam	18	FebMay	FebMay	AprJune	May-June	Marigold	23	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune	AprJune
Blue Lace Flower		FebJune	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune	Matricaria	23	FebMay	*FebApr.	*MarJune	MarJune
Brachycome	18	FebMay	FebMay	AprJune	May-June	Matthiola	23	July-Nov.	MarMay	MarMay	AprJune
Calendula	18	SeptMay	JanMay	MarJune	May-June	Mignonette	23	AugMay	MarMay	MarJune	AprJune
California Poppy.	19	SeptMay	MarMay	MarMay	May-June	Momordica Moon Flower	24	MarMay JanMay	AprMay FebApr.	Apr June Mar May	May-June AprJune
Calliopsis	19	JanApr.	JanApr.	MarJune	May-June	Morning Glory	24	JanApr.	FebApr.	MarMay	AprJune
Callirhoe Campanula	19 19	AugMar. AugApr.	FebMay *FebMay	MarMay *MarMay	AprMay *AprJune		1 1				
Candytuft	19	SeptJune	FebApr.	MarJune	AprJune	Nasturtium	24	MarMay FebMay	MarJune MarMav	AprJune AprMay	May-June May-June
Canna	19	JanJune	JanMar.	FebMar.	MarMay	Nemophila	24	SeptMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June May-June
Cardinal Climber		FebMay	MarMay	AprJune	May-June	Nicotiana	24	Feb May	MarJune	AprJune	May-June
Carnation	19	OctApr.	*JanMar.	*MarMay	*AprMay	Nierembergia	24	Jan Mar.	FebMar.	MarApr.	MarApr.
Castor Bean	20	MarMay FebApr.	AprJune FebMay	AprJune AprMay	May-June May-June	Painted Daisy	25	AugMar.	*FebMar.	*AprMay	AprMay
Celosia Centaurea	20	OctApr.	FebMay	MarMay	May-June	Pansy	25	AugMay	*JanApr.		MarMay
Cerastium	20	AugMar.	*JanMar.	*MarApr.	*AprMay	Penstemon	25	AugMar.	*FebApr.		May-June
Cheiranthus	20	SeptMay	*JanMar.	MarApr.	*AprJune	Perennial Sweet					
Chinese Forget-		D 1 1/			M T	Pea	25	AugMar.	*JanApr.	*FebMay	AprJune
me-not Chinese Lantern	20 20	FebMay OctMar.	MarMay *FebApr.	AprMay *MarMay	May-June AprJune	Petunia	25 26	FebMay SeptMay	FebMay FebMay	MarJune MarJune	AprJune AprJune
Chrysanthemum	20	JanMay	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune	Pinks	26	OctApr.	FebMay	MarMay	May-June
Cineraria	20	July-May	AugApr.	Aug May	AugMay	Platycodon	27	AugMar.	*FebApr.	*MarMay	AprMay
Clarkia		OctMay	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	Poppy	27	FebMay	*JanApr.	*FebMay	AprJune
Cleome	20	FebMay	AugOct.	MarApr.	AprMay AprJune	Portulaca Primrose, Even-	27	FebMay	AprJune	May-July	May-July
Cockscomb	20	FebApr. FebApr.	FebApr. FebMay	MarMay AprMay	May-June	ing	27	SeptMar.	*MarMay	*AprMay	AprJune
Coleus	20	AugMar.	FebApr.	FebApr.	FebApr.	Primula	27	AugMar.	*FebApr.		AprMay
Columbine	20	SeptApr.	*FebApr.	*MarMay	*May-June		07	D 1 T		44 35	
Coreopsis	20	SeptApr.	*FebApr.	*AprMay	*May-June	Ranunculus	27	FebJune FebMay	*MarMay FebMay	*AprMay MarMay	AprMay AprJune
Creep, Zinnia	20	JanMay FebMay	MarMay FebMay	AprMay MarJune	May-June AprJune	nuubeckia	2.	rebway	rebMay	WatWay	AprJune
Cypress Vine	20	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June	Salpiglossis	27	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	AprJune
	00		Esh Ann		Mar Ann	Salvia .	27	FebMay	*FebApr.		MarApr.
Dahlia Delphinium	20	FebMay AugMar.	FebApr.	MarMay *MarMay	MarApr. *AprJune	Scarlet Flax	27 27	SeptMay OctApr.	*MarMay FebMay	*AprMay MarMay	May-June May-June
Dianthus	21	OctMar.	MarMay	MarMay	AprMay	Scarlet Runner.	27	AprJune	AprMay	May-June	May-June
						Schizanthus	27	SeptMay	MarJune	AprJune	May-June
English Daisy	21	SeptApr.	FebApr.	MarApr.	MarApr.	Sensitive Plant.	27	FebMay	MarMay	MarJune	MarJune
Forget me not	21	SeptMar.		*MarMay	MarMay	Shasta Daisy Sidalcea	27 27	AugMar. SeptApr.	*FebMay FebApr.	*MarMay AprMay	AprMay May-June
Four o'Clock	21	FebMay	MarApr.	AprJune	May-June	Snapdragon	27	OctMar.	FebMay	MarMay	AprJune
Foxglove	21	AugMar.			*AprMay	Snow-on-the					
Gaillardia	21	FebMay		*MarJune		Mountain	28	SeptMay	MarApr.	MarApr.	AprJune
Gerbera	21	SeptMar.	MarMay	AprJune		Statice	28	SeptMay	MarMay	AprMay	AprMay
Geum		AugMar. OctMay		*AprMay AprMay	*May-June May-June	Stock	28	FebMay AugMar.	MarJune FebMar.	MarMay AprMay	MarMay AprMay
Gilia Godetia		SeptMay		AprMay	May-June	Sunflower		AprJune	AprMay	AprJune	AprJune
Gourd	21	AprMay	AprMay	May-June	May-June	Sweet Peas	29	AugMar.	*DecMar.	*MarApr.	MarMay
Gypsophila	21	SeptMay	*FebApr.	*MarJune	*AprJune	Sweet William	29	AugMar.	JanApr.	FebApr.	MarMay
Helichrysum	28	FebMay	FebApr.	MarMay	May-June	Texas Blue					
Heliotrope	21	FebMay	FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	Bonnet	29	SeptApr.	JanApr.	FebApr.	AprJune
Hesperis	21	AugApr.	*MarMay	*AprMay	*AprMay	Thermopsis	30	AugMar.	MarMay	AprMay	AprJune
Heuchera			*MarMay	*AprMay	*AprMay	Thunbergia		FebMay	MarMay	AprMay	May-June
Hibiscus Hollyhock	22	AugMar. OctDec.		*AprMay *MarApr.	*May-June AprMay	Tithonia	30	AugMar.	*FebApr.	*MarMay	AprMay
	22	SeptMay		AprMay	AprJune	Verbena		AugMar.	FebMay	AprMay	AprJune
				AprJune		Vinca	30	JanMar.	FebMay	AprMay	AprJune
Hunnemannia Hyacinth Bean	22	AprMay	AprMay	Tipi. June							
Hunnemannia Hyacinth Bean						Viola	30	AprNov.		*MarMay	
Hunnemannia	22 22 22		*FebApr.	*MarMay		Viola		AprNov. AugJune		*MarMay MarMay	AprJune MarMay

Planting chart for vegetables

		QUANTITY NEEDI	ED	DISTANCE			
	For 50 ft. of Row	To Sow an Acre	To Produce a Given No. of Plants	Apart in Row to Thin or Set Plants	Between Rows		
tichoke	1 pkt.	6 oz.	1 oz. to 500	18 to 24 in.	36 to 48 in.		
paragus	1 pkt.	4 lbs.	1 oz. to 800	3 to 6 in.	12 to 24 in.		
ans, Bush	2 cartons	60 lbs.		4 to 6 in.	18 to 24 in.		
ans, Pole	2 cartons	30 lbs.		6 to 8 in.	36 to 48 in.		
et, Table	2 pkts.	8 to 15 lbs.		1 to 4 in.	18 to 24 in.		
et, Mangel and Sugar	2 pkts.	4 to 6 lbs.		3 to 6 in.	18 to 36 in.		
	1 pkt.	3 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	24 to 30 in.	24 to 40 in.		
occoli	1 pkt.	3 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	18 to 24 in.	18 to 36 in.		
ussels Sprouts	1 pkt.	3 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	12 to 24 in.	24 to 36 in.		
bbage	1 pkt.	4 oz.		18 to 30 in.	18 to 30 in.		
rdoon		3 to 5 lbs.		1 to 3 in.	18 to 24 in.		
rrot	2 pkts.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	18 to 24 in.	24 to 30 in.		
uliflower	1 pkt.		1 oz. to 10000	4 to 8 in.	20 to 48 in.		
lery	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 02. 10 10000	2 to 4 in.	18 to 36 in.		
icory	1 pkt.	4 lbs.	4 , 5000	12 to 18 in.	24 to 30 in.		
llards	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 5000		36 to 48 in.		
orn, Pop	2 cartons	6 lbs.		6 to 8 in.			
orn, Sweet	1 carton	15 lbs.		6 to 8 in.	30 to 48 in.		
orn Salad	2 pkts.	10 lbs.		2 to 4 in.	12 to 18 in.		
ess	2 pkts.	10 lbs.		2 to 4 in.	12 to 18 in.		
cumber	1 pkt.	2 lbs.		3 to 4 ft.	3 to 6 ft.		
andelion	1 pkt.	5 lbs.		6 to 12 in.	18 to 24 in.		
ll	1 pkt.	5 lbs.		4 to 8 in.	18 to 36 in.		
g Plant	1 pkt.	8 oz.	1 oz. to 2000	18 to 24 in.	24 to 30 in.		
	1 pkt.	4 lbs.	2 04. 10	8 to 12 in.	18 to 24 in.		
ndive	1 pkt.	3 lbs.		4 to 6 in.	24 to 40 in.		
nnel	2 lbs.	3 103.		3 to 4 in.	12 to 24 in.		
rlic		4 lbs.	1 oz. to 5000	8 to 12 in.	24 to 36 in.		
ale	2 pkts.	4 lbs.	1 02. 10 3000	3 to 6 in.	24 to 30 in.		
ohl Rabi	2 pkts.			2 to 4 in.	12 to 42 in.		
ek	2 pkts.	4 lbs.		8 to 10 in.	12 to 18 in.		
ttuce, Head	2 pkts.	3 lbs.		2 to 3 ft.	6 to 8 ft.		
elon, Musk	1 pkt.	2 lbs.			6 to 8 ft.		
elon, Water	1 pkt.	4 lbs.		2 to 3 ft.			
ustard	2 pkts.	5 lbs.		4 to 8 in.	12 to 24 in.		
cra	2 pkts.	8 lbs.		18 to 24 in.	24 to 36 in.		
nion	3 pkts.	5 lbs.		2 to 4 in.	18 to 30 in.		
nion (for sets)		40 to 80 lbs.		Not thinned	12 to 14 in.		
arsley	2 pkts.	3 lbs.		3 to 4 in.	18 to 24 in.		
arsnip	2 pkts.	3 lbs.		3 to 6 in.	18 to 24 in.		
eas, Garden	1 carton	90 to 150 lbs.		1 to 3 in.	24 to 36 in.		
epper	1 pkt.	8 oz.	1 oz. to 1000	15 to 18 in.	18 to 30 in.		
ımpkin	1 pkt.	3 to 4 lbs.		3 to 4 ft.	8 to 12 ft.		
adish	2 pkts.	10 to 12 lbs.		1 to 2 in.	12 to 18 in.		
hubarb	1 pkt.	3 lbs.		18 to 24 in.	24 to 48 in.		
	2 pkts.	2 to 4 lbs.		6 to 8 in.	18 to 24 in.		
utabaga	1 pkt.	4 to 5 lbs.		6 to 12 in.	18 to 24 in.		
ige		8 lbs.		2 to 4 in.	18 to 24 in.		
alsify	2 pkts.	1 lb.		6 to 8 in.	18 to 24 in.		
avory, Summer	2 pkts.			2 to 4 in.	12 to 24 in.		
orrel	2 pkts.	5 lbs.		3 to 6 in.	12 to 18 in.		
oinach	2 pkts.	10 to 12 lbs.			3 to 4 ft.		
quash, Summer	1 pkt.	4 lbs.		2 to 3 ft.	6 to 9 ft.		
quash, Winter	1 pkt.	2 lbs.		3 to 4 ft.			
unflower	2 pkts.	8 lbs.		8 to 12 in.	3 to 6 ft.		
omato	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 3000	3 to 4 ft.	3 to 7 ft.		
obacco	1 pkt.	2 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	2 to 3 ft.	3 to 4 ft.		
urnip	2 pkts.	1 to 2 lbs.		3 to 4 in.	12 to 24 in.		

Number of Plants to the Acre at Given Distances

s. Apart	No. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plant
x 1 in		36 x 3 in	58,080
x 3 in	174,240	36 x 12 in	14,520
12 in	43,560	36 x 18 in	9,680
1 in	392,040	36 x 24 in	7,260
in	348,480	36 x 36 in	4,84
in	116,160	42 x 42 in	
a	29,040	42 x 24 in	
	19,360	42 x 36 in	
		48 x 12 in	10.89
		48 x 18 in	
	261,360	48 x 24 in	
	15,520	48 x 30 in	4.35
	10,890	48 x 36 in	
	209,088	48 x 48 in	
	34,848	60 x 36 in	
	17,424	60 x 48 in	
	13,068	60 x 60 in	
	10,454	8 x 1 ft	
	8,712	8 x 3 ft	1,81
	6,970	8 x 8 ft	

Dis. A	D	art	_	T	_	_	_	_	_	Т	_	-	_		_					N	lo.	Plants
10 x					_	7	_	_	_	•		_	_	_	_	_						4,356
10 x																						726
10 x 1	Õ	ft																				435
12 x	1	ft																				3,630
12 x																						736 302
12 x 1																						2.722
16 x																						170
16 x 1	16	ft													•			٠	٠	•	•	170

Approximate Number of Feet of Row Per Acre at Given Distances

Di	s. b	e	t	v	v	-6	-1	1	r	7	v	S		Ī								1	Ì	F	e	et	of row
10	in	Ť		Ť	_			-	-	_	_	_	_	_	7	_	_	_			_						29,010
10		٠	•	٠		•	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠		١		21,758
24	ın.										٠		٠			٠	•		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	• •	17 427
20																											11,72
47																											14,207
42	111.	•		•				٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	Ť		10,853
48	in.				. ,														٠			٠	٠	٠	٠	• •	. 10,000

Hints for planting vegetables

ARTICHOKE (True Artichoke, not Jerusalem Artichoke). Sow seed in March or April, giving young plants protection until danger of frost is past. In transplanting, set in rows about four feet apart and about two feet apart in the row. In mild climates plants produce a crop of buds the second year. Where winters are severe, protect the crown with a heavy mulch

ASPARAGUS. Soak the seed 24 hours before planting. Sow in rows about 18 inches apart, and 15 to 20 seeds to the foot. Cover two inches deep. Thin the young plants to about one inch apart. Hoe frequently. Set plants in permanent beds the following spring.

BUSH BEANS. Plant when all danger of frost is past. With the corner of the hoe, make rows about 18 inches apart and an inch and a half to two inches deep across the space you are going to plant. Drop the beans along the row about three or four inches apart. Cover with fine soil and press down firmly with the hoe. When the plants come up, thin them so that they stand about six inches apart.

POLE BEANS. Plant at about the same time as bush beans. Get poles four to eight feet long. Drive them into the ground in rows that are about three feet apart. Set the poles three feet apart in the row. Have the rows run north and south. Around each stake, plant five to eight beans about an inch and a half or two inches deep. Press the soil down firmly. When the plants come up, thin out all except the four strongest plants at the base of each pole. Train these to climb in one direction around the poles. Hoe around the plants often to keep the soil loosened.

BEETS. Plant beets about the same time as radishes and lettuce. Have the soil fine and loose. Make rows one-half to one inch deep and about 18 inches apart. Sow the seeds about an inch apart in the row. Coverwith soil, and press it down firmly. Keep the weeds out when the plants come up. As soon as the tops are five to eight inches tall, pull out some of them and cook them for greens. Keep thinning and using the young plants until the beet roots stand about four inches apart in the row.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. This vegetable can be grown wherever conditions are favorable for late cabbage. It requires the same culture.

CABBAGE. Set out both early and late cabbage as soon as there is no danger of frost. Have the rows two to three feet apart. Set the plants one to two feet apart in the row, depending upon variety.

CARDOON. The rows should be about four feet apart, and the plants two feet apart in the rows. Rich soil is necessary. The stalks require blanching, and the plant is raised much like celery.

CARROTS. Sow carrot seed as early as radishes and lettuce. Make the rows in the same way as for beets. Sow the seed thinly, letting it drop a little at a time from the corner of the packet. Cover the seed with one-fourth to one-half inch of soil and press it down firmly. When the plants are about two inches tall, thin them so that they will not crowd each other. Keep out the weeds. Hoe around the plants often to keep the soil loosened.

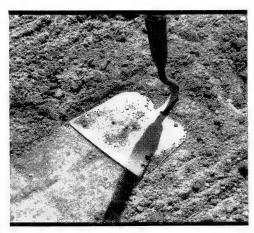
CAULIFLOWER. The same methods that produce good cabbage will produce good cauliflower. The only difference is that cauliflower heads must be protected



To measure distances between rows a yard stick is a great convenience



A trough-like furrow made with a square-sided stick is good for keeping small seeds in place, particularly if sown on a breezy day



After planting, press the soil down firmly with the flat of the hoe to bring the seeds into contact with the soil moisture and hasten germination

More hints for planting vegetables

from sunlight to make sure of the desirable white curd. Gather the tops of the leaves together loosely as soon as the heads begin to form. In shutting off the light, do not cramp the heads.



THINNING CARROTS—When the young plants are a few inches tall, thin them to stand one to three inches apart

CELERIAC. Sow seed at the same season and give the same treatment as celery. Transplant to moist, rich soil in rows two feet apart and six inches apart in the row. Give thorough culture. It is not necessary to earth up or "handle" the plants. When the roots are two inches in diameter, they are ready for use.

CELERY. Celery seed will sprout at comparatively low temperatures, but it needs constant and abundant moisture. The soil for starting plants should be fine and loose, and the seed must be covered only ½ inch deep. It takes about two weeks for seed to sprout. For fall and winter use in the North seed may be planted from March 15 to May 15. When seedlings have three or four leaves well started, prick out about three inches apart each way. Keep the soil moist and transplant to open ground when plants are 75 to 90 days old.



These carrots stand at about the right distance apart to allow each root to grow to full size without crowding

CHINESE CABBAGE. This vegetable is easily raised as a succession crop. The plants can be set out in the rows which have been occupied by earlier vegetables. Do not plant too early.

COLLARDS. Sow the seed thickly in rows in rich ground, transplanting when about four inches in height; or sow where the plants are to remain and when well-started thin to two or three feet apart in the row.

CORN. Plant when all danger of frost is past, and the ground is warm and dry. If planted in cold, wet soil, the kernels will rot. To plant in so-called "hills," make a shallow hole in the soil with the corner of the hoe and drop in six kernels. Cover with about two inches of fine soil and press down firmly. Have the "hills" about four feet apart and in rows about two and one-half feet apart. When the plants are six inches high, thin out all except three or four of the strongest in each hill. To plant in rows like beans or peas, make a shallow trench with the hoe, drop in the kernels three to four inches apart, and cover about two inches deep. When plants are well up, thin to six or eight inches apart.

CUCUMBER. Delay planting until all danger of frost is past. Soil should be warm, fairly moist, and loose. Seed must be covered about one inch deep. Plant in "hills," (see Corn), dropping eight or ten seeds to the hill. When six inches tall, thin, leaving three or four strong plants to a hill.

EGG PLANT. This semi-tropical fruit requires continuous warm weather for best results. The seed germinates slowly and should be started in a hotbed. Set the plants in the open ground when two inches tall if the weather continues warm. Shade young plants from hot sun and spray with paris green or arsenate of lead to protect from potato bugs.

ENDIVE. For early use sow seed in spring; for later supply sow in June or July. When well started, thin the plants eight inches to one foot apart in the row. When nearly grown, tie the outer leaves together over the center to blanch the heart of the plant. Two or three successive plantings during July will provide endive for winter use. Just before killing frosts in fall, dig the plants, being careful to take plenty of soil with the roots and to avoid injury to the leaves. Pack closely together and store in dark cellar.

KALE OR BORECOLE. Sow the seed one-fourth to one-half inch deep in rows two or three feet apart. When the plants come up, thin them so that they are from eight to twelve inches apart in the row.

KOHL RABI. As early in spring as possible, sow the seed in rows in light, rich soil. When plants are well established, thin three to six inches apart in the row. Plant at intervals of ten days for a succession of bulbs until hot weather, after which they fail to grow.

LEEK. Sow in rows early in spring, covering one-half inch deep. Thin the plants two to four inches apart in the row and draw the earth about them when cultivating. If you desire very white and tender leeks, transplant when about six inches tall, set four inches apart in trenches about two feet apart, and gradually earth up like celery.

Vegetable planting hints (continued)

LETTUCE. Sow lettuce seed as soon as the ground can be worked. Make rows the same as for carrots and beets. Sow the seed thinly, letting it run out slowly from the corner of the packet. Cover with about one-fourth to one-half inch of soil and press down firmly. If the plants of loose leaf lettuce look crowded when they come up, thin them a little. Thin head lettuce plants so that they stand about eight to ten inches apart in the row. Have the rows at least twelve inches apart. Lettuce does best when the weather is cool and moist.

MUSKMELON. In sections where summers are short, seed can be planted indoors or in hotbeds in small boxes. The young plants can be transferred to the garden when danger of frost is past. If practicable, spade in a liberal forkful of well-rotted manure at the bottom of each hill. The rows should be at least five feet apart, and the hills two to three feet apart in the rows. In general, the culture is the same as that for cucumber.

WATERMELON. Raising watermelons requires about the same culture as muskmelons except that the vines need more room. Hills should be liberally manured, and cultivation careful and thorough.

MUSTARD. Sow at the same time as radishes and lettuce. Make the rows in the same way. Sow the seed thinly and cover with one-fourth to one-half inch of soil. Press down firmly. When the plants are about two or three inches high, thin them so that they are four to eight inches apart in the row. Mustard plants make the best greens when they are given plenty of water so that they grow quickly.

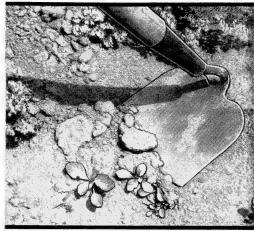
OKRA or **GUMBO**. Okra seed does not germinate well at cool temperatures, and planting should be delayed until the ground is warm. Drop four or five seeds to the foot and cover one-half to one inch deep. Thin to about two feet in the row and keep thoroughly cultivated.

ONION. Onion seed germinates well in cool weather. Plant as soon as the soil can be prepared. Shallow planting is advisable,—one-fourth to one-half inch. When a few inches tall, the young plants can be thinned to prevent crowding, and the plants removed can be used as green onions. After that, they can be pulled as needed, and those left to become fully ripe can be stored for winter.

PARSLEY. The seed is even slower to germinate than parsnip. It grows best in rich mellow soil and should be sown as early as possible in rows with a covering of not more than one-half inch of soil firmly pressed down. When the plants are well up, thin them to three to four inches apart in the row. As soon as those of the curled varieties are about three inches tall, cut off all the leaves; the new growth will be brighter and better curled. Every cutting will improve the quality of the leaves.

PARSNIP. Parsnips grow best in loose, rich, sandy loam but will make good roots in any soil that is reasonably rich and deep. Stony soil and raw manure are likely to produce branched or misshapen roots. The seed requires steady abundant moisture for germination and should be sown as early as practicable. Sow in rows and when well up thin three to six inches apart in the row. Keep the ground moist if possible. Parsnips are improved by freezing, and a portion of the crop can be left in the ground all winter to be dug in spring when the ground has thawed.

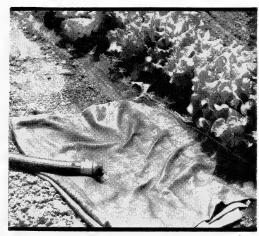
PEAS. Peas need moderate temperature, plenty of moisture, and long daylight hours. They are not injured by light frosts and may be planted as early in spring as the soil will permit. By planting some of several varieties at the same time, a well-arranged succession can be obtained, extending over a period of 30 days. Successive plantings of a desirable variety will also provide a succession, but this cannot be extended over as long a period with good results. All varieties more than one and one-half feet tall do better if staked up or otherwise supported when four to six inches tall. Use sharpened branches of trees set between the double rows.



As soon as weeds show up between the garden rows, get after them with the hoe. It saves a great deal of time and energy to destroy them before roots get tough



Hand weeding in the row is necessary while plants are small. Be careful not to disturb the plant roots



When moisture is needed, let the water trickle along close to the roots. Rest the hose nozzle on an old blanket or piece of sacking to spread the water more evenly

Vegetable planting hints (concluded)



The "tepee" is a practical arrangement for staking tomato plants—one plant to each stake



In insect control, spray both upper and under sides of leaves



Cut the leaves of swiss chard when they are not more than ten to twelve inches long. Let the small center leaves continue to grow until they, too, are of good size. By this method you will always have crisp young greens from summer through fall

PEPPERS. Culture, soil, and temperature requirements for peppers are about the same as for eggplant. A moderate dressing of guano, poultry manure, or complete commercial fertilizer hoed into the soil after the plants are six to eight inches tall will be beneficial.

PUMPKIN. Pumpkins are less sensitive to unfavorable conditions of soil and weather than melons or cucumbers, but they are cultivated in about the same way.

RADISH. Sow radish seed as early as the ground can be worked. Make the rows in the same way as for lettuce, beets, and carrots. Sow the seed thinly, and cover with one-half to one inch of soil. If the plants seem crowded when they come up, thin them to stand about an inch apart. Radishes will be crisp and tender if they grow quickly and have plenty of moisture.

RHUBARB. Sow seed in rows an inch deep and thin the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant to a permanent location, setting the plants three to four feet apart. The stalks should not be taken for use the first year.

ROQUETTE. In early spring, sow the seed in shallow rows about 16 in. apart, and for succession sow every few weeks. Water freely. The young leaves are ready for cutting when plants are eight to ten inches tall.

RUTABAGA. This vegetable requires a longer growing season than turnip and needs more moisture. Seed may be sown from mid-June to mid-July. Culture is practically the same as for turnip except that the plants should be thinned to six or eight inches apart in the rows. When grown, pull, top, and store in cool cellar or pit.

SALSIFY or **VEGETABLE OYSTER**. Sow seed early one-half to one inch deep, giving about the same culture as for parsnip. Succeeds best in light, rich soil that has been stirred quite deeply.

SORREL. Sow in rows early in spring and thin the seedlings to six or eight inches apart in the row. Cutting may begin in about two months, and the plants will continue in full bearing from three to four years.

SPINACH. Plant seed as early in spring as ground can be prepared. Have the soil fine and loose. Make the rows about 12 inches apart. Sow the seed thinly, and cover with about an inch of soil. Press down firmly. When the plants are about three inches tall, thin them so that they are three to six inches apart in the row. Keep out the weeds.

SQUASH. Plant about the same time as corn, when the ground is warm and dry. For summer squash make "hills" (see Corn), two to three feet apart; for winter squash, three to four feet apart. Drop six to eight seeds in each hill. Cover with about one to one and one-half inch of fine soil, and press down firmly. When the plants are up, thin them so that only three or four of the strongest ones are left in each hill. Well rotted manure or a little complete fertilizer may be mixed with the soil in each hill before the seeds are planted.

SWISS CHARD. Plant at about the same time as lettuce and radish. Make the rows in the same way, and about 18 inches apart. Sow the seeds about one inch apart in the row, and cover with one-half to one inch of soil. When the plants are three or four inches high, thin them so that they are eight or ten inches apart in the row. Hoe the plants often, and keep out the weeds.

TOMATO. Set out tomato plants when the weather is warm and sunny, and there is no danger of frost. Set the plants three or four feet apart each way so that they will have plenty of room. Water around the roots of the plants when setting them out if the ground is dry. Hoe often until the plants are quite large.

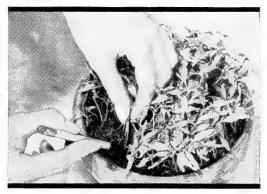
TURNIP. For summer turnips, sow the seed as early as that of radishes and lettuce. Scatter the seed, or sow it in rows like those of radishes and lettuce. Cover the seed with about half an inch of soil. For fall and winter turnips, sow the seed in July in the same way.

How to start tomato plants in pots indoors

One of the best ways to make sure of having tomatoes of your favorite variety is to grow the plants yourself from seed. For a small, or even medium size garden, enough plants can be started in a ten-inch pot to provide a good supply. Follow directions on this page for starting seed and on page 2 for transplanting.



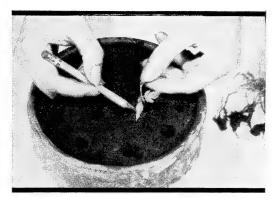
Fill a clay pot with fine soil to within ½ inch of top. Shake seed from the packet as evenly as possible over the surface



Transplant to other pots when second pair of leaves appear. Lift seedlings carefully with pencil or knife blade



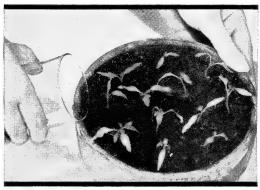
Scatter fine soil over seed to a depth of about ¼ inch. Firm the soil with flat of hand



Make holes large enough to receive roots without cramping. Firm soil around roots of each seedling, using pencil or fingers



Cut several layers of paper to fit top of pot. Keep well soaked with water. Lift the paper every day or so, and remove it as soon as seedlings begin to sprout



Water well after transplanting, keep in shade a few days, then set in sunny window to grow until ready to plant outdoors

Quick-reference chart for vitamins in vegetables fresh from your garden

Prepared from material furnished by Michigan State College and Cornell University (N. Y.)

Excellent sources of vitamin A (important for promotion of bodily health and vigor and resistance to infection):

Green Snap Beans Green Sprouting Broccoli Raw Green Cabbage Chinese Cabbage Carrots Green Celery Swiss Chard Collards Dandelion Greens
Tomato
Pumpkin
Garden Cress
Escarolle
(Broad Leaved
Batavian Endive)
Kale

Green Lettuce
Parsley
Peas
Green and Red
Peppers
Spinach
Squash
Turnip Greens
Beet Greens
Mustard Greens

Excellent sources of vitamin C (important for promotion of proper growth, especially in children, and for anti-scurvy):

Brussels Sprouts Raw Cabbage' Cauliflower Chinese Cabbage Collards

Kohl Rabi Parsley Green Peas Green & Red Peppers Radish Dandelion Greens Rutabaga Spinach Tomato Turnip Turnip Greens Mustard Greens

Excellent sources of vitamins B and G (important for stimulation of appetite and digestion):

Green Snap Beans Green Sprouting Broccoli Cabbage Carrots Collards Beet Greens Kale Lettuce Peas Radish Dandelion Greens Spinach Tomato Turnip Turnip Greens Mustard Greens

Especially valuable in the diet because high in most of the important vitamins:

Raw Cabbage Green Snap Beans Green Sprouting Broccoli Carrots

Kale Green Lettuce Peas

Collards

Spinach Tomato Turnip Greens Dandelion Greens Mustard Greens

For the junior gardeners in your home.....

A plan for a vegetable and flower garden

BACK OF GARDEN

Radish

Leaf lettuce

P in.

Carrot

Swiss chard

Bush Beans

Lilliput Zinnias

Dwarf Marigolds

P in.

9 in.

1 ft.

A garden of this size (4 feet wide by 6 feet long) will give a world of pleasure to boys and girls between the ages of six and twelve. The vegetables and flowers suggested are easy to grow and easy to care for.

With very little help, a boy or girl can lay out this simple garden using a ruler or yardstick for spacing and to make the rows straight leaving the number of inches indicated between rows. Each packet gives clear directions for planting. Varieties of vegetables and flowers in your nearby Ferry's Seed display are suitable for this garden. All varieties carried by your Ferry's Seed dealer are selected for your locality.



With the right help and encouragement, youngsters get a thrill out of gardens of their very own

Fresh ways to prepare vegetables fresh from your garden

If interested in other suggestions, send for folder "21 Ways to Enjoy the Vegetables You Grow"

CARROTS WITH HERBS

Split 12 to 15 small or medium-size carrots in half lengthwise and parboil in boiling salted water 5 to 8 minutes. Butter a shallow casserole. Chop or cut fine 2 tablespoons mixed fresh herbs—basil, summer savory parsley, and chives. Spread one tablespoon herbs over bottom of dish and lay the carrots flat side down on them. Sprinkle remaining herbs evenly over top of carrots, and salt and pepper lightly. Dot generously with butter or a substitute, and sprinkle one tablespoon sugar over all. Pour ½ cup hot water into dish, being careful not to displace the herbs. Bake in a moderate oven (350°) about 15 minutes, or until carrots are tender. Serves 4 to 6, depending upon size of carrots.

FRIED "OYSTERS" (salsify or vegetable oyster)

Wash and brush or scrape roots and cut crosswise into quarter-inch slices. Cook in boiling salted water until tender, then mash with potato masher. Mix and beat thoroughly 2 cups mashed salsify, 2 well beaten eggs, ½8 teaspoon pepper, ½2 teaspoon salt. Form into flat cakes about the size of large oysters, roll in crumbs and fry in butter or other fat in hot skillet. Makes 12 goodsized oysters.

VITAMIN SALAD

1 cup diced celery
½ cup diced green pepper
1 tablespoon chopped chives or onion
1 cup grated raw carrot
2 cups shredded cabbage
2 cups cottage cheese

Combine cottage cheese with celery, green pepper, chives and carrots. Salt to taste. Use light cream to thin the mixture if needed. Arrange shredded cabbage on salad plate. Place a mound of the mixture in center. Serve plain or top with French dressing. Serves 6.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS WITH BUTTER SAUCE

Wash one quart of sprouts and take off all dead or loose leaves. Place in a small amount of boiling salted water and cook just long enough to make them tender—usually not more than 10 minutes. They should be of fresh green color and **never** soft or mushy. Melt 2 tablespoons butter or substitute, add one tablespoon chopped parsley, and the juice of a lemon. Pour over sprouts just before serving. Serves 6.

RED CABBAGE, DUTCH STYLE

Cut into small pieces a small white onion and fry in 3 tablespoons butter or substitute in a deep saucepan. When golden brown add a cup of hot water. Add a medium sized tart apple which has been peeled, cored,

and cut into small pieces, and a small red cabbage, shredded or chopped. Mix well, cover, and simmer about 15 minutes. Mix $\frac{1}{4}$ cup vinegar with a tablespoon brown sugar, $\frac{1}{8}$ teaspoon powdered allspice and three cloves. Add to the cabbage and cook 5 minutes longer. A few caraway seeds give an additionally fine flavor. Serve very hot. Serves 4 to 6.

BAKED STUFFED TOMATOES

Use firm tomatoes, such as Marglobe or Rutgers. Remove a slice from the top of each and scoop out the center. Mix the pulp with chopped cooked meat and a small amount of bread crumbs or cooked rice. Add a bit of finely chopped onion if liked. Chopped celery leaves or celery salt also add flavor. Season to taste with salt and pepper. Fill centers and place tomatoes in shallow pan with enough hot water to cover bottom. Bake in a moderate oven (350°) 20 to 30 minutes.

SPINACH NESTS

Delicious for lunch or dinner. Cook for 10 or 15 minutes two quarts well washed spinach using only the moisture that clings to the leaves. Chop and season well with pepper, salt, and a little butter. Butter individual casseroles or custard cups, place a border of spinach in each to make a "nest," and break an egg into each. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, drop a dab of butter on each, and pour in one or 2 tablespoons of cream. Sprinkle grated cheese on top if you like it. Bake in moderate oven until egg is set. Serve in baking dishes. Serves 6 or 8.

CAULIFLOWER GREENS

The outer leaves of cauliflower make excellent greens when washed, cut into small pieces, and boiled or steamed. Season with butter, pepper, and salt and serve alone or with the cooked cauliflower head.

PANNED CHINESE CABBAGE

Shred Chinese cabbage fine, adding one tablespoon butter or a substitute for each cup. Melt butter or substitute in heavy skillet, add the cabbage, cover, and cook 5 to 15 minutes, stirring frequently to prevent browning. Chinese cabbage is very tender and needs only short cooking. When thoroughly heated through, season to taste with salt, pepper, and 2 tablespoons cream, rich milk, meat broth, or vegetable stock, to a pint of cabbage. Serve at once. Two cups serve 4.

SALAD SUPERB

Toss together shredded head lettuce and leaves of cos or leaf lettuce. Mix with French dressing made with the best oil. Throw in a few sprigs of water cress or peppergrass. Crumble Roquefort cheese over the top.

Flowers grouped for special uses

Easiest to Grow For Backgrounds Under Ordinary **Garden Conditions**

Alyssum, Sweet Bachelor Button Calendula California Poppy Candytuft, Annual Chrysanthemum, Annual Coreopsis Cosmos Four o'clock Gaillardia Marigold Nasturtium Poppy. Annual Portulaça

Snow-on-the-moun-

Sunflower, Ornamen-

For Fragrance

tal

Zinnia

Abronia Alvssum, Sweet Candytuft Carnation Centaurea imperialis Heliotrope Hesperis matronalis Lavender Lilium regale Matthiola Mignonette Nicotiana Petunia Primula Scabiosa Stock Sweet Pea Sweet William Verbena

For Edgings

Ageratum Alyssum, Sweet English Daisy Heuchera (Coral Bells) Linaria Lobelia Marigold, Dwarf Nemesia Petunia, Dwarf Portulaca Verbena Viola

Cleome Delphinium Hollvhock Larkspur, Super Majestic Poppy, Oriental Hardy Red Sidalcea Sunflower, Ornamental Tithonia

For Winter Bouauets

Acroclinium Chinese Lantern Cockscomb Gypsophila paniculata Helichrysum Lunaria Statice

For Semi-Shade

Anchusa italica Bachelor Button Balsam Centaurea imperialis Clarkia Coleus Columbine English Daisy Forget-me-not Geum Godetia Linaria Lupin Mignonette Nasturtium Pansy Platycodon Sweet William Viola

For Window and Porch Boxes

Ageratum Bachelor Button, Jubilee Gem Candytuft Cobaea scandens Coleus Heliotrope Lantana Lobelia Marigold, Dwarf Mignonette Morning Glory Nasturtium, Ďwarf Nierembergia Pansy Petunia Phlox drummondi Snapdragon, Giant Bedding Thunbergia Verbena Vinca

For Rock Gardens, Annuals

Abronia African Daisy Alyssum, Sweet Brachycome Ice Plant Linaria Lobelia Phlox drummondi Portulaça Schizanthus Thunbergia Scarlet Flax Statice Verbena Virginian Stock

For Rock Gardens. Perennials

Alyssum, Hardy

Arabis Armeria Asclepias tuberosa Aubrietia Callirhoe Campanula carpatica Cerastium tomentosum Cheiranthus (biennial) Columbine Dianthus deltoides Dianthus plumarius English Daisy Forget-me-not Gypsophila paniculata Heuchera (Coral Bells) Iceland Poppy Linum Nierembergia Platycodon Primula, Hardy Ranunculus Thermopsis Viola

Vines for Screening and Ornament

Australian Pea Vine Cardinal Climber Cobaea scandens Cypress Vine Gourd Humulus japonicus Kudzu Vine Momordica Moon Flower Morning Glory Perennial Sweet Pea Scarlet Runner Bean Sweet Pea Thunbergia

For Withstanding Drought

Abronia

Achillea

Ageratum

African Daisy

Alyssum, Carpet of Snow Arctotis Armeria. Asclepias tuberosa Brachycome Callionsis Campanula pyramidalis Candytuft Chinese Forget-menot Coreopsis Cosmos Four o'clock Hollyhock Ice Plant Joseph's Coat Kudzu Vine Lavender Petunia Portulaça Snow-on-themountain Statice Sunflower. Ornamental Tithonia Verbena Vinca Zinnia

For Cut Flowers

Aster Bachelor Button Calendula Calliopsis Carnation Chrysanthemum Clarkia Coreopsis Cosmos Delphinium Gaillardia Godetia Gypsophila Larkspur Marigold Nasturtium Painted Daisy Pinks Rudbeckia Salpiglossis Scabiosa Shasta Daisy Snapdragon Stocks Stokesia Sweet Pea Sweet William Zinnia

For Early Bloom

Alyssum, Hardy Arabis Aubrietia Calendula Campanula carpatica Cerastium Columbine Coreopsis Delphinium English Daisy Foxglove Gaillardia grandiflora Painted Daisy Pansy Primula veris Ranunculus Sweet William Viola

For Midsummer Bloom

Achillea

African Daisy (Dimorphotheca) Ageratum Brachycome California Poppy Calliopsis Cleome Coreopsis Gaillardia picta Hollvhock Larkspur Lobelia Nasturtium Perennial Sweet Pea Petunia Phlox drummondi Poppy Scabiosa Shasta Daisy Verbena Vinca Viola

For Late Bloom

Zinnia

Alvssum, Sweet Aster Bachelor Button Calendula Celosia Coreopsis Cosmos Dahlia Gaillardia Globe Amaranth Hunnemannia Marigold Pansy Salvia Snapdragon Vinca Viola

Zinnia

CUTHBERTSON SWEET PEAS

the most outstanding development in the modern world of flowers



This new type of a well-loved flower, developed and introduced by us in 1947, has definitely passed the experimental stage. Ever since home gardeners have had a chance to grow the Cuthbertson type, letters have come from every part of the country, telling of their success and pleasure in raising these outstanding sweet peas. A group of these letters has now been compiled in folder form, "Cuthbertson Sweet Peas and How They Grow." Copies can be had for the asking. Turn to page 29 of this Guide for a list of lovely shades and tints and their fascinating names. All of them can be secured through your local Ferry's Seed dealer. If he happens to be temporarily out of them, he will order for you.

For planting time in various parts of the country, see page 16.

Flower facts at your finger tips

Make several sowings of Annual Gypsophila (Baby's Breath) to combine with other flowers in bouquets all summer and fall.

*

For that "something blue," so desirable in flower border or arrangement, consider Bachelor Button Double Blue, Blue Lace Flower, Lupin Hartwegii (Annual Lupin), Anchusa, and Chinese Forget-me-not.

*

Sow seeds of perennials at the same time as annuals. An early start gives the plants a chance to become strong and healthy for bloom the next year.

*

Try out some of the newer flower varieties in your vegetable garden rows before admitting them to the flower border. Then you'll know their

habits and where they will grow and look best.

*

Most flowers need sunlight the greater part of the day.

*

Cut back the alyssum border frequently if you want continuous bloom and neat plants all summer and fall.

*

Giant Pink Queen Cleome makes a pretty driveway border.

*

If you are a beginner, stick to the easy-to-grow annual flowers. Bachelor Button, Cosmos, Gaillardia, Marigold, Nasturtium, Poppy, and Zinnia are among those almost sure to succeed.

*

Do you need a foundation planting or a bushy hedge in a hurry? Try Four o'clock or Kochia. Either will serve you well until frost.

*

Never use rich soil in which to grow nasturtiums you're likely to get too much foliage and too few blossoms.



Be sure to use wilt-resistant strains of aster. East side of a building is an ideal spot for growing them; then they get a bit of shade during the day.

Don't hesitate to thin your annual flowers when the plants are a few inches tall. Each individual plant must have plenty of room to grow and spread if you want lots of flowers.

*

Zinnias stand heat well, but they like a lot of moisture at their roots.

*

Mix fine flower seeds with sand before sowing—it saves much thinning.

*

You'll get earlier flowers and better results with Ageratum, Lobelia, and Petunia in the northern states if you start the seed indoors and set the young plants outdoors when the weather warms up.

*

Sow seed of Larkspur and Annual Poppy where the plants are to bloom. They usually don't like transplanting.

*

Portulaca seed won't germinate before the ground warms up, no matter when you plant it.

*

When to Plant Sweet Peas

Sweet Pea seed should be sown when the weather is very cool. Here is the schedule for the new Cuthbertson type so popular over the country:

California—October to early January for spring and summer bloom.

Pacific Northwest-March or April

Southwest, Southern Texas, and Southern Florida—September or October

Lower Southern States (Texas to Atlantic Seaboard) November, December, January

Balance of the Country—February to about April 1, just as soon as the soil can be worked.

Ferry-Morse flower seeds for better home gardens

If your dealer's display doesn't contain all varieties you want at the time of your call, he will gladly order at your request

We give no warranty, express or implied, as to the productiveness of any seeds or bulbs we sell and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Our liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price of the seeds or bulbs.

Ferry-Morse Seed Co.

KEY TO SYMBOLS

h-Hardy; resists low temperatures

hh-Half-hardy; needs protection where temperatures are low

t—Tender; will not endure frost

A-Annual; lives only one season

B-Biennial; lives two seasons, often blooms second year only

P-Perennial; tends to live from year to year

(For frost dates and when to plant see pages 3 and 5)

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Abronia umbel- lata grandiflora	Sand Verbena	h-A	6 in.	Rosy lilac. Trailing. Rock gardens and window boxes. Thrives in rather poor soil pkt. 15c
Achillea ptarmica, The Pearl	Sneezewort; Yarrow	h-P	2 ft.	Double satin-white flowers. Blooms long season. Needs sun pkt. 15c
Acroclinium, Double Mixed	Helipterum	hh-A	15 in.	Mixed colors. Cut when in bud for winter bouquets pkt. 15c
African Daisy, Hybrids	Dimorphotheca	h-A	12 in.	Shades of yellow, orange, and apricot. Blooms profusely for long season. Good rock garden plant pkt. 15c
Ageratum, Dwarf Blue Bedder	Floss Flower	h-A	4 in.	Compact plants with large clusters of deep, rich lavender-blue flowers Ideal for edging. A Ferry-Morse development pkt. 15c
Ageratum, Midget Blue	u u	h-A	4 in.	The finest variety for neat edgings. All-America Award pkt. 15c
Alyssum (Sweet), Carpet of Snow	Alyssum procumbens	h-A	4 in.	White. One of the best edging plants. Fragrant. Masses of flowers pkt. 10c
Alyssum (Sweet), Little Gem	Alyssum compactum erectum	h-A	6 in.	White. Edging plant. Fragrant pkt. 10c
Alyssum (Sweet), Violet Queen	Alyssum compactum erectum	h-A	6 in.	Rich violet. Retains color throughout season. Perfect edging plant pkt. 10c
Alyssum, Hardy	Alyssum saxatile com- pactum; Basket of Gold	h-P	9 in.	Brilliant yellow. Rock garden and front of border. Blooms with tulips pkt. 15c
Anagallis grandi- flora, Blue	Pimpernel	h-A	8 in.	Clear, deep blue. Bushy plants. Useful edging or rock garden plant pkt. 15c
Anchusa capensis, Bluebird	Summer Forget-me- not	h-A	2 ft.	Clear, bright blue, white eye. Rough, hairy stalks and foliage. Flowers larger and color more intense than forget-me-nots pkt. 15c
Anchusa italica, Dropmore	Summer Forget-me- not	h-P	3 ft.	Deep gentian blue flowers in drooping sprays. Does well in dry location. Prefers partial shade. Long blooming pkt. 15c
Arabis alpina	Rock Cress	h-P	6 in.	Pure white. Easy to grow. Likes sun. Showy for edging or rock garden pkt. 10c
Arctotis, Large Flowered Hybrids	Blue-eyed African Daisy	h-A	1 ft.	Attractive blend of colors. Fine for low borders pkt. 25c
Armeria formosa Hybrids	**	h-P	18 in.	Globe-like blossoms ranging in shade from delicate to deep rose. Does well in poor soil pkt. 25c
Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly Flower; Butterfly Weed	h-P	2 ft.	Gorgeous orange-red. Attractive for bouquets. Needs sun and well drained soil pkt. 25c
Aster, Double American Beauty Mixed (Wilt Resistant)	Callistephus; China Aster	h-A	2⅓ ft.	Well blended colors. Flowers similar to American Branching, but larger; blooms two weeks later pkt. 15c
Aster, Double American Branching (Wilt Resistant)	u u	h-A	2 ft.	White (BALL'S WHITE); Pink (PEERLESS PINK); Rose; Lavender; Purple; Rose Pink (ROSALIE); Ruby Red (HEART OF FRANCE); and Mixed. Fully double. Very regular and symmetrical. Bloom same time as Crego. Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c Mixed: pkt. 19c
Aster, Double Early Royal Mixed (Wilt Resistant)	и и	h-A	2 ft.	Fine blend of colors. Very early. Free blooming. One of best for northern sections pkt. 15c

This insignia appears on all packets

	ı .	1 0	- C	DUE!
Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Aster, Double Giants of California	Callistephus; China Aster	h-A	2½ ft.	Separate colors: Lavender; Peach Blossom; Purple; Rose; White; Mixed. Same type as Crego but larger flowered. Plant only where season is long Each: pkt. 25c
Aster, Giant Cal- ifornia Sun- shine, Mixed	et et	h-A	2⅓ ft.	Fine blend of colors. Taller and larger flowered than old Sunshine type. For mild climates pkt. 25c
Aster, Giant Crego (Wilt Resistant)	и и	h-A	2 ft.	Crimson; Lavender; Lilac (CATTLEYA); Purple, Rose-pink; Shell- pink (PEACH, BLOSSOM); White; and Mixed. Shaggy twisted petals Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c; Mixed: pkt. 10c
Aster, Double King Mixed (Wilt Resistant)	и и	h-A	2 ft.	Splendid blend of colors. Narrow quilled petals. Long stems. Blooms before most late varieties pkt. 15c
Aster, Imbricated Pompon Mixed	α μ	h-A	15 in.	Pretty colors. Erect habit. Small pompon flowers. Fine for cutting pkt. 25c
Aster, Single Chinensis Mixed (Wilt Resistant)	u u	h-A	2 ft.	Soft and vivid colors. Somewhat like Shasta Daisy in form pkt. 15c
Aster, Single Perennial Mixed	Michaelmas Daisy	h-P	3 ft.	Soft and vivid colors. Blooms in autumn. Single, daisy-like flowers in great quantities pkt. 25c
Aubrietia bougain- villei, Dark Blue	Purple Rockcress	h-P	6 in.	Bluish purple flowers. Silvery green foliage. Dainty rock garden plant. Blooms early pkt. 25c
Australian Pea Vine	Dolichos lignosus	t-P	12 ft.	Rosy flowers; purplish pods. Does well only in mild climates. Dense growth in one season. Climbs pkt. 15c
Bachelor Button	Centaurea cyanus; Ragged Sailor Cornflower	h-A	2 ft.	Fully double blossoms. Fine for cutting. Long blooming. Rose (PINKIE); White (SNOWMAN) Deep blue (BLUE BOY); Bright crimson (RED BOY); Mixed; Each: pkt. 10c
Bachelor Button, Jubilee Gem	Centaurea cyanus; Dwarf Cornflower	h-A	12 in.	Blue. Attractive edging plant, compact and tidy. Dwarf form of Bachelor Button, Blue pkt. 10c
Balsam, Bush Double Fireball	Northern Gardenia	h-A	14 in.	Cherry with vermilion cast pkt. 25c
Balsam, Bush Double Rosy White	u u	h-A	14 in.	White with faint flush of pink. New improved strain. Early. Many flowers pkt. 25c
Balsam, Bush Double White	uu	h-A	16 in.	Pure white. Taller growing than other Bush Balsams pkt. 25c
Balsam, Bush Double Mixed	u	h-A	14 in.	Fine blend of colors. Attractive for bouquets pkt. 15c
Balsam, Double Tall Mixed	Lady's Slipper; Touch-me-not	h-A	18 in.	Blending shades of pink and rose. Fine cut flower. Long blooming season pkt. 15c
Blue Lace Flower	Didiscus coeruleus	h-A	2½ ft.	Blue. Unusually good for cutting pkt. 10c
Brachycome, Mixed	Swan-river-daisy	h-A	10 in.	Rich assortment of colors. Fine rock garden plant. Start seed early in- doors pkt. 15c
Calendula, Ball's Gold	Pot Marigold	h-A	18 in.	Golden yellow. Extra size. Long stems. Extreme vigor. Ideal for forcing pkt. 15c
Calendula, Ball's Orange Im- proved	u u	h-A	18 in.	Rich deep orange. Larger flowered, longer stemmed, and lighter colored than Orange King. Does not endure hot weather pkt. 15c
Calendula Camp- fire (Sensation)	u u	h-A	18 in.	Large brilliant orange flowers pkt. 15c
Calendula, Gold (Lemon Queen)	u u	h-A	18 in.	Golden yellow. Long stems for cutting. Effective with blue larkspur pkt. 10c
Calendula, Orange King	u u	h-A	18 in.	Deep orange. Very suitable for garden use pkt. 10c
61 11 5				

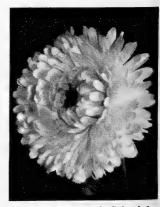


18 in.

Rich orange. Bristling quilled petals

Calendula, Radio

A field of Calendula being grown for seed on one of Ferry-Morse Seed Co.'s California ranches



pkt. 15c

A perfect flower of Calendula, Gold

containing Ferry-Morse introductions



California Poppy, Little Beauty, will add a note of sunshine to your border or rock garden



Cleome, Giant Pink Queen, attractive tall annual, blooms abundantly (See page 20)

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Calendula, Sunshine	Calendula chrysantha	h-A	18 in.	Bright golden yellow chrysanthemum-shaped flowers. Long stems for cutting pkt. 15c
Calendula, Double Mixed	Pot Marigold	h-A	18 in.	Brilliant hues, well blended pkt. 10c
California Native Flowers		h-A	6 in. to 2 ft.	General mixture of annual wild flower varieties suitable for mild climates pkt. 15c
California Poppy, Extra Golden	Eschscholtzia califor- nica	h-A	12 in.	Golden orange. Good in foreground of border pkt. 10c
California Poppy, Mixed	Eschscholtzia califor- nica	h-A	12 in.	Delightful combination of vivid colors pkt. 10c
California Poppy, Little Beauty	Eschscholtzia pulchella	hh-A	6 to 8 in.	Dainty California wild flower. Cup-shaped light yellow blossoms. Attractive in the rock garden or as edging plant. Does well in poor light soil pkt. 25c
Calliopsis, All-Double Mixed	Annual Coreopsis	h-A	3 ft.	Flowers 1 to 1½ in. across in delightful combinations of yellow, orange, maroon, crimson, mahogany. Practically all double pkt. 10c
Callirhoe involucrata	Winecup; Poppy- mallow	h-P	1 ft.	Large, bright rosy-crimson, cup-shaped flowers. Trailing plants. Excellent for dry sunny spots, rock gardens, wall gardens, dry banks pkt. 50c
Campanula carpatica Blue	Harebell	h-P	8 in.	Blue. Dainty bell flowers over rosette of heart-shaped leaves. Gem for rock garden and low border pkt. 10c
Campanula pyramidalis	Chimney Bellflower	h-P	5 ft.	Blue. Long spikes packed with starry bells. Does well in warm dry location pkt. 15c
Candytuft, Giant Hyacinth Flowered	Iberis	h-A	1 ft.	White. For low borders and bedding. Large flower spikes pkt. 10c
Candytuft, Umbellata		h-A	12 in.	Compact plants with flat clusters of small florets. Lilac; Purple; Rose (ROSE CARDINAL); and Mixed Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c; Mixed: pkt. 10c
Canna, Finest Large Flowering Mixed	Canna	t-P	3 ft.	Gorgeous hues. Seeds very hard; notch or file before planting pkt. 15c
Canterbury Bell, Annual Single Mixed	Campanula medium	h-A	2 ft.	Large pendant bells in shades of blue, pink, white. Good border subject pkt. 15c
Canterbury Bell, Cup and Saucer Mixed	Campanula calycanthema	h-B	2 ft.	Blue, pink, and white cup-shaped flowers, each surrounded by saucer-like calyx. Fine border subject pkt. 10c
Canterbury Bell, Single Mixed	Campanula medium	h-B	2 ft.	Blue, pink, and white. Branching plant with large pendant bells. Good border subject pkt. 10c
Cardinal Climber	I pomoea quamoclit	h-A	15 ft.	Fiery red. Dainty trellis climber for warm, sunny location pkt. 15c
Carnation, Chabaud Giant	Dianthus caryophyllus; Clove Pink	hh-P used as annual	18 in.	Cardinal Red; Salmon; Deep Rose; Yellow; White; and Mixed. Large double flowers six months after seeding. Good cut flower. Separate colors, each: pkt. 25c; Mixed: pkt. 15c
Carnation, Enfant de Nice Mixed	u u	hh-P used as annual	18 in.	Good blend of colors. Similar to Chabaud Giant, but slightly larger flowered and petals broader pkt. 50c

The Ferry display contains many varieties;

Castor Bean, Mixed Castor					
Castor Bean, Mixed Castor	Name on Packet		"Key to	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Celosia, Dwarf Fiery Feather Celosia, Tall Feathered Mixed Centaurea gymnocarpa Centaurea gymnocarpa Corastium fromentosum Cheiranthus Siberian Wallflower Cheiranthus allioni Chinese Borget- menot, Firma- ment Chinese Lanterm Mixed Chinese Lanterm Chinese Lanterm Mixed Chinese Lanterm Chinese Lanter Chrysanthemum, Single Annual, Merry Mixture Clineraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Samnou Clarkia, Double Clarkia, Double Samnou Clarkia, Double Clarkia, Double Samnou Samnou Clarkia, Double Samnou Supplied Clarkia, Double Samnou Suplied Clarkia, Double Samnou Suplied Clarkia, Double Samnou Suplied	Castor Bean, Zanzibariensis	Ricinus	used as	10 ft.	Huge leaves brilliant green to lustrous bronze. For quick shrub effects pkt. 150
Celosia, Dwarf Fiery Feather Gelosia, Tall Feathered Mixed Centaurea Symmocarpa Gentaurea Imperialis Cerastium tomentosum Cheiranthus allioni Chinese Lantern Chinese Lantern Chrysanchemum, Single Annual Merry Mixture Generatia, Large Flowered Mixed Caratia, Double Samon Clarkia, Double Samon Coeposis, May- réglo Claim Sperid Claim Coeposis, May- réglo Claim Coeposis, May- réglo Claim Coeposis, May- réglo Claim Coeposis Inaceolata grandifora Coreopsis Inaceolata grandifora Coreopsis Inaceolata grandifora Coreopsis Inaceolata grandifora Coreopsis	Castor Bean, Mixed	Ricinus	t-P used as	8 ft.	Leaves of varying colors. Temporary hedge, screen, or background planting $$\operatorname{\textbf{pat.}}\ 10c$
Colaria. Tall reathered Mixed Centaurea gymnocarpa Gentaurea Imperialis Sweet Sultan h.A 2½ ft. Silvery gray, deeply cut foliage. Ornamental border plant pkt Gentaurea Imperialis Sweet Sultan h.A 2½ ft. Gentaurea Imperialis Cerastium tomentosum Cheiranthus allioni Chinese Groget-me-not, Firmament Chinese Lantern Chinese Lantern Chrysanthemum, Single Annual Chrysanthemum, Single Annual Chrysanthemum Imperialis Chrysanthemum, Single Annual Chrysanthemum, Single Annual Chrysanthemum Imperialis Chrysanthemum, Single Annual Chrysanthemum Imperialis Cileraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Saimon Saimon Clarkia, Double Saimon Cla		Celosia plumosa		12 in.	Glowing red. Neat edging plant of uniform growth. Plume-like flowers
Centaurea gymnocarpa Gentaurea Imperialis Sweet Sultan Sweet Sultan Sweet Sultan Some Some Some Sultan Some Some Soultan Some Some Soultan Some Some Sultan Some Soultan Soult State Soultan Soult Silve Soultan Soult Silve Soultan Soult Silve Soultan	Celosia, Tall	u u	h-A	3 ft.	
Genaturea Imperialis Sweet Sultan h-A 23/4 ft. Grastium tomentosun Cheirantchus Chleirantchus Calineise Fordet- me-not, Firma- ment Chinese Fordet- me-not, Firma- ment Chrissanthemun, Single Annual. Merry Mature Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Miked Cleone, Glant Pink Queen Cookscomb, Dwarf Crested Miked Coleus, Large Leaved Miked Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Imperial Long Spur	Centaurea	Dusty Miller	h-P	18 in.	Silvery gray, deeply cut foliage. Ornamental border plant pkt. 150
Some-in-summer h-P 6 in. Small white flowers in profusion. Silvery gray foliage. For rock graded and edging. Sun or partial shade. Blooms early pkt (Chinese Forgetmenor, Firmanent) Physolis francheti h-P 18 in. Physolis francheti h-P 18 in. Chrysanthemum, Single Annual, Merry Mikture Clineraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon "	Centaurea	Sweet Sultan	h-A	2½ ft.	
Chinese Forgetmennt, Firmament Chinese Lantern Chrysanthemum, Single Annual, Merry Mixture Cineraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Mixed Cleene, Giant Pink Queen Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Cobaea scandens Cockscomb, Dwarf Crested Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred, Blue. Phing Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Brounds Coreopsis, Mayfield Giant Coreopsis, Double Suburst Coreopsis, Double Suburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Farly Yellow Flare Cosmos, Farly Yellow Flare Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare		Snow-in-summer	h-P	6 in.	Small white flowers in profusion. Silvery gray foliage. For rock garder
me-not, Firmament Chinese Lantern Chrysanthemum, Single Annual, Merry Mixture Clineraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Mixed Cleome, Giant Pink Queen Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Long stiff stems brik Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora brik Coreopsis, May- field Giantt Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, May- field Giant Cosmos, Crange Flowere Cosmos, Crange Flowere Cosmos, Crange Figer Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Chrysanthemum, Annual Chrysanthe- mum Annual Chrysanthe- h-A 20 in. Combinations of yellow and white. Daisy-like blooms. Excellen brid Combinations of yellow and white. Daisy-like blooms. Excellent in the border wherever summers are completed pix all colinations of the pix all climates; ideal pot plant in colder climates pix all climates; ideal pot plant in colorer wherever summers are completed pix all climates; ideal pot plant in colorer shear pix all climates; ideal pot plant in colorer shear pix all climates pix all climates pix all climates pix all climates; ideal pot plant in colorer shear pix all climates pix all climates pix all climates pix all c		Siberian Wallflower	h-B	12 in.	Fiery orange, four-petaled flowers. Rock garden or low border. Bloom first season from seed pkt. 15 .
Chrysanthemum, Single Annual, Merry Mixture Cineraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Mixed Cleome, Glant Pink Queen Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Colous, Large Leaved Mixed Colous, Large Leaved Mixed Colous, Large Leaved Mixed Colous, Large Leaved Mixed Coloumbine, Imperial Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Coreopsis, May-field Glant Coreopsis, May-field Glant Coreopsis, May-field Glant Coreopsis, May-field Glant Coreopsis, Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora Cosmos, Carly Yellow Flare Cosmos, Carne Flare, Cosmos, Carne Flare Cosmos, Carne Flar	me-not, Firma-	Cynoglossum amabile	h-A	18 in.	Blue. Bushy and compact. More dwarf than other varieties. Fine for border edging or cutting pkt. 10c
Single Annual. Merry Mixture Cineraria, Large Flowered Mixed Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Mixed Cleome, Giant Pink Queen Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Coup-and-Saucer Vine Celosia cristata nana Dwarf Crested Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Long Spurre	Chinese Lantern	Physalis francheti	h-P	18 in.	Orange-red pods. Artistic winter bouquets. pkt. 25
Clarkia, Double Saimon Clarkia, Double Mixed Cleome, Giant Pink Queen Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Coreopsis, Mayfield Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Crange Flare Cosmos	Single Annual,		h-A	20 in.	Combinations of yellow and white. Daisy-like blooms. Excellent for bouquets. Long stiff stems pkt. 106
Clarkia, Double Mixed Cleome, Giant Pink Queen Clobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Cobaea scandens Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Long			t-B	16 in.	Shades of red. purple, blue, and white. Successfully grown outdoors in mild climates; ideal pot plant in colder climates pkt. 50
Cleome, Giant Pink Queen Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Cockscomb, Dwarf Crested Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Sp	Clarkia, Double Saimon	u u	h-A	2 ft.	Salmon-orange. Excellent in the border wherever summers are cool pkt. 15c
Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine Cockscomb, Dwarf Crested Mixed Colour Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cobaea scandens Cup-and-Saucer Vine hh-P 20 ft. h-A 10 in. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing hit. Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border withing and combinations of red, g		ш и	h-A	2 ft.	Rich colors. Erect, bushy plants pkt. 10c
Cockscomb, Dwarf Crested Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, Iongissima Coral Bells Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Carly Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Crally Many shades and combinations of red, green, yellow. Pot, window or border plant Delightful blend of colors. Excellent in rock garden or border. Doe in part shade Shades of blue. Large single flowers; long spurs Pkt Delightful blend of colors. Excellent in rock garden or border. Doe in part shade Shades of blue. Large single flowers; long spurs Pkt Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better se spkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Flowers of golden or "butter' yellow. Free blooming. More str than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America: Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt Large single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted to North		Spiderflower	h-A	3 to 4 ft.	Huge trusses of bright salmon pink on long stems. Novel seed pods. Verstriking. A Ferry-Morse development. All-America Silver Medal pkt. 10.
Dwarf Crested Mixed Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Coreopsis, Mayfield Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Carly Mammoth Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Large single flowers; long spurs Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better season Pkt Cosmos, Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America Sundal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt Cosmos, Early Mammoth Large single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted the North North	Cobaea scandens	Cup-and-Saucer Vine	hh-P	20 ft.	Blue. Clings to brick, screen, or other rough surfaces. Grows rapidly pkt. 25.
Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, longissima Coral Bells Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Crange Flare Cosmos, Carly Mammoth Aquilegia h.P 2½ ft. b.P 2½ ft. b.P 2½ ft. cor belightful blend of colors. Excellent in rock garden or border. Doe in part shade Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Pkt Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Pkt Glossy yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better se season Flowers of golden or "butter' yellow. Free blooming. More str than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America S Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted t North Aquilegia h.P 2½ ft. Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Flowers of golden or "butter' yellow. Free blooming. More str than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America S Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt Large single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted t North	Dwarf Crested	Celosia cristata nana	h-A	10 in.	Combs of crimson and rose; bronze foliage. Showy in border with othe annuals Each: pkt. 10
Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, longissima Coral Bells Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Early Mammoth In part shade in part shade Shades of blue. Large single flowers; long spurs Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Part Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Part Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Part Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Part Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Part Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Part Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent i		Foliage Plant	t-P	12 in.	Many shades and combinations of red, green, yellow. Pot, window box or border plant pkt. 25
Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades Columbine, longissima Coral Bells Coreopsis, May-field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Carly Mammoth Aquilegia h-P 2½ ft. Shades of blue. Large single flowers; long spurs Pate Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better season Pkt Cosmos, Parly Yellow Flare " " h-A 3½ ft. Gosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Carly Mammoth Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare " " h-A 3½ ft. Large single flowers; long spurs Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better season pkt Cosmos, Farly Yellow Flare " " h-A 3½ ft. Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt North North	Imperial Long	Aquilegia	h-P	2½ ft.	Delightful blend of colors. Excellent in rock garden or border. Does wel in part shade pkt. 15
Coral Bells Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Early Mammoth " " " h-A 3½ ft. Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better st season Pkt See Heuchera sanguinea, page 21 Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better st season Pkt Cosmos, Farly Yellow Flare 6 Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossom pkt Color of the company of the compa	Columbine, Long Spurred,	A quilegia	h-P	2½ ft.	Shades of blue. Large single flowers; long spurs pkt. 15
Coreopsis, May- field Giant Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora Coreopsis Long stems for cutting. Excellent in masses in the border Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora Loreopsis lanceolata grandiflora Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora Loreopsis lanceolat		и	h-P	2½ ft.	Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossoms pkt. 75
field Giant Coreopsis, Double Sunburst Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Early Mammoth Gosmos, Early Yellow Flare " " h-A 3½ ft. Gosmos, Crange Flare Cosmos, Early Mammoth " " h-A 3½ ft. H-A 3½ ft. Flowers of golden or "butter" yellow. Free blooming. More struck and slightly later and taller. All-America Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt North masses in the border pkt Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better season pkt Season Flowers of golden or "butter" yellow. Free blooming. More struck and slightly later and taller. All-America Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt North North	Coral Bells				
Sunburst grandiflora Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Orange Flare Cosmos, Early Mammoth Grandiflora h-A 3½ ft. Season Flowers of golden or "butter" yellow. Free blooming. More strictly than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America: pkt Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt Large single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted the North pkt North	field Giant	grandiflora		2 ft.	
Cosmos, Early Yellow Flare Cosmos bipinnatus h-A 3½ ft. Flowers of golden or "butter" yellow. Free blooming. More str than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt Gosmos, Early Mammoth " h-A 3½ ft. Flowers of golden or "butter" yellow. Free blooming. More str than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America Medal, 1942 Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting pkt North North			h-P	2 ft.	
Flare Cosmos, Early Mammoth " " h-A 4 ft. Large single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted t North pk	Cosmos, Early		h-A	3½ ft.	Flowers of golden or "butter' yellow. Free blooming. More strikin than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America Silve
Mammoth North pk		u u	h-A	3½ ft.	
Mixed		uu	h-A	4 ft.	Large single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted to the North pkt. 10
	Cosmos, Sensation	u u	h-A	3½ ft.	Bright crimson (DAZZLER); and Mixed. Very large flowers. Earl enough to bloom anywhere in U. S. Long blooming pkt. 15
Radiance America Award, 1947 pk			h-A	3½ ft.	
Creeping Zinnia Sanvitalia procumbens h-A 6 in. Many small, deep yellow, double flowers resembling miniature zing Black centers. Likes sunshine. Fine edging plant pkg	Creeping Zinnia	Sanvitalia procumbens	h-A	6 in.	Many small, deep yellow, double flowers resembling miniature zinnia: Black centers. Likes sunshine. Fine edging plant pkt. 15
Cypress Vine Mixed I pomoea quamoclit h-A 8 ft. (Scarlet and white). Graceful lacy vine for trellis or arbor. C readily Each: pk		I pomoea quamoclit	h-A	8 ft.	(Scarlet and white). Graceful lacy vine for trellis or arbor. Climb readily Each: pkt. 15
Dahlia, Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids Semi-double Dahlia t-P used as annual Gorgeous blend of colors. Group in foreground of border for spot of color pk	Dahlia, Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids	Semi-double Dahlia	used as	14 in.	Gorgeous blend of colors. Group in foreground of border for spot of lovel color pkt. 15

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Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Delphinium, Dwarf Chinese	Perennial Larkspur	h-P	2 ft.	Soft sky blue (AZURE FAIRY); Ultramarine blue (BLUE BUTTER-FLY). Reaches full development first season from seed planted early For low borders Each: pkt. 15c
Delphinium, Paci- fic Giant White	uu	h-P	5 ft.	Enormous, double clear white blossoms. Strong stems. Highly mildew resistant pkt. 50c
Delphinium, Paci- fic Hybrids	es es	h-P	5 ft.	Shades of blue, lavender, mauve. Large flower spikes. Particularly suited to Pacific Coast conditions. Mildew resistant pkt . 15c
Delphinium, Tall Hybrids	ec ec	h-P	5 ft.	Silvery blue (BELLADONNA); Deep intense blue (BELLAMOSUM). Sown early will flower late first season Each: pkt. 15c
Dianthus deltoides erecta	Maiden Pink	h-P	7 in.	Single flowers in shades of bright carmine rose. Plants erect and compact. A fine addition to the rock garden or low border. pkt. 15c
Dianthus plumarius				See Pinks, Hardy Single and Double Mixed, page 26
English Daisy, Double Mon- strosa	Bellis perennis	h-P	8 in.	Crimson Ball, Rose, White, and Mixed. Extra large flowers, about 75% double. Long blooming period. A favorite for rock g rdens and edgings Separate colors, each: pkt. 25c; Mixed: pkt. 15c
Eschscholtzia pulchella				See California Poppy, Little Beauty, page 19
Forget-me-not, Blue Bird	Myosotis oblongata	h-P	12 in.	Blue with small yellow eye. Combine with bulb flowers in rock garden or border pkt. 10c
Four o'clock, Mixed	Mirabilis jalapa; Marvel of Peru	t-P used as annual	2 ft.	Red, white, yellow, and striped and blotched. Use as bushy hedge or in clumps in border pkt. 15c
Foxglove, Fine Mixed	Digitalis gloxinaeflora	h-P	3 ft.	Rose and white. Combines well with Sweet William and Pinks pkt. 10c
Gaillardia, Giant Perennial Mixed	Gaillardia grandiflora	h-P	2 ft.	Tones of maroon and orange. Strong growing and hardy. Blooms early. Semi-double blossoms pkt. 10c
Gaillardia grandi- flora Portola Hybrids	Blanket Flower	h-P	2 ft.	Bronzy red centers, petals gold-tipped. Blooms for long season. Semi- double pkt. 15c
Gaillardia, Lorenziana Gaiety Double Mixed	ec ec	h-A	18 in.	Shades of sulphur, orange, scarlet, maroon, and red-and-gold. Easy to grow pkt. 15c
Gaillardia picta, Single Mixed	es es	h-A	18 in.	Tones of yellow and red. Bright, easily grown border plant pkt. 15c
Gerbera Jame- soni Hybrids	Transvaal Daisy	t-P	18 in.	Pastel tones of red, orange, yellow, rose, and pink. Difficult to grow and recommended only to experienced gardeners pkt. 50c
Geum, Double Golden Ball (Lady Strath- eden)	Avens	h-P	2 ft.	Rich golden yellow. Well suited for bouquets and for perennial border. Does especially well on Pacific Coast pkt. 25c
Geum, Double Scarlet	Avens	h-P	2 ft.	Dazzling scarlet. Good in border and rock garden. A little hard to start pkt. 15c
Gilia capitata	Blue Thimble Flower	h-A	2 ft.	Clear lavender blue. Scabiosa-like flowers. Bushy plant, lacy foliage pkt. 15c
Godetia, Semi- dwarf Single	Satinflower; "Fare- well-to-spring"	h-A	12 in.	Rich scarlet on white (DUKE OF YORK); Bright salmon pink, white edge (SYBIL SHERWOOD); and Mixed. Well suited to partial shade in climates with cool summers Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c; Mixed: pkt. 10c
Godetia, Tall Double Mixed	u u	h-A	2 ft.	Rose, pink, lilac, and white. Long graceful spikes with pompon-like blossoms pkt. 10c
Gourd, Dipper	Cucurbita	h-A	12 ft.	Fruits easily fashioned into long handled dippers pkt. 15c
Gourd, Dishcloth	и	h-A	12 ft.	Spongy interior fiber makes excellent scrubbing material pkt. 15c
Gourd, Hercules Club	и	h-A	12 ft.	Massive, club shaped fruits pkt. 15c
Gourds, Small Fruited Mixed	и	h-A	12 ft.	Interesting shapes and colors suitable for ornaments. Vine decorative pkt. 10c
Gypsophila, Covent Garden Market	Gypsophila elegans; Baby's Breath	h-A	2 ft.	White. Combine with colorful flowers in garden and bouquets. Sow at intervals during summer for plentiful supply pkt. 10c
Gypsophila paniculata, Double White	Baby's Breath	h-P	3 ft.	Tiny white rose-shaped flowers. Cut before fully open for winter bouquets pkt. 25c
Heliotrope, Dark Varieties Mixed	Heliotropium hybrida	t-P	2 ft.	Shades of violet. Pleasing contrast with brighter colored flowers. Fragrant pkt 25c
Hesperis matronalis	Sweet Rocket	h-P	18 in.	Separate colors: Purple; White. Old-time favorite with delightful fragrance Each: pkt. 15c
Heuchera sanguinea	Coral Bells	h-P	12 in.	Bright coral red flowers on wiry stalks. Charming for low border or rock garden pkt. 25c

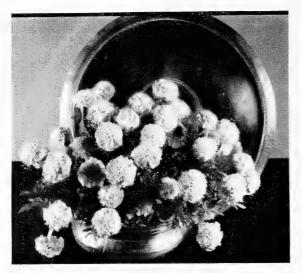
Marigolds are gay and decorative;

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices	
Hibiscus Marvels Mixed	Mallow	h-P	4 ft.	Tones of red, rose, and white. Large flowers. Tall hedge or backgreat plant with handsome foliage	round
Hollyhock, Alle- gheny Mixed	Althea rosea	h-P	7 ft.	Gay colors. Huge, semi-double flowers deeply fringed and frilled at	
Hollyhock, Double	u u	h-P	5 ft.	Pink (NEWPORT PINK); Scarlet; Yellow; Mixed. An exc variety Separate colors, each: pk Mixed: pk	cellent
Hollyhock, Indian Spring	u u	h-A	4 ft.	Clear, soft pink, Semi-double blossoms in profusion. All-An	
Hunnemannia fumariaefolia	Bush Eschscholtzia; Golden Cup	h-A	18 in	Lemon yellow, cup-shaped flowers. Bushy plants. Good cut flo Makes unusually attractive border pk	ower. t. 15c
Hyacinth Bean, Mixed	Dolichos lablab	h-A	10 ft.	Purple and white. Fast growing vine pk	t. 10c
Iberis gibraltarica	Perennial Candytuft	h-P	8 in.	Lilac flowers shading white. Spreading rock garden plant of easy c	ulture t. 15c
Ice Plant	Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	h-A	6 in.	Sparkling foliage and small pinkish white flowers. Well adapted for banks and rock gardens	or dry
Iceland Poppy, Coonara Pink Hybrids	Papavar nudicaule	h-P	15 in.	Clear shades, pale pastels to deep rose. Slightly ruffled flowers. Fer foliage pk	rn-like t. 25c
Iceland Poppy, Gartford Mixed	Papaver nudicaule	h-P	2 ft.	Beautifully fluted blossoms in pastel shades. Flowers first season seed sown early pk	from
Ipomoea bona nox	Evening Glory	h-A	12 ft.	-	Broad t. 15c
Johnny-Jump-Up Joseph's Coat	A maranthus tricolor	h-A	2½ ft.	See Viola—page 30 Red, yellow, and green foliage. Somewhat coarse, but showy. Thri	ives in
Kochia childsi	Summer Cypress	h-A	2½ ft.		t. 10c
Kudzu Vine	Pueraria thunbergiana;		20 ft.		t. 10c
Kuuzu viite	Jack-and-the-bean- stalk		2010.		t. 10c
Lantana hybrida Mixed	Lantana	t-P	2 ft.	Shades of crimson, rose, yellow, orange in single cluster. Makes display from seed first season pk	s good t. 15c
Larkspur, Glant	Annual Delphinium	h-A		Plants of upright habit. Long stems for cutting	
Imperial Blue Spire Brilliant Rose Lilac Spire Miss California Purple Rosalie			3 ft. 4½ ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	Warm, deep salmon-rose. Our 1945 introduction pk Attractive pinkish-lavender pk Salmon rose-pink A new color pk Rose pink, Large double flowers, Long spikes, Our introduction	
Sweet Lavender White King Mixed			3 ft. 4 ft. 3 ft.	Light lavender blue pk Large double, pure white blossoms pk	ct. 10c ct. 10c ct. 10c ct. 10c
Larkspur Super	Annual Delphinium	h-A		Long clean stems. Huge double blossoms	
Majestic Carmine			5 to 6 ft.	Our 1950 introduction pk	kt. 25c
Deep Salmon Deep Salmon Pink			5 to 6 ft. 3 to 5 ft.		kt. 25c kt. 15c
Lavender Light Blue Pale Pink Rosy Mauve Rose Pink White Mixed			5 to 6 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	Cambridge blue. Our 1949 introduction pk Delicate blush pink. Our 1949 introduction pk Our 1950 introduction pk Extreme vigor. Our 1940 introduction Vigorous growth, abundant bloom. Our 1942 introduction pk	xt. 15c xt. 15c xt. 15c xt. 25c xt. 15c xt. 15c xt. 15c
Lathyrus				See Perennial Sweet Pea, page 25	
Lavender	Lavandula vera	h-P	2 ft.	Lavender flowers. Gray foliage. Pleasing addition to garden. D sachet use pk	ry for t. 25c
Lilium regale	Regal Lily	h-P	3 ft.	One of finest lilies in existence. Flowers white tinged pink, yellow t Furnishes flowers second season and thereafter pk	throat.
Linaria, Fairy Bouquet Mi x ed	Linaria maroccana	h-A	10 in.	Red, pink, purple, yellow, and white. Neat for edgings and rock ga More compact than other maroccana types pk	ardens. kt. 10c
Linum flavum	Perennial Flax; Golden Flax	h-P	1 ft.	Bright yellow flax-like blossoms in great profusion. Prefers open, s well drained location. Beautiful with Delphinium pk	sunny, ct 50c
Linum perenne	Blue Flax	h-P	18 in.	Light blue flowers. Profuse blooming. Graceful in rock garden pk	kt. 25c
Lobelia, Emperor William	Lobelia compacta	h-A	4 in.	Bright blue, white throat, green leaves. Compact edging plant pk	t. 25c
Lobelia, Crystal Palace	Lobelia compacta	h-A	4 in.	Sapphire blue; dark foliage. Compact edging plant pk	t. 25c
Lobelia, Trailing Sapphire	Trailing Lobelia	hh-A		Deep blue flowers, white eye. Window boxes, hanging baskets, roc dens pk	ck gar- t. 25c
ompplific	1	1	l	pa pa	

select some of the newer varieties

Name on Packet Other Names "Key to Symbols" Love-in-a-mist, Nigella damascena; h-A 18 in. Corr	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Love-in-a-mist Nigella damascena. h-A 18 in Corr	
	rnflower blue flowers on long stems. Feathery foliage partly conceals owers. Old-fashioned border flower pkt. 10c
Lunaria biennis Honesty; St. Peter's h-B 2½ ft. Seed Penny; Money Plant	d pods translucent, silvery. Ornamental in winter bouquets pkt. 25c
Lupin hartwegii, Annual Lupin h-A 2 ft. Shad	des of blue. Showy spikes for garden bed or border pkt. 15c
	des of lavender, rose, and buff. Use in masses in border pkt. 15c
Lupin, Russell's Perennial Lupin h-P 3 ft. Mar	ny lovely colors. Wonderful border flower. Gold Medal, Royal Horti- ultural Society, 1937 pkt. 25c
Marigold, African Tagetes erecta h-A Double Tall	
Burpeegold	liant orange. Odorless. Same form as Guinea Gold pkt. 15c
Crown of Gold	nge. Odorless. Short center petals curled and quilled, with flat droop- ng outer petals pkt. 15c
	ht clear yellow. Flowers have incurved petals like small chrysanthenums. Very early pkt. 10c
Guinea Gold	liant orange. Loose flat petals. Effective in bouquet and border pkt. 10c
	America Bronze Medal, 1940. Primrose yellow. Early blooming. pkt. 15c
	ge chrysanthemum-like flowers of light yellow. Very attractive for utting. All-America Award, 1944 pkt. 15c
	nes of orange, yellow, primrose. Huge flowers with loosely formed petals. Fragrant. For mild climates only pkt. 15c
	lliant blend of large-flowered types with wide range of color and lossom forms pkt. 15c
Yellow Supreme	ht clear yellow. Superb for border and cutting pkt. 15c
Marigold, Dwarf See Single	Tagetes signata pumila, page 29
Marigold, French Tagetes patula h-A	
	nary yellow flowers of scabiosa type. Blooms early. Attractive for edg- ng. All-America Award, 1942 pkt. 15c
Improved	all flowers with golden yellow centers, mahogany collars. Uniform in rowth and season of bloom. Plants compact, free-flowering. Low dgings and window boxes Pkt. 15c
Harmony 12 in. Mal	hogany outside petals; orange tufted center. Blooms early and until ard frost pkt. 10c
	m lovely golden orange to golden yellow; many beautifully blotched nd striped. Crested centers. Very early pkt. 10c
ar	ly double, brilliant orange flowers of the Harmony type. Blooms early nd all summer. Unsurpassed as border or edging plant. Ferry-Morse levelopment—All-America Award, 1942 pkt. 10c
Spry 9 in. All-	America Award, 1941. Extra early. Free blooming. Harmony-type owers with light yellow centers pkt. 15c
Sunkist 6 in. Gold at	den orange blossoms. Harmony-type, one-inch across. Very early nd long blooming. Unusually good for window boxes and edgings. All-America Award, 1943
Marigold, French Single Dwarf h-A	pati 100
0	ngle flowers, about 1 % in. across, range in color from yellow to rich orange, each marked with red or maroon. Brilliant for borders, beds, or pot plants. All-America Award, 1945
Legion of Sing	gle row of golden yellow petals around center of velvety garnet pkt. 15c
	ge golden yellow flowers blotched mahogany at base of petals. Comact, bushy, free flowering plants. All-America winner, 1947 pkt. 25c
Marigold, French Double Tall Mixed	he blend of two-toned flowers. For border decoration and cutting $${\bf pkt.}\ 15c$
	inty white button-like flowers in terminal clusters. Excellent in garden and for cutting. Long blooming pkt. 25c
	all mauve flowers. Especially desirable for fragrance pkt. 15c
	onze spikes; dark green leaves. Greatly valued for fragrance pkt. 10c
Mignonette, Reseda h-A 12 in. Lar	rge coppery-red spikes. Vigorous plant. Thrives in full sun or partial hade pkt. 15c
	lliant yellow flowers; spherical fruits. Lacy foliage pkt. 15c
Momordica, Momordica charantia h-A 10 ft. Cyl	lindrical, elongated yellow fruits. Sometimes boiled and eaten in pkt. 15c
	foung state llow flowers; fruits of apple and pear shape. Ornamental vine pkt. 15c

Dress up your vegetable garden



Marigold, Melody—brilliant in the border and beautiful in arrangements (See page 23)



Marigold, Early Sunshine—one of the loveliest of the tall varieties (See page 23)

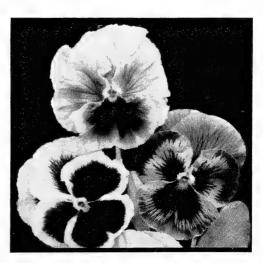
Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	IIt.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Moon Flower	I pomoea grandiflora alba	h-A	12 ft. or more	White blossoms. A vine unsurpassed for size of flowers. Fragrant in evening pkt. 10c
Morning Glory, Crimson Rambler	Convolvulus	h-A	12 ft. or more	Ruby red. white throat. Strong climber. Effective against side of house or on fence or trellis. Our 1939 introduction. pkt. 10c
Morning Glory, Giant Mixed	I pomoea imperialis	h-A	10 ft.	Radiant colors with odd markings. Graceful vine pkt. 10c
Morning Glory, Heavenly Blue	I pomoea rubro coerulea	h-A	12 ft. or more	Clear sky blue, creamy throat. Quick, dense growth and beautiful flowers make this vine wonderfully popular pkt. 15c
Morning Glory, Liberty Mixed		h-A	12 ft. or more	Blend of Heavenly Blue (blue), Pearly Gates (white), and Crimson Rambler (red) pkt. 15c
Morning Glory, Pearly Gates	Іротова	h-A	12 ft. or more	Large pure-white blossoms. Vigorous growth. Very floriferous. Ferry- Morse development. All-America Silver Medal Award, 1942 pkt. 15c
Morning Glory, Scarlett O'Hara	Іротова	h-A	10 ft.	Bright red. Large flowered. Not a strong climber. Good in window and porch boxes. All-America Award, 1938 pkt. 15c
Morning Glory, Troubadour	Ipomoea	h-A	12 ft.	Enormous crimson blossoms, rimmed white. A gay climber pkt. 15c
Morning Glory, Mixed	Convolvulus major	h-A	10 ft. or more	Clear tones of blue and crimson. Twine over fence, trellis, or on strings. Easy to grow pkt. 10c
Nasturtium, Golden Gleam	Tropaeolum	h-A	15 in. tall; 3 ft. trailing	Golden yellow, semi-double flowers. Unsurpassed for cutting. Fragrant pkt. 15c
Nasturtium, Scarlet Gleam Improved	æ	h-A	15 in. tall; 3 ft. trailing	Brilliant scarlet. Fine for cutting and border use. Some singles among the semi-doubles pkt. 15c
Nasturtium, Gleam Hybrids	а	h-A	15 in. tall; 3 ft. trailing	Salmon, rose, yellow, primrose, red. Some singles among semi-doubles pkt. 15c
Nasturtium, Dwarf Mixed	Tom Thumb Nasturtium	h-A	12 in.	Bright and pastel colors. Well suited for edgings, low borders, window boxes
Nasturtium, Tall Mixed	Tropaeolum lobbianum	h-A	18 in. tall; 5 ft. trailing	Bright colors. Window box; ornamental vine planting for trellis; cutting garden pkt. 10c
Nemesia, Blue Gem	Nemesia compacta	h-A	8 in.	Forget-me-not blue flowers. Excellent edging plant. Needs moist, cool climate pkt. 25c
Nemesia grandi- flora suttoni, Mixed	Nemesia grandiflora	h-A	12 in.	Warm tones of red, yellow, orange. Plants and flowers larger than Blue Gem; plants more spreading pkt. 25c
Nemesia, Triumph Mixed	Nemesia compacta	h-A	8 in.	Deep red, orange, yellow, blue, dark purple. Excellent edging or rock garden plant wherever summers are cool pkt. 15c
Nemophila, Insignis Blue	Baby-blue-eyes	h-A	6 in.	Sky blue shading lighter at center. California wild flower that does well in other parts of country. Useful as ground cover pkt. 15c
Nicotiana, Evening Star	Nicotiana affinis hy- brida; Flowering tobacco	hh-A	2 to 3 ft.	White, lavender, purple, rose, red. Mass in border for fragrance. Combine with taller annuals. Blend of colors pkt. 10c
Nierembergia Purple Robe	Dwarf Cup Flower	hh-P used as annual	6 in.	Deep blue or violet-blue. Continual bloom over long period. Very nice for border or rock garden. All-America Award, 1942 pkt. 50c

with a border of colorful flowers

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Painted Daisy, Single Mixed	Pyrethrum roseum; Persian Daisy	h-P	2 ft.	Tones of rose and red. Beautiful in perennial border in spring pkt. 25c
Pansy, Superb Giant Mixed	Viola tricolor	h-A	8 in.	Bright colors. Large flowers. Compact plants pkt. 25c
Pansy, Geneva Super Giant Mixed	u a	h-A	8 in.	Many rich colors. Our own reselection of the Roggli type. Mammoth flowers pkt. 50c
Pansy, Maple Leaf Giant, Mixed	a a	h-A	8 in.	Fine blend of colors. Extremely large flowers. Vigorous plants pkt. 50c
Pansy, Swiss Giant	u u ·	h-A	8 in.	Separate colors: Rich garnet (ALPENGLOW); Deep blue (BERNA); Blue with deep blue blotches (LAKE OF THUN); Golden, blotched deep brown (RHINEGOLD); Large circular flowers. Long bloom- ing season
Pansy, Coro- nation Gold	α	h-A	8 in.	Clear yellow, lower petals lightly flushed orange. Large, nicely shaped flowers. Nice for edgings and window boxes pkt. 50c
Pentstemon glox- inoides Mixed	Beard Tongue	h-P	2 ft.	Gay colors. Large spikes of tubular flowers with spotted throats. Bloom for long period pkt. 25c
Perennial Sweet Pea, Mixed	Lathyrus latifolius	h-P	5 ft.	Carmine, pink, white. Excellent low climber for fences, stumps, and pkt. 15c
Petunia, Flaming Velvet	Petunia hybrida	h-A	2 ft.	Large flowers of rich, deep red pkt. 15c
Petunia, Hollywood Star	u u	h-A	14 in.	Rose-pink flowers shaped like five-pointed stars, waved edges. All-America Award, 1939 pkt. 25c
Petunia, King	a a	h-A	2 ft.	Easiest petunia to grow and best for bedding. Blue; Crimson; Violet; White; Howard's Star Each: pkt. 19c pkt. 15c
Petunia, Rose King Improved	et et	h-A	15 in.	Deep clear rose-pink. Large, plentiful flowers. Our introduction. All-America Award, 1935 pkt. 15c
Petunia, Large Flowered Mixed	α α	h-A	2 ft.	Violet, rose, pink, white, lavender, crimson. One of the best border varieties pkt. 10c
Petunia, Celestial Rose	Petunia nana compacta	h-A	14 in.	Deep pink. Best pink petunia. Excellent for bedding, edging, window boxes pkt. 15c
Petunia, Cheerful	u u	h-A	10 in.	Large blossoms of clear salmon-pink. Compact plants. Ideal for bedding and borders. All-America Award, 1944 pkt. 25c
Petunia, Cream Star	u u	h-A	12 in.	All-America Silver Medal, 1940. Soft, creamy white, star-shaped blossoms. Extremely free-blooming pkt. 15c
Petunia, Fire Chief	44 44 **	h-A	14 in.	Medium sized flowers of deep reddish salmon. Do not fade with age. Plants compact. All-America Gold Medal winner. pkt. 50c
Petunia, First Lady	es es	h-A	12 in.	All-America Award, 1940. Pale rose pink, cream throat, darker veining. Bushy plants. Splendid for borders and window boxes pkt. 25c
Petunia, Glow	a a	h-A	12 in.	All-America Silver Medal, 1939. Dwarf, ball-shaped plants. Many flowers of rich rose-red with lighter throats pkt. 25c
Petunia, Igloo	a a	h-A	10 in.	Small, creamy-white, yellow-throated flowers. Neat, compact plants. Unexcelled for massing and for window boxes. Blooms mid-June to late summer. All-America Award, 1943 pkt. 15c

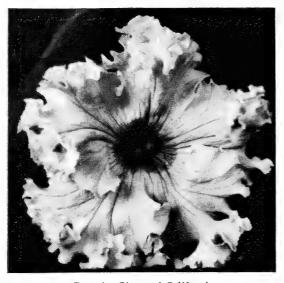


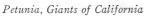
A portion of a Petunia seed crop on one of our California ranches



Pansy, Geneva Super Giant

Ferry's Seeds for your garden







Painted Daisy (See page 25)

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Petunia, King Henry	Petunia nana compacta	h-A	14 in.	Rich ox-blood crimson. Large flowers. Compact plants pkt. 25c
Petunia, Radiance	es es	h-A	14 to 16 in.	Dazzling scarlet-rose with gold center. Large flowered. Free flowering pkt. 15c
Petunia, Rose Bedder	er er	h-A	14 in.	Bright rose-colored blossoms with golden throats. Many flowers, compact plants. Our incroduction pkt. 15c
Petunia, Rosy Morn	a a	h-A	14 in.	Rosy pink with white throat. Popular for window boxes pkt. 15c
Petunia, Silver Blue (Heavenly Blue)	« α	h-A	14 in.	Silvery sky blue. Very pretty combined with Celestial Rose pkt 15c
Petunia, Ferry's Midget Mixed	а а	h-A	12 in.	All the newest dwarf varieties pkt. 15c
Petunia, Dwarf Giants of Cali- fornia Mixed	Petunia superbissima	h-A	10 in.	Wide range of colors. Plants compact. Single flowers very large and open throated. Unusually suitable for window box or potting pkt. 50c
Petunia, Giants of California, Mixed (Single Fringed)	Petunia superbissima	h-A	13 in.	Wide range of colors. Huge fringed flowers. Harder to grow than smaller-flowered petunias pkt. 50c
Petunia, Colossal Shades of Rose	Petunia, All-Double	h-A	20 in.	Big all double blossoms range in color from salmon through rosy pink to deep rich rose. Crisply fringed and ruffled petals. All-America Award, 1947 pkt. \$1.00
Petunia, Maxi- mum Double Fringed, Mixed	Petunia, All-Double	h-A	12 in.	Nice blend of colors. Practically 100% double and mostly giant flowered in our trials pkt. \$1.00
Petunia, Dwarf Maximum Dou- ble Fringed Mixed	Petunia, All-Double	h-A	10 in.	Blend of reddish purple, crimson, rose, and white. Compact form of the Maximum strain. Good pot plant pkt. \$1.00
Petunia, Single Giant Snow- storm	Petunia hybrida grandiflora	h-A	12 in.	Mammoth white flowers. Beautiful in window boxes pkt. 50c
Petunia, Single Giant Fringed, Theodosia Improved	Petunia hybrida grandiflora	h-A	12 in.	Very large ruffled flowers of soft rosy pink with veined yellow throat pkt. \$1.00
Phlox drummondi	Annual Phlox	h-A	12 in.	Chamois rose; Deep rose; Maroon; Pink; Scarlet-white-eye; Scarlet; Violet; White; Yellow; Mixed. Use in large groups in border Separate colors, each: pkt. 25c; Mixed: pkt. 15c
Phlox drum- mondi, Dwarf	Annual Phlox	h-A	8 in.	Separate colors: Apricot; Pink; Scarlet; Violet; White; Yellow; Mixed-Suitable for rock gardens and low edgings Each: pkt. 25c
Phlox, Star Mixed	Phlox cuspidata	h-A	12 in.	Many bright colors. Petals have toothed edges pkt. 15c
Pinks, Annual Double Carna- tion Shades	Dianthus heddewigii laciniatus flore plena	h-A	12 in.	Shades of salmon, rose, red. Superb flowers. Much superior to the old Japanese pinks Much superior to the old pkt. 10c
Pinks, Double China Mixed	Dianthus chinensis	h-A	12 in.	Rich colors and markings. Fringed flowers somewhat like Sweet William but larger pkt. 10c
Pinks, Hardy Single and Double Mixed	Dianthus plumarius	h-P	12 in.	Splendid assortment of colors. Deeply fringed flowers. Rich clove scent pkt. 15c

are easily available through your dealer

	,			3)
Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Pinks, Gaiety, Single Mixed	Dianthus heddewigii	h-A	12 in.	Gay colors, rich markings. Fringed petals. Fragrant. Delightful in the border pkt. 15c
Platycodon grand- iflora Blue	Chinese Bell Flower	h-P	18 in.	Flowers of steel-blue with sparkling sheen, cup shaped with pointed petals. Excellent in the border or semi-shaded rock garden pkt. 15c
Poppy, American Legion	Papaver rhoeas	h-A	18 in.	Dazzling scarlet with white cross at center. Single flowers. Sow in beds by themselves or in groups in the border pkt. 10c
Poppy, Double Shirley, Sweet Briar	u u	h-A	18 in.	Charming double and semi-double pink flowers pkt. 10c
Poppy, Double Shirley Mixed	u u s	h-A	18 in.	Colors are pink, bright scarlet, and white. Graceful double and semi- double flowers produced over a long season pkt. 10c
Poppy, Single Shirley Mixed	ec 48	h-A	18 in.	Shades of pink and rose, bright scarlet, carmine-red. Large flowers produced over long season pkt. 10c
Poppy, Orientale Hardy Red	Papaver orientale	h-P	2⅓ ft.	Glowing scarlet. A gorgeous splash of color in garden or border pkt. 15c
Poppy, Orientale Hybrids	ee ee	h-P	2½ ft.	Mostly red, with some white, rose, salmon, and orange. Large cup- shaped flowers. Long stems. Fern-like foliage pkt. 15c
Poppy, Orientale Salmon Shades	u u	h-P	40 in.	Fairly new color development in Oriental Poppy. Gorgeous blossoms, spring to late summer pkt. 25c
Portulaca, Double Mixed	Moss Rose; Sun Plant	h-A	6 in.	Superb blend of gay colors. High percentage of doubles and semi-doubles pkt. 15c
Portulaca, Single Mixed	Moss Rose; Sun Plant	h-A	6 in.	Gay colors. Useful ground cover in dry sunny spots; at home in rock garden pkt. 10c
Primrose, Showy Evening	Oenothera lamarckiana	h-B	2⅓ ft.	Brilliant yellow. Interesting twilight bloomer pkt. 15c
Primula mala- coides,New Baby	Baby Primrose	t-P	16 in.	Deep rosy lilac. Solid flowers. An improved variety pkt. 50c
Primula veris Mixed	Primula polyanthus; Bunch Primrose	h-P	6 in.	Shades of lavender, red, maroon, yellow, white. Clusters of flowers on wiry stems. Rock garden or low border pkt. 50c
Ranunculus, Morse's Mam- moth Double Mixed	Buttercup	h-P	10 in.	Yellow, orange, and red tones. Compact plants. Large double and semi-double flowers. Very attractive in hardy border in early summer pkt. 25c
Rudbeckia bicolor superba	Cone Flower	h-A	2 ft.	Cone shaped brown centers; golden petals, velvety brown spots at base. Excellent as cut flower, or in clumps in border pkt. 15c
Rudbeckia, Starlight	Cone Flower	h-A	3 ft.	Large flowered, semi-double. Primrose-yellow to mahogany, some bi- colored. Long stems for cutting. Good background plant. All-America Award, 1942
Salpiglossis, Large Flowered Mixed	Painted Tongue	h-A	2⅓ ft.	Large lily-like flowers on long wiry stalks rising from low base of leaves $\mathbf{pkt.}$ $\mathbf{10c}$
Salvia, Bonfire	Flowering Sage; Scarlet Sage	t-P used as annual	18 in.	Bright red. Especially pretty with dark green or white background pkt. 25c
Salvia farinacea, Blue Bedder	Flowering Sage	hh-P	3 ft.	Pale, cloudy blue, tubular flowers on tall slender spikes. Desirable for cutting pkt. 50c
Salvia patens	a a	t-P	18 in.	One of finest indigo blue flowers. Long flower spikes. Plants bushy. Attractive in border pkt. 50c
Salvia splendens Scabiosa	" " Pincushion Flower	t-P h-P	2 ft. 2 ft.	Scarlet. Large flowered early strain of this vigorous old favorite pkt. 50c Lavender blue. Attractive flowers on long stems. Blooms through the
caucasica Scabiosa	u u	h-P	18 in.	summer pkt. 50c Separate colors: Lavender; Pink. Plants more dwarf and spreading
columbaria Scabiosa, Dwarf	α ω	h-A	18 in.	than Caucasica type. Finely cut foliage Each: pkt. 50c All-America Award, 1940. Clear lavender blue. Dwarf bushy plants.
Heavenly Blue Scabiosa,	es es	h-A	2½ ft.	For low borders pkt. 15c Large double blossoms about 2 in. across. Peach blossom, Red, and
Giant Annual Scarlet Flax	timum ana siet	h 4	10 !	Rose, each: pkt. 15c Lavender blue (BLUE MOON) and Mixed, each: pkt. 10c Prints cleary red. Creeful in clumes in the horder. Excellent rock
Scarlet Flax Scarlet Runner	Linum grandiflorum rubrum Phaseolus coccineus	h-A h-A	18 in. 10 ft.	Bright glossy red. Graceful in clumps in the border. Excellent rock garden plant pkt. 10c Bright red, pea-shaped flowers. Splendid ornamental climber which
Bean Schizanthus,	Poor Man's Orchid	h-A	18 in.	gives good shade. Beans good for table use pkt. 10c Flowers like tiny butterflies in pastel shades with dainty markings. A
Dr. Badger's Hybrids	1 ooi man's Olemo	11-73	10 111.	beautiful collection pkt. 25c
Sensitive Plant	Mimosa pudica	. h-A	12 in.	Leaves droop and fold when touched. Interesting in outdoor summer garden or as pot plant. Small pink flowers. pkt. 15c
Shasta Daisy, Alaska	Chrysanthemum leu- canthemum hy- bridum maximum	h-P	2 ft.	White. Flowers extra large with yellow centers. Somewhat later in blooming than regular strain. Splendid where season is long pkt. 15c
Sidalcea, New Hybrids	Greek Mallow	h-P	3 ft.	Odd shaped blooms in pink and rose shades on long spikes. Stately plants. Useful for tall backgrounds and as a cut flower pkt. 25c
Snapdragon, Com- pact Bedding (Rust Resistant)	Antirrhinum nanum	h-A	18 in.	Rich golden bronze, flushed rose (BRONZE); delicate rose (LIGHT SALMON PINK). Plants dwarf and compact. Free blooming. Our introduction Each: pkt. 25c

All packets of Ferry-Morse introductions



Hundreds of thousands of Ferry's Seed packets are filled with Cuthbertson sweet pea seed from fields like this. This is a Ferry-Morse seed production field in California. At right: Frank G. Cuthbertson who developed this new type of sweet pea

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Snapdragon, Giant Bedding, (Rust-Resistant)	Antirrhinum majus	h-A	2 ft.	Bright, deep rose (CHERRY ROSE); Crimson (PADRE); Pink (ROSA- LIE); White (SHASTA); Yellow (YELLOW JACKET); and Mixed. Strong growing. Our own special strains bred to resist rust Separate colors, Each: pkt. 25c Mixed; pkt. 15c
Snapdragon, Tall Maximum (Rust-Resistant)	Antirrhinum maximum	h-A	3 ft.	Copper (COPPER QUEEN); Crimson (CRIMSON KING); Pink (PINK SENSATION); White (ALASKA); Yellow (YELLOW GIANT); and Mixed. Huge spikes. Requires stating. Our own strains Each: pkt. 25c
Snapdragon, Tetra Superfine Mixed	Antirrhinum maximum	h-A	3 ft.	Giant ruffled flowers. Husky plants. Wide range of colors. Excellent for cutting and in the border pkt. 25c
Snow-on-the- mountain	Euphorbia variegata	h-A	2 ft.	Foliage bright green and silvery-white. Adds interest and contrast to flower border pkt. 15c
Statice sinuata	Sea Lavender	h-A	2 ft.	True Blue; White; and Mixed. Stiff stalks bear dense groups of blossoms in graduated rows. Dainty winter bouquets Each: pkt. 15c
Stock, Beauty of Nice	Matthiola incana	h-A	16 to 18 in.	Canary Yellow; Chamois (AURORA); Crimson; Lavender; Light Pink; Mauve; Old Rose; Purple; Rose Pink (ROSE OF NICE); Salmon Rose; White; and Mixed. Follows Ten Weeks class in season of bloom. Plants pyramidal Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c Mixed: pkt. 10c
Stock, Early Beauty of Nice Carmine Rose	u u	h-A	18 in.	Our own 1941 introduction. Weeks earlier than regular Beauty of Nice. Sure to bloom. New, attractive color pkt. 15c
Stock, Double Dwarf Ten Weeks	65 64	h-A	12 in.	Bright Pink; Canary Yellow; Crimson; Lavender; Mauve; Purple; White; and Mixed. Excellent for edgings or low beds Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c Mixed: pkt. 10c
Stock, Giant Imperial	es es	h-A	2 ft.	Outstanding strains for cutting. Antique Copper; Carmine Rose; Chamois; Crimson; Dark Purple (ELK'S PRIDE); Golden Rose; Lavender; Mauve; Old Rose; Rose Pink; Salmon Rose; White (SANTA MARIA); Yellow (GOLDEN BALL); and Mixed. Long stems. Large flowers. Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c Mixed: pkt. 10c
Stock, Giant Winter, Mixed	Brompton Stock; Matthiola incana	hh-B	2 ft.	Huge spikes. Late blooming. Use in open only in mild climates pkt. 50c
Stokesia cyanea	Perennial Cornflower	h-P	1½ ft.	Beautiful light blue flowers, about 3 inches across, resembling single corn- flower or single Aster. Long, firm stems ideal for cutting pkt. 50c
Strawflower, Mixed	Helichrysum	h-A	2½ ft.	Brilliant and soft colors of Helichrysum. Double pompon flowers. Best of all Everlastings for winter bouquets pkt. 10c
Sunflower, Double Sun Gold	Helianthus	h-A	6 ft.	Quilled petals in solid hemisphere of bright yellow. Tall background flower pkt. 15c
Sunflower, Red and Gold	u	h-A	5 ft.	Petals crimson and yellow; center deep red. Useful background flower pkt. 150
Sunflower, Miniature	a a	h-A	3 ft.	Yellow petals around a small dark disc. Bushy branching plant. Three inch flowers on long stems pkt. 15

carry this insignia





A huge shipment of seeds from Ferry-Morse Seed Co,'s production fields to headquarters for packing. The bags might contain almost any kind of vegetable or flower seeds grown on the more than 50,000 acres required annually to produce the Company's tremendous supply. As it happens, this is zinnia seed on its way from California to Detroit to be put up in packets for home gardeners all over the country.

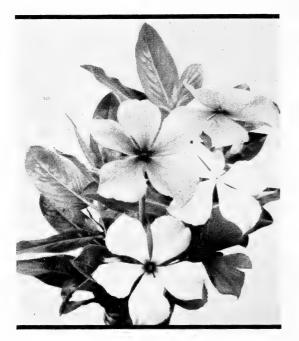
SWEET PEAS, CUTHBERTSON. Large, abundant, fragrant flowers. Long stems. Vigorous vine growth, causing them to succeed where other Sweet Peas fail because of summer heat. Lovely colors: Coline (scarlet), Evelyn (salmon cream pink). Frank G. (lavender), Janet (white, black seeded), Lois (rose pink), and Tommy (blue). Package containing 6 packets...75c

If you need help in raising Sweet Peas, send for "Sweet Peas and How to Grow Them"

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Sweet Peas, Early Flowering Spencer	Lathyrus	h-A	3 ft. or more	Separate colors: Blue; Cream-pink; Lavender; Rose-pink; Scarlet; White; and Mixed. For winter bloom in California and the South plant in fall; for early summer bloom where summers are hot plant in very early spring pkt. 10c
Sweet Peas, Summer Flowering Spencer	u	h-A	3 ft. or more	Blue; Cream-pink; Lavender; Rose-pink; Scarlet; White; and Superb Mixed. Freer blooming and longer stemmed than early varieties. Use where summers are fairly cool Each: pkt. 10c
Sweet Peas, Cuthbertson	u	h-A	3 ft. or more	Blue (TOMMY); Blush pink (HELEN); Bright rose crimson (DAVID); Chamois (CONNIE); Clear cerise (CATHERINE); clear pink (CAROL); Clear salmon pink (FRANCES); Cream, black seeded (MARION); Crimson (KENNETH); Lavender (FRANK G.); Light blue (HAZEL); Light carmine (BILLY); Maroon (LIZA); Mauve (JESSIE); Navy blue (DANNY); Rose carmine (FLORA); Rose cream pink (KATIE); Rose pink (LOIS); Salmon cream pink (EVELYN); Scarlet (COLINE); White, black seeded (JANET); White, white seeded (JENNIE), and Mixed Pink picotee on white ground (WILLIAM)
Sweet Pea, Perennial	Lathyrus latifolius			See Perennial Sweet Pea, page 25
Sweet William, Double Dwarf Mixed	Dianthus barbatus	h-B	6 to 8 in.	Abundant blossoms of very bright shades on compact low-growing plants. Attractive for bedding or edging pkt. 15c
Sweet William, Double Mixed	· u u	h-B	2 ft.	Dainty shades. Not so showy, but longer in flower than the Single type pkt. 15c
Sweet William, Single	64 65	h-B	2 ft.	Salmon Pink (PINK BEAUTY); Bright Scarlet (SCARLET BEAUTY); and Mixed. Fine rounded clusters, 3 or 4 in. across. Especially good to follow tulips Separate colors, Each; pkt. 15c Mixed: pkt. 10c
Sweet Wivelsfield	Dianthus	h-A	15 in.	Red and pink. Similar to Sweet William but plants are smaller. Fragrant. For edging or for cutting pkt. 15c
Tagetes signata pumila	Single Dwarf Mar	ri- h-A	10 in.	Small, golden yellow flowers on bushy plants. Ideal for edging pkt. 25c
Texas Blue Bonnet	Lupin texensis	h-A	12 in.	Rich deep blue: heart-shaped rose-pink eye. Prefers cool weather. Good in dry locations pkt. 10c

Johnny-jump-ups — delightfully different

Name on Packet	Other Names	See ''Key to Symbols''	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Thermopsis caroliniana	False Lupin	h-P	1½ ft.	Long spikes of golden yellow blossoms resembling Lupin. Useful for low borders and rock gardens
Thunbergia alata, Mixed	Black Eyed Susan	t-P	4 ft.	Blossoms white through buff to deep orange with solid black center. Twines or climbs. Use as annual for window box, ground cover in sun, or to overhang bank pkt. 15c
Tithonia	Tithonia speciosa; Mexican Sunflower	t-P	6 ft.	Vivid orange-scarlet flowers; odd-shaped leaves. Annual in North; perennial in mild climates. Early flowering strain pkt. 15c
Verbena	Verbena hybrida	t-P used as annual	8 in.	Scarlet (DEFIANCE); Fine Mixed (superb blend). Good-sized blossoms. Rock gardens, low borders, window boxes Each: pkt. 15c
Verbena Hybrida Mammoth	Verbena gigantea	t-P used as annual	8 in.	Separate colors: Blue with white eye; Pink (LUMINOSA); Scarlet (LU-CIFER); White; and Mixed. Large flowering strain with fine rounded blossom clusters Each: pkt. 25c
Vinca rosea	Vinca rosea; Periwinkle	t-P used as annual	15 in.	Rose; White; White with Rose center; and Mixed. Splendid for bedding and borders. Foliage free from insects Separate colors, each: pkt. 25c; Mixed, pkt. 15c
Viola cornuta	Tufted Pansy	h-P	6 in,	Deep violet blue (JERSEY GEM); Light blue (BLUE PERFECTION); White (WHITE PERFECTION); Yellow; and Mixed. One of the best edging plants for border or rock garden Separate colors, each: pkt. 50c; Mixed: pkt. 15c
Viola, Large Flowered Mixed	Viola cornuta	h-P	6 in.	Ruby, bronze, blue, golden yellow and many unusual shades. Special formula blend of choice large flowered Violas pkt. 50c
Viola, Blue Elf	Viola cornuta bicolor Johnny-jump-up	h-P	9 in.	Small blossoms with upper petals deep violet-blue, lower petals lighter, gold eye, black markings. Distinct variety of our own introduction . Ideal for rock gardens, window boxes, edgings in semi-shade. Best treated as annual pkt . 25c
Viola, Helen Mount	Viola cornuta bicolor Johnny-jump-up	h-P	6 in.	Gold and purple. Dwarf plants covered with tiny blossoms. Our own growing Dwarf plants covered with tiny blossoms.
Virginian Stock	Malcomia	h-A	6 in.	Red and white. Rock garden, bedding, edging pkt. 10c
Wild Garden Mixture	Old Fashioned Garden Flowers	h-A	6 to 24 in.	Splendid mixture of kinds and colors for interesting border planting pkt. 10c







Verbena, Scarlet (DEFIANCE)

BORDER AND WINDOW BOX COLLECTION. Petunia (two shades), Verbena Fine Mixed, Harmony Marigold, Golden Gleam Nasturtium, Blue Bedder Ageratum. Enough seed for a generous border and several window boxes. Package containing **6 packets 75c**

Zinnias—gay and easy to grow





Large Flowered Zinnias

Lilliput or Pompon Zinnias

Ferry-Morse Zinnias are unexcelled. Our seed breeders are working continuously to develop beautiful new colors and to perfect existing forms

Name on Packet	Other Names	See "Key to Symbols"	Ht.	Colors—Suggestions—Prices
Zinnia, Giants of California	Youth-and-Old-Age	h-A	2½ ft.	Bright pink (BRIGHTNESS); Bright Rose (CHERRY QUEEN); Canary Yellow (DAFFODIL); Rich Yellow (GOLDEN QUEEN); Lavender (LAVENDER GEM); Soft Pink (MISS WILLMOTT); Orange (ORANGE KING); White (PURITY); Soft Rose (ROSE QUEEN); Scarlet (SCARLET GEM); Purple (VIOLET QUEEN). Our own improved strains Each: pkt. 106.
Zinnia, Giant Dahlia Flowered	es es	h-A	2½ ft.	Crimson (CRIMSON MONARCH); Golden Yellow (GOLDEN DAWN); Layender (DREAM); Light Orange (GOLDEN CENTURY); Light Rose (EXQUISITE); Light Yellow (CANARY BIRD); Orange and Gold (ORIOLE); Purple (PURPLE PRINCE); Rich Purple (ROYAL PURPLE); Scarlet (SCARLET FLAME); White (POLAR BEAR). Our own improved strains Each: pkt. 10c
Zinnia, Giant Double Mixed	u ,u	h-A	2½ ft.	A blend of some of the best colors of Giants of California and Giant Dahlia Flowered pkt. 10c
Zinnia, Double Elegans, Mixed	Cut-and-come again	h-A	2 ft.	Flowers about 2½ in, diameter. Dome shaped with petals overlapped Each: pkt. 15c
Zinnia, Double Fantasy Mixed	Youth-and-Old-Age	h-A	2 ft.	Red, rose, orange, yellow. Delightful novelty pkt. 15c
Zinnia, Cupid Tiny Tim	Improved Red Rid- ing Hood	h-A	12 in.	Gay scarlet. Compact plants and small flowers. An edging gem and a fine cut flower pkt. 15c
Zinnia, Lilliput or Pompon	Youth-and-Old-Age	h-A	16 in.	Canary Yellow; Crimson; Flesh; Golden Gem; Lilac Gem; Valencia Orange; Purple Gem; Rosebud; Salmon Gem; Scarlet; White; and Mixed. Charming for low borders and cutting Separate colors, each: pkt. 15c Mixed: pkt. 16c
Zinnia, Mexicana Hybrids	Mexican Zinnia	h-A	12 in.	Yellow, orange, mahogany. Exquisite colors and form. Some single, some double pkt. 15c
Zinnia, Navajo Mixed	Gaillardia Flowered	h-A	18 in.	Medium sized, double flowers. Odd markings and brilliant hues, resembling an Indian rug pkt. 15c
Zinnia, All-Giant Indian Summer Mixture	Youth-and-Old-Age	h-A	2½ ft.	Crimson, flame-scarlet, cherry, golden-yellow, and burnished copper. Superb cut flowers. Blended for those who like bright colors pkt. 10c
Zinnia, All-Giant Pastel Mixture	u u	h-A	2½ ft.	Pink, lavender, primrose, soft yellow, and white. Superb cutting flowers blended for those who prefer soft colors pkt. 10c
Zinnia, Super Crown o'Gold Pastel Tints	is es	h-A	2½ ft.	Blend of soft, pretty colors. Huge, double blossoms. Each petal overlaid at base with deep golden yellow. Fine for cutting pkt. 10c

ZINNIAS, GIANT FLOWERED. Colors selected for brilliance and harmony. Our own superb, fully double strains. Package containing 6 packets........50c

Ferry-Morse vegetable seeds

NOTE! "Days to table size" means length of time from date of planting to the time when the vegetables are ready to eat in the climate of southern Michigan. In most cases the reference is to seed planting; in the case of broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, celery, egg plant, pepper, and tomato, length of time starts with the date the plants are set in the open ground.

*suitable for quick freezing

SEND FOR FOLDER "GROW BETTER VEGETABLES FOR QUICK FREEZING"



A small home garden in the early stages. A border of flowers adds to its attractiveness

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
ARTICHOKE		
Green Globe	2 yrs.	Deep green, globe-shaped flower heads. Does best in mild climates. Fleshy bud scales are the part eaten
ASPARAGUS		
*Mary Washington (Rust Resistant)	2 yrs.	Large, firm, green shoots. Very fine flavor. Recently developed rust resistant strain pkt. 10c
BEANS—BUSH WAX POD		
*Pencil Pod Wax	55	Pods bright yellow, round, fleshy, 5½ to 6 in. long. Brittle. Tender. Desirable for home garden as well as for market carton 15c
*Round Pod Kidney Wax	58	Waxy light yellow pods, 5½ to 6 in. long. Desirable for home garden as well as canning carton 15c
*Stringless Kidney Wax Sure Crop Wax Top Notch Golden Wax	58 53 52	Large, fleshy, round pods of rich, creamy yellow. Excellent quality and flavor carton 15c Long, flat, meaty pods, 6 to 6½ in. long. Large sturdy plants. Very popular carton 15c Pods attractive, clear golden yellow, 4½ to 5¼ in. long. Flat-oval. Fleshy. Brittle
BEANS—BUSH GREEN POD		carton 15c
*Bountiful	48	Abundant, straight, broad pods 6 to 7 in. long. Popular flat-podded green bean carton 15c
Broad Improved Long Pod (Fava Bean, Horse Bean)	150	Plants very large and erect. Pods glossy green, broad and very thick. Desirable for green shells
Dwarf Horticultural	53	Pods 5 to 5½ in. long, wide and flat at snap stage, becoming almost round at green shell stage. Desirable for green shell and snaps carton 15c
Ferry's Plentiful	49	Outstanding variety of our own introduction. All-America Award, 1939. Very productive. Long straight flat pods. Excellent quality and flavor carton 15c
French Horticultural	55	Vigorous, semi-running bush bean much preferred in New England States. Good for green shells as well as snaps carton 15c
Full Measure	52	Round, fleshy, brittle pods 6 to 6½ in. long. Very satisfactory main crop variety carton 15c
*Giant Stringless Green Pod	53	Pods 6 to 6½ in. long; round, fleshy, brittle. Good yielder. Fine for canning as well as for the table carton 15c
Stringless Black Valentine	53	Improved form of old Black Valentine. Round, dark green pods carton 15c
*Stringless Green Pod (Landreth's)	53	Round pods 5½ in. long, fleshy and tender. Unusually fine flavor carton 15c
Stringless Red Valentine	54	Fleshy pods 4½ to 5 in. long. Entirely stringless strain of the old dependable Red Valentine carton 15c
Stringless Refugee	70	Pods very uniform, 5 to 5½ in. long. Young pods particularly valuable for canning and pickling whole carton 15c
*Tendergreen	54	Fleshy round pods about 7 in. long. Light green. Fairly new variety of real merit carton 15c
Tennessee Green Pod	54	Pods 6 to 7 in. long, broad; stringless in snap stage. Splendid quality. Our introduction carton 15c
White Half Runner	68	Round fleshy pods about 4 in. long. Bushy vine with short runners. Pods of good quality when young; dry beans good for baking. Unusual flavor carton 15c

for better home gardens

TOT Detter IIC		94140115
Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
BEANS-FOR DRY USE		
White Navy or Michelite	95	Plants large with tendency to form runners. Hardy. Prolific. Beans ripen uniformly. The common white bean of commerce carton 15c
Red Kidney	100	Seeds kidney shaped. Rich deep red. Standard commercial variety carton 15c
BEANS—POLE WAX POD		
Kentucky Wonder Wax	67	Pods thick and wide. Good climber. Heavily productive carton 15c
BEANS-POLE GREEN POD		
*Blue Lake	65	Same as White Creaseback carton 15c
*Burger's Green Pod Stringless	63	Same as White Seeded Kentucky Wonder carton 15c
*Early Blue Lake	55	Earlier than original strain, and vines shorter and more slender. Desirable in sections where season is short, or for early market carton 15c
Improved Missouri Wonder	66	Seeds medium size, flattened, kidney shaped. Unsurpassed as green shell beans carton 15c
*Kentucky Wonder (Old Homestead)	65	Slender, dark green pods often 10 in. long hang in clusters. Best quality green pole bean carton 15c
*Kentucky Wonder, Rust Resistant(Brown Seeded)	65	Similar to Kentucky Wonder, but foliage slightly darker. Considerable resistance to bean rust. Our introduction, carton 15c
Lazy Wife	74	Good climber. Heavily productive. Pods medium green, 6 to 6½ in. long, fleshy, Excellent for snaps, green shell, and dry shell use carton 15c
London Horticultural	70	Pods 6 in. long, straight, thick, green splashed with crimson. Excellent for green shells carton 15c
McCaslan Pole	65	Pods 8 in. long, medium green, slightly flattened, fleshy, of good quality. White seeds. Fine for snaps and dry shell use carton 15c
*Morse's Pole No. 191	63	Definite resistance to rust. Dark green pods 7 to 9 in. long. White seeds. Strongly recommended for sections where rust is prevalent. Our introduction carton 15c
Oregon Giant	70	Pods 8 in. long and ½ to ¾ in. wide. Used principally in northern section of Pacific Coast carton 15c
Scarlet Runner	90	Dark green pods 6 in. long desirable for snaps. Green shell beans very good. (See page 27 for decorative use)
Scotia or Striped Creaseback	72	Abundant light green round pods about 6 in. long, fine grained, tender. Fine to grow among rows of corn carton 15c
St. Louis Perfection White	65	White seeds, very good for baking when dry. Young pods good for snaps. Kentucky Wonder quality. Our introduction carton 15c
*White Creaseback (Blue Lake)	65	Tender, fleshy pods about 5½ in. long; dry beans clear white. Green beans fine for snaps; dry beans for baking carton 15c
*White Seeded Kentucky Wonder (Burger's Green Pod Stringless)	63	Long, dark green pods for snaps; seeds good for baking. Grown principally in Southern California carton 15c
BEANS-DWARF LIMA		
*Burpee's Improved Bush	75	Plants large, heavily productive. Four large, thick beans to a pod carton 15c
Dwarf Large White	78	Pods 4½ in. long; 3 to 4 large, thick beans; dry beans white, flat. Standard large-seeded carton 15c
Early Market	68	Smooth dark green pods; mostly 3 large flat beans to the pod. Very early and prolific. Fine for home and market. Developed by U. S. Department of Agriculture. All-America Award carton 15c
*Fordhook Bush (Potato Lima)	75	Pods 4 to 4½ in. long. Three to four seeds. Dry beans white, very plump. The finest quality lima bean carton 15c
*Fordhook No. 242	76	Large thick beans, 3 or 4 to the pod. Easy to shell. Finest flavor. Developed by U. S. Department of Agriculture. All-America Award carton 15c
*Henderson's Bush (Baby Lima)	65	Pods small; 3 to 4 small flat seeds; dry beans white. Popular in North because of earliness. Excellent quality carton 15c
Jackson Wonder Bush	66	Pods medium size. Four to five fairly thick, large beans. Dry beans marked brownish-red. Popular in South carton 15c
*Thorogreen	65	Similar to Henderson's Bush but seed coat and seed interior greenish. Attractive for canning carton 15c
BEANS—POLE LIMA		
*Challenger or Fordhook Pole	92	Extremely heavy producer. Plants 10 to 15 ft. tall. Pods 5 to 6 in. long. Contain 4 to 6 large thick green beans
Florida Butter, Speckled	85	Pods in clusters. Beans buff, spotted reddish brown. Popular and dependable in South
*King of the Garden	88	Pods large, about 6 in. long. Four to five large, thick, white seeds. Improved form of Large White Lima carton 15c
Large Speckled or	90	Broad flat pods contain large flat beans of creamy green with deep red or maroon markings.



Many outstanding vegetable varieties

		<i>y y y y y y y y y y</i>
Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
BEANS—Pole Lima (Cont.)		
Small White (Carolina or Sieva)	78	Pods $3\frac{1}{2}$ in, long; 3 to 4 small seeds of splendid quality. Known as Pole Butter Bean of the South
BEET-TABLE		
Crosby's Egyptian	58	Lighter in color than Detroit Dark Red. Round, flattened. Excellent for early beets and greens. Famous for sweetness pkt. 10c
Detroit Dark Red	60	Deep rich red; globe-shaped. Very little zoning. Tender and delicious. Best all-purpose beet; the standard of excellence in table beets. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Early Blood Turnip	60	Flesh bright red. Tops somewhat coarse. Quick-grower which many gardeners like pkt. 10c
Early Wonder Green Top Bunching	58 58	Flattened globe shape. Deep purplish-red, zoned lighter. Good home garden beet pkt. 10c Early and attractive. Foliage keeps fresh color well into fall. Roots almost round. Interior
Long Dark Blood	90	color bright blood red. Our introduction Long slender roots of dark purplish-red. Best table beet for field culture. Splendid keeper
(Above Ground) Perfected Detroit	62	pkt. 10c A fine strain of Detroit Dark Red with longer bright green tops pkt. 10c pkt. 10c
Tall Top Early Wonder	60	Early beet of Crosby type with specially large tops. Suitable both for root use and for greens Really beet of Crosby type with specially large tops. Suitable both for root use and for pkt. 10c
BEET-MANGEL WURZEL		
Danish Red Giant Ecken- dorf	120	Roots very large, thick, cylindrical. Red above, rose below ground. Grows largely above ground pkt. 10c
Danish Yellow Giant Eckendorf	120	Roots light yellow, tinged with green above ground. Aside from color same as Danish Red Giant Eckendorf pkt. 10c
Giant Half Sugar, Green Top	120	Roots long ovoid, grayish white with light green shoulder. Flesh white pkt. 10c
Giant Half Sugar, Rose Top	120	Roots long oval, tapered. Grayish white with rose colored shoulder. Flesh white, rich in sugar pkt. 10c
Mammoth Long Red	120	Large, spindle-shaped roots, straight and thick. Grow 1/3 to 1/2 out of ground. Light red. Flesh white tinged rose pkt. 10c
BROCCOLI		
Cauliflower type *De Cicco	60	(See Cauliflower, Winter) Plants medium tall, light green. Produce a high percentage of side shoots. Very early and
*Green Sprouting	70	of excellent quality pkt. 10c Plants 3 to 4 ft. tall. Many sprouts about 5 in. long end in heads of deep green buds. Use
Rapa	60	in bud stage. Cook only 15 to 20 minutes pkt. 10c Leaves and small heads make excellent greens. Cut just before heads start to bloom, Sow
Kapa	00	seed very early in spring. Quick growing pkt. 10c
BRUSSELS SPROUTS		
*Long Island Improved	90	Plants about 20 in. tall. Many firm little heads an inch or two in diameter. Very satisfactory for home gardens for fall and early winter use pkt. 10c
CABBAGE, FIRST EARLY		
Charleston or Large Wakefield	71	Large pointed heads. One of the best for Southern home gardens pkt. 10c
Copenhagen Market	66	Uniformly round heads. Interior white, very solid. Plants compact for setting close together in garden pkt. 10c
Early Jersey Wakefield	62	Pointed heads, small and firm. Earliest pointed variety. Plants compact for small garden
Golden Acre	66	planting pkt. 10c Similar to Copenhagen Market, but heads are smaller. Earliest round headed cabbage
Jersey Queen Resistant Detroit	62 62	Yellows Resistant Early Jersey Wakefield Yellows Resistant type of Golden Acre. Uniform round heads. Our introduction pkt. 10c
CARRACE MEDIUMEARIA		
CABBAGE, MEDIUM EARLY All Head Early	77	Firm flat heads, weighing 6 to 7 lbs. Especially good for kraut pkt. 10c
All Head Select Ferry's Round Dutch	77 71	Yellows Resistant All Head Early Pkt. 10c Heads about 6 in. in diameter, round and firm. Very good second-early cabbage. Our in-
Globe	80	troduction pkt. 10c Yellows Resistant Glory of Enkhuizen pkt. 10c
Glory of Enkhuizen	76	Large, round, firm heads. Good main crop selection for home garden. Fine for kraut pkt. 10c
Marion Market	75	Vellows Resistant strain of Copenhagen Market. Produces normal crop on infected soils where non-resistant strains fail pkt. 10c
Midseason Market	1	Large round head. Splendid variety to follow one of the First Earlies. Our introduction

are Ferry Morse introductions





Broccoli, Green Sprouting—among the first on the list in healthful vitamins

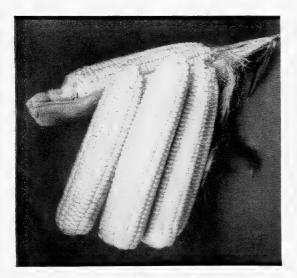


Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield—ideally suited to home garden planting because of compactness

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
CABBAGE, MEDIUM EARLY		
(Cont.)		
Slow Bolting Flat Dutch	90	Popular on the Pacific Coast. Heads will stand a long time after maturity without bolting to seed. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Stein's Flat Dutch	95	Heads large and flat but deep and firm pkt. 10c
Succession	84	Large, flat, deep heads. Very dependable for late summer and fall use pkt. 10c
Wisconsin All Seasons (Yellows Resistant)	90	Large flattened head. Excellent quality. Especially valuable in localities infected with cabbage yellows pkt. 10c
GARRAGE ALTER		
CABBAGE, LATE		
Danish Ballhead Ferry's Hollander	100 105	Large flattened globe-shaped heads. Very firm and solid. One of best late cabbages pkt. 10c Medium sized round heads. Firm and solid. Wonderful quality. Best variety for home gardeners to plant for winter storage. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Ferry's Premium Late Flat Dutch	100	Large, flat, deep, firm heads. Reliable keeper. Much used for kraut. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Mammoth Rock Red	90	Large head. Appetizing color. Tender. Good flavor. Fine for pickling and salads. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Oakview Ballhead	110	A larger, heavier head than Ferry's Hollander; otherwise similar. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Penn State Ballhead	100	Attractive, flattened, globe-shaped heads. Excellent for winter storage. Fine for kraut pkt. 10c
Round Red Dutch (Early)	80	Deep red, round, solid heads weighing 3 to 5 lbs pkt. 10c
Savoy, Chieftain	88	Flattened globe-shaped. Crumpled leaves. Outstanding quality. Our introduction; All- America Award 1938 pkt. 10c
Wisconsin Hollander	100	Yellows Resistant. Developed out of Ferry's Hollander. Splendid for storage and kraut pkt. 10c
CARDOON		
Large Smooth	180	Grown for fleshy leaf stalks or midribs. Plants about three feet tall, grayish-green. Leaves frequently tied to hasten blanching pkt. 10c
CARROT		
Danvers (Half Long)	75	Roots longer than Red Cored Chantenay, taper to blunt point. Fine color and flavor pkt. 10c
French Forcing (Earliest Short Horn)	60	Earliest and smallest carrot grown. Almost round pkt. 10c
Imperator	77	Cylindrical, well-stumped roots, about 8 inches long at maturity. Deep orange color. Popular bunching variety for shipping in California and the South
Long Orange Improved	85	Long, slender, pointed. Good for table when young, for stock when matured pkt. 10c
Morse's Bunching	77	Long, almost cylindrical roots. Splendid for the garden as well as for shipping. Our introduction pkt. 10c
*Nantes, Strong Top	68	Flesh bright orange; cylindrical; no core; fine sweet flavor. A strain of the true Nantes bred for stems and tops that do not break off so easily as the old type. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Ox Heart or Guerande	80	Broad, stocky, heart-shaped; 4½ to 5 in. long. Good table carrot when young, for stock feed when mature. Especially adapted to clay soils pkt. 10c

More than 90 years with but one objective—

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
CARROT (Cont.)		
*Red Cored Chantenay	70	Rich, orange-red clear to center. Tapers to blunt end. Sweet, tender. Outstanding favorite. Our introduction pkt. 10c
*Supreme Half Long	75	Refined strain of Danvers. Small core. Deep attractive color. Tender, sweet, fine flavor. Our introduction. Special_mention, 1937 All-America Selections pkt. 10c
*Touchon	68	Similar to Nantes, but with greater length and stronger tops. Excellent quality for home and market garden pkt. 10c
CAULIFLOWER		
*Early Snowball "A"	55	Super Snowball type. Short-leaved type well adapted for greenhouse forcing or early market Heads medium size, snow white, deep, smooth, compact. Our introduction pkt. 10c
*Snowball "X"	60	Snowdrift type. Large, solid white heads of fine quality. Recommended for use where weather conditions are unfavorable for growing earlier maturing strain. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Winter	120	Large, white, solid heads of excellent quality. Plants hardy, vigorous, and easily grown where winters are mild. Strains differing in maturity dates from November to April have been developed. Our introductions pkt. 10a
CELERIAC		
Large Smooth Prague	110	Large, round, smooth tubers; very tender. For celery flavor in soups, stews, and salads pkt. 10c
CELERY		
Dwarf Golden Yellow Self Blanching	115	Compact growth. Thick solid stalks that blanch to clear waxen yellow. Popular because of earliness and fine flavor pkt. 10c
Easy Blanching	110	Splendid early variety. Blanches readily. Vigorous, compact growth pkt. 10c
Ferry's Pascal	120	Large, compact, green-leaved. Stalks blanch to yellowish-white. Unsurpassed flavor pkt. 10c
Golden Detroit	115	Plants compact, full-hearted. Stems 7 to 8 in. long; blanch easily; free from strings. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Golden Plume or Wonderful	110	Thick, solid stalks that blanch readily. Finest quality. Very desirable for home use pkt. 10c
Soup or Cutting	120	Tops grow rapidly, furnishing cuttings all season. For cooking and seasoning, not for blanching
Superplume	110	An improved Golden Plume, excellent to store for fall and winter use. Our introduction pkt. 100
Supreme Golden	105	An outstanding new strain of the Golden Yellow Self Blanching type. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Tall Golden Yellow Self Blanching	105	Fairly tall, compact, firm stalks that blanch readily. Early pkt. 10c
Tall Non-Bolting Golden Plume	115	Recommended for sections where unfavorable conditions cause ordinary strains to bolt Otherwise similar to Golden Plume, but later. Our introduction pkt. 16c
Utah	130	The most popular green celery. Fine flavor pkt. 10c
White Plume	115	Stalks and foliage blanch readily to snowy white. Valuable for early market pkt. 10c



Sweet Corn, Golden Cross Bantam



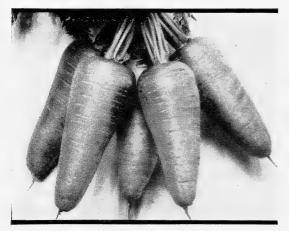
Chinese cabbage, Michihli (pronounced Mish-heé-lee), a new Ferry-Morse development

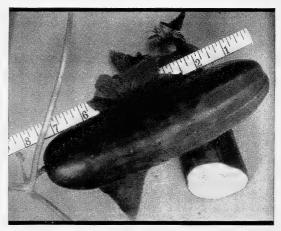
better vegetable and flower seeds

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
CHERVIL Curled	60	Similar to parsley, but of more delicate texture. Leaves bright rich green (See also Herbs, page 48) pkt. 10c
CHICORY Asparagus or Catalogna	65	Long, slender, distinctly cut, green leaves. Also known as Italian dandelion. Very desirable for salads
Large Rooted or Coffee Magdeburg Witloof or French Endive	65 65 150	tor salads pkt. 10c Roots are used for food; young tops for salads Slender, strap leaves. Used for salads Compact clusters of blanched leaves. Rich, mildly acrid flavor. Attractive salad vegetable
CHINESE CABBAGE		pkt. 10c
Chihli Michihli	70 70	See Michihli, our new improved strain pkt. 10c Exceptionally sure heading new variety. Heads firmer and often larger than those of Chihli. Tender, fine flavored. Serve as salad or cook like asparagus. Our own development
Wong Bok	75	Heads 8 to 10 in. tall, broad, and firm. Well blanched and of excellent quality pkt. 10c
CHIVES	90	Grass-like leaves with appetizing flavor like mild onion. Use in salads, cottage cheese, and many cooked dishes pkt. 10c
COLLARDS Cabbage or Heading (Buncombe)	75	Low growing compact plants, 1½ to 2 ft. tall. Cabbage-like flavor. Popular as greens in pkt. 10c
Georgia, Southern, or Creole	75	Grows 2 to 3 ft. tall. Large, light green leaves in open cluster. Grown in South in place of cabbage and used as greens. Light frost improves crop pkt. 10c
CORN, SWEET (WHITE VARIETIES)		
Alameda Sweet	90	Stocky plants, ears plump, 7 to 8 in. long. Adapted to Pacific Coast. Husks wrapped tightly about top limit injury by corn ear worm carton 15c
Alpha Black Mexican	72 88	The earliest sweet corn. Surprisingly sweet and tender. Our introduction carton 15c One of the richest flavored and most tender varieties. Kernels clear white at table stage; become blue-black when ripe carton 15c
Country Gentleman	100	Ears 7½ to 9 in. long, 2 in. thick; packed with irregular rows of white, sweet kernels. For many years one of most popular late home garden varieties carton 15c
Ferry's Early Evergreen	95	Valuable for home gardens. Ears 7½ in. long. Kernels remain fresh and tender remarkably long time. Our introduction carton 15c
Howling Mob Oregon Evergreen	85 95	Ears 7 to 7½ in. long, 12-rowed. Kernels milky white and of good sweet flavor carton 15c Ears medium to large; 12 to 18-rowed. Tight husk helps protect ear from corn ear worm. Popular in Southern California for winter use and as late corn on northern coast carton 15c
*Stowell's Evergreen	100	Large ears about 8 in. long; big kernels; very sweet. One of best late varieties; earlier than Country Gentleman carton 15c
CORN, SWEET (YELLOW VARIETIES)		
*Bantam Evergreen (Golden)	95	Large ears 7½ to 8 in. long; rich golden cream kernels; fine flavor. Remains in condition a long time carton 15c
Carmel Golden	82	Dwarf, second-early variety, popular in California. Large, thick, 12-rowed ears. Our intro- duction carton 15c
*Ferry's Golden (Charlevoix)	82	Ears 6½ to 7 in. long, kernels unusually sweet and tender. Finest flavored home garden variety. Our introduction carton 15c
*Golden Bantam	78	Uniform ears 6 to 7 in, long; true 8-rowed strain. A favorite for flavor. The earliest really sweet variety carton 15c
*Golden Cross Bantam P51X39 (Hybrid)	88	The best hybrid sweet corn. Large ears, 10 to 14-rowed. Less susceptible to Stewart's Disease than many other varieties carton 15c
Golden Early Market Golden Sunshine	72 74	Large, attractive ears, 12 to 14-rowed. Valuable early home garden variety carton 15c Taller, more vigorous plants and larger ears than Golden Bantam. Very good quality
*Ioana IP39XI-45 (Hybrid)	90	Carton 15c Ears 7½ to 8 inches long, 12 to 14-rowed. Medium narrow light yellow kernels. Developed by Iowa Experiment Station. Received All-America Award, 1939. Highly resistant to drought and bacterial wilt. Excellent for canning and market garden carton 15c carton 15c
Marcross C13X6 (Hybrid)	72	Very desirable early variety. Ears 6½ to 7½ inches long, 10 to 14 rowed, kernels medium yellow. Highly resistant to bacterial wilt carton 15c
Whipple's Early Yellow	85	Stalks 6 feet tall. Ears 7 to 8 in. long, 14-rowed. Excellent flavor carton 15c
CORN, FIELD Early Adams or Burlington	90	White kernels, sweet and tender when young; ears 7 to 8 in. long, 2 in. thick. Much used for table in South
Trucker's Favorite	90	Similar to Early Adams. Much used in South for roasting ears carton 15c
POP CORN		
South American White Hulless Hybrid	110 105	Large yellow kernels that pop to enormous size without hard centers carton 15c Ears about 3½ in. long. Kernels white and pointed. Popped kernels very large and snowy white carton 15c
White Rice	110	white Dry cars 6 in, long. Kernels translucent, waxy white; pointed. Popped kernels large and snow white

Plant chinese cabbage and endive in

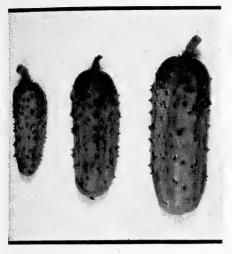
Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
CORN SALAD (Fetticus or Lamb's Lettuce)	45	Thick leaves of mild flavor. Use fresh or cook like lettuce or spinach pkt. 10
CRESS		
Curled or Pepper Grass	45	Frilled, curled leaves; warm pungent flavor. Appetizing addition to lettuce; also used for garnishing
True Water	180	Hardy perennial water plant. Leaves of piquant flavor used for salads and garnishing Thrives best in running water or in soil kept wet pkt. 10
CUCUMBER		
A & C	68	Fruits slightly tapered, but fairly straight and symmetrical. Deep green. Very popular i southeastern United States pkt. 10
Black Diamond (It Stays Green)	60	Splendid shipping variety. Fruits rich dark green pkt. 10
Boston Pickling	60	Medium dark green; 6 to 7 in. long when grown; only slightly tapered. Popular for pickling also used for slicing pkt. 10
Chicago Pickling (Westerfield)	60	Fruits slightly longer and more tapering than those of Boston Pickling pkt. 10 pkt. 10
Crystal Apple	65	A true cucumber but like an apple in shape and size. Crisp, tender pkt. 10
Early Cluster	56	Short, thick, blunt fruits about 5½ in. long. Medium dark green. Desirable for picklin and slicing pkt. 10
Early Fortune	66	A desirable slicing variety extensively grown for shipping. Fruits very dark green pkt. 10
Early Short Green (Early Frame)	56	Fruits 6 to 7 in. long. Bright medium green. Very good for making so-called "gherkin pickles when fruits are young pkt. 10
Early White Spine (Earliest of All)	60	Medium dark green, slightly tapering to blunt ends; 7 in. long, 2½ in. thick. Very popula for home gardens
Improved Long Green	68	Medium dark green; black-spined; 10 to 12 in. long. Excellent for slicing pkt. 10
Lemon	65	Deep lemon yellow, about 3 in. in diameter, nearly round. Odd, but delicious cucumber for slicing and salads pkt. 10
Longfellow	72	Valuable for home gardens and shipping. Handsome, dark green fruits pkt. 10
National Pickling	54	Straight, symmetrical fruits become 6 in. long when mature. Superior for small pickles Very uniform pkt. 10
Small Gherkin	60	Genuine West India gherkin. Pale green oval fruits with spine-like projections. Mak tasty pickles pkt. 10
Snow's Pickling	54	Deep green color. Popular for small pickles pkt. 10
Straight-8	66	Straight; symmetrical; 8 in. long, 1½ in. diameter; rich deep green. Unsurpassed for slicing Our introduction, All-America Gold Medal Award pkt. 10
DANDELION		
Improved Thick Leaved	95	Thick leaves of deep green. Compact with upright tuft at center. Superior to uncultivate plant plant
EGGPLANT		
Black Beauty	80	Large, symmetrical fruits. Retain glossy, black-purple coloring for long time. Popular
Fort Myers Market	85	Fruits of ideal size for shipping. Color deep purplish black with high gloss. Vigorous, verproductive, high bush variety, especially adapted to Florida and Cuba pkt. 10
Improved Large Purple	80	Yields 4 to 6 large fruits of dark purple. Flesh firm and meaty. Plants spineless. Very popular variety

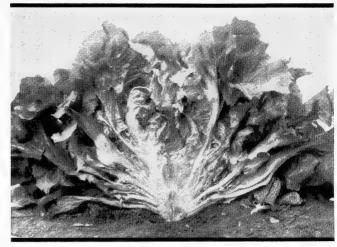




Two of the many outstanding vegetable varieties of Ferry-Morse development . . . on the left, Red Cored Chantenay Carrot (see page 36); on the right, Straight-8 Cucumber

midsummer for fall and winter salads





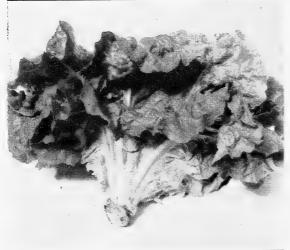
Cucumber, National Pickling

Endive, Full Heart Batavian

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
ENDIVE		
Deep Heart Fringed	90	All-America Silver Medal, 1940. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Full Heart Batavian (Escarolle)	90	An improved form of Broad Leaved Batavian. Leaves large and broad. Heads compact, well-rounded. Unexcelled for salads because of crispness and tenderness pkt. 10c
Green Curled Ruffec, Green Ribbed	95	Leaves mossy appearing. Center blanches to delicate white. Very good for fall and winter use pkt. 10c
Large Green Curled (Pink Ribbed)	95	Vigorous and resistant. Outer leaves bright green, midribs tinged with rose. Center leaves blanch readily. Attractive salad plant pkt. 10c
FENNEL		
Florence	110	Branching plant with feathery foliage and bulb-like base. Sweet-flavored bulb eaten cooked or raw; stalks eaten like celery pkt. 10c
KALE or BORECOLE		
Dwarf Blue Curled	75	Improved strain of Dwarf Curled Scotch. Very popular in vicinity of Norfolk pkt. 10c
Dwarf Green Curled	75	Low, spreading plant. Finely curled, parsley-like leaves. Desirable for greens and garnishing. Exceptionally hardy pkt. 10c
Jersey or Thousand Headed	80	Strong growing plants 6 to 8 ft. tall. Smooth leaves. Much used for poultry and stock feed pkt. 10c
Siberian or Sprouts	70	Dwarf, spreading plants. Large plume-like frilled leaves. Sometimes called "German greens" pkt. 10c
Tall Green Curled Scotch	75	Light green densely curled leaves on plants 3 ft. tall. Widely grown for greens. Very hardy; improved by light frosts pkt. 10c
KOHL RABI		
Early Purple Vienna	60	Bulbs purplish color; flesh white and tender pkt. 10c
Early White Vienna	55	Bulbs light green on outside; flesh white, mild-flavored, tender. Most popular table variety pkt. 10c
LEEK		
American, London, or Large Flag	150	Early. Popular gardener's variety with long, thick, well blanched stem pkt. 10c
Giant Musselburgh	150	Long white stem; medium green leaves. Not so hardy as Monstrous Carentan, and stems longer and more slender pkt. 10c
Monstrous Carentan	150	Very popular hardy variety. Pure white stem. Dark, blue green leaves pkt. 10c
LETTUCE, HEADING		
Bibb	57	Small, somewhat loose heads with a distinct flavor. Outer leaves deep glossy green, interior rich yellowish waxy green. Very tender pkt. 10c
Big Boston	76	Plain edged leaves tinged bronze at margins. Buttery yellow at heart. One of best flavored varieties pkt. 10c
Cornell No. 456	82	An excellent new variety of the Iceberg type developed at Cornell University. Similar to Great Lakes in appearance and performance pkt. 10c
Great Lakes	82	New variety of Iceberg type, introduced by Michigan State College. Highly recommended for planting in the Great Lakes area. All-America Award, 1944 pkt. 10c
Green Mignonette	66	A somewhat larger selection of the older variety; wholly green, no trace of brown. Very crisp. Especially adapted to tropical climates. Popular in South Pacific. Our introduction pkt. 10c

Ferry-Morse seeds are available

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices	
LETTUCE, HEADING (Cont.)			
Hanson	82	Large, hard cabbage-like head. White heart	pkt. 10c
Hubbard's Market	67	Well known butter heading variety. Also popular in Cuba and South America	pkt. 10c
Iceberg	82	Very popular for home gardens. Head large, hard, crumpled, red tinged. Inside wh	ite, crisp pkt. 10c
Imperial No. 44	82	Very popular in Northeastern States	pkt. 10c
Imperial No. 847	83	A New York type especially adapted for eastern and southern use	pkt. 10c
May King	66	Earliest heading lettuce. Medium small, firm, round head	pkt. 10c
Mignonette	66	Excellent quality. Very small head	pkt. 10c
New York (Iceberg type)	81	Large, dark green, tightly folded head, well-blanched and sweet. Very widely grow	wn pkt. 10c
Salamander (Black Seeded Tennisball)	70	Forms heads when weather is too warm for most varieties	pkt. 10c
White Boston	76	Light green head; buttery yellow heart. An outstanding variety. Our own perfectived strain	ted pure- pkt. 10c
LETTUCE, LOOSE LEAVED			
Black Seeded Simpson	45	Broad, light yellowish green leaves, frilled and crumpled. Attractive early variety	nkt. 10c
Chicken Lettuce	45	Very hardy. Rapid growing. Non-heading. Produces flower stalks early and abuseleaves for long period. Our introduction	
Early Curled Simpson	45	Compact plants. Leaves bright lustrous green, broad and frilled. Plant thickly when young and tender	and use pkt. 10c
Grand Rapids	45	Leaves large, broad, waved, frilled, light green. Very tender. Our introduction	pkt. 10c
Grand Rapids U. S. No. 1	42	Mildew resistant strain of Grand Rapids, developed by U. S. Department of Agricultum argins slightly more deeply cut, color a little duller and lighter green, than the Stands longer without bolting to seed than other strains	ure. Leaf original. pkt. 10c
Prize Head	45	Outside leaves ringed red; interior green. Frilled, crumpled, tender, sweet. One satisfactory varieties for home gardens. Our introduction	of most
Slobolt	45	Recently developed strain of Grand R. pids type which does not bolt quickly to see duced by USDA. Fine home garden variety	d. Intro- pkt. 10c
LETTUCE, COS or ROMAINE			
Dark Green	70	Medium large, dark green. Firm well folded head	pkt. 10c
White Paris or Trianon	70	Outer leaves medium light green; interior whitish green. Loose heads 8 to 9 in. tall. salad lettuce	Summer pkt. 10c
MUSKMELON, ORANGE FLESHED			
Bender's Surprise	90	Medium to large. Oval. Skin light yellow when ripe. Delicious flavor	pkt. 10c
Crenshaw	110	A cross between Casaba and Cantaloupe. Matures in late summer and bears well Needs long growing season. Salmon flesh. Wonderful flavor	into fall. pkt. 10c
Early Osage	84	Fruits 6 to 7 in. diameter. Almost round, Thick, sweet flesh of salmon-orange, for home gardens. Our introduction	Splendid pkt. 10c
Hale's Best	86	Oval fruits 6½ in. long, heavily netted. Thick, deep, salmon flesh. Earliness and r make this a favorite	ich flavor pkt. 10c
*Hearts of Gold	100	Round, 5 to 6 in. diameter. Thick, sweet flesh of deep salmon-orange. Fine to plan cession where season is long	t for suc- pkt. 10c





Leaf Lettuce, Black Seeded Simpson

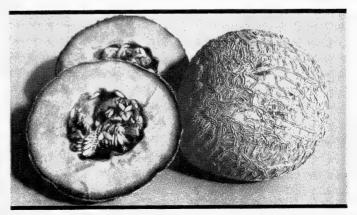
Lettuce, Great Lakes (See page 39)

everywhere in the United States

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
MUSKMELON, ORANGE FLESHED (Cont.)		
*Honey Rock	85	Nearly round, 5 to 6 in. diameter. Thick, deep salmon flesh. Sweet musky flavor. One of the varieties best-adapted to home gardens. Early
Improved Perfecto	90	Fruits almost spherical, 6 to 7 in. diameter. Outstanding for fine quality pkt. 10c
Iroquois	90	Fruits oblong, heavily netted. Thick orange flesh of high quality. Excellent for home or market garden pkt. 10c
Persian	115	Round fruits, 6 to 8 in. diameter. Very dark green, netted. Flesh thick, bright orange. Distinctive flavor. Needs long growing season pkt. 10c
Pride of Wisconsin	90	Similar in size and shape to Honey Rock. Oval. Tough, heavily netted rind. Flesh deep orange and very thick. Sweet and of excellent quality pkt. 10c
Resistant, No. 45	87	Oval fruits with indistinct ribbing and netting. Salmon flesh, thick, firm, sweet, and of good quality. Resistant to powdery mildew pkt. 10c
MUSKMELON, GREEN FLESHED		
Netted Gem or Rocky Ford	92	Small, oval, 4½ to 5 in. diameter. Abundant yielder. Well-known favorite pkt. 10c
MUSKMELON, WINTER Casaba, Golden Beauty	120	Globe-shaped. Pinched at stem end. Leathery rind. Most successful in California and Gulf
Honey Dew (Green	115	States pkt. 10c Broad-oval, 7 to 8 in. long. Thick, light green flesh. Fine-grained, delicious. May be picked
Fleshed)		before fully ripe and stored in cool place pkt. 10c
WATERMEI ON		
WATERMELON Citron (Red Seeded)	95	Round; striped green. Flesh white, firm. For preserves and candied fruit. pkt. 10c
Dixie Queen (White Seeded Cuban Queen)	85	Nearly round, light green striped with darker green. Deep red flesh, crisp and sweet. Fruits often weigh 40 to 50 pounds. Excellent for home gardens. Much used in South okt. 10e
Early Kansas	80	Distinctly early. Fruits nearly round, large, and of excellent quality. Seeds large and reddish. Popular in mid-west for shipping pkt. 10c
Florida Giant	95	Fruits nearly round, dark green. Flesh bright red, firm, of excellent quality. Large seeds mottled dark brown pkt. 10c
*Harris' Earliest	80	Medium size, nearly round. Flesh bright scarlet, sweet, tender. Seeds black. Particularly satisfactory in North because of earliness pkt. 10c
Irish Grey	90	Fruits large and oblong, with very hard rind. Flesh bright red and of good quality. Seeds white. Especially valuable for distant shipping pkt. 10c
Kleckley's Sweets or Monte Cristo	85	See Wonder pkt. 10c
Klondike, Black Seeded	85	Similar to brown seeded strain but a trifle smaller and earlier and has small black seeds pkt. 10c
Klondike, Morse's Brown Seeded	85	Oblong. Uniform dark green. Flesh deep pink. Delicious flavor. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Klondike, Striped	. 85	Much the same as brown seeded strain, but fruits are striped. Extensively used in California for market pkt. 10c
Stone Mountain or Dixie Belle	90	Nearly round; often weigh 60 to 80 lbs. in South. Flesh red, seeds white, tipped brown. Early enough so quite large fruits can be grown in North. Excellent quality pkt. 10c
Tom Watson	95	Large, long, green fruit. Flesh deep red; brown seeds. Special favorite in South pkt. 10c
Winter King and Queen	90	Round, smooth, pale to yellow green, faintly striped. Flesh crisp, sweet, of good quality. Will keep for several weeks properly stored pkt. 10c
*Wonder (Improved Kleck- ley's Sweets)	85	Comparatively new. Useful for home gardens. Large fruits often 22 in. long. pkt. 10c



Okra, Perkins' Mammoth Long Pod (See page 42)

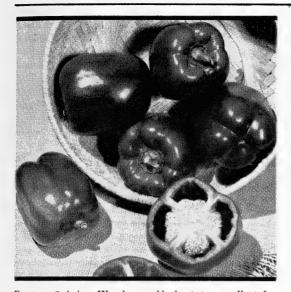


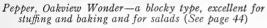
Muskmelon, Honey Rock

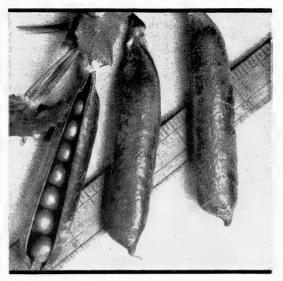
Enjoy vegetables for many months

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
MUSTARD		
Florida Broad Leaf	50	Leaves rounded, large, slightly crumpled, medium light green. Quick growing, remains in condition a long time
Large, Smooth Leaf	50	Large, smooth, green leaves borne well above ground. Preferred by many because more
Southern Giant Curled (Long Standing)	60	easily prepared for table than rough-leaved varieties Leaves large, light yellowish-green, much frilled. Highly valued in South because of vigorous growth, hardiness, and good quality pkt. 10c
Tendergreen or Spinach- Mustard	45	growth, hardiness, and good quality Narrow, spoon-shaped leaves of dark green. Rapid growth pkt. 10c pkt. 10c
OKRA or GUMBO Clemson Spineless	60	Plants 3½ to 4 ft. tall. Pods rich green, straight, moderately ridged, and of high quality. Remarkably uniform. All-America Silver Medal, 1939 pkt. 10c
Dwarf Long Pod Green Perkins' Mammoth Long	55 60	Long, fluted, dark green pods. Pods remain in fine condition a long time pkt. 10c Pods 4 to 5 in, long, deep green, slightly corrugated. Early and prolific. Very tender
Pod White Velvet	60	pkt. 10c Long, smooth white pods. Tender until nearly full size. A favorite in the South pkt. 10c
ONION, RED	ĺ	
Red Wethersfield	100	Large, flattened, thick bulbs. Flesh purplish-white. Early maturing. Heavy producer even
Southport Red Globe	110	in poor soils. The most popular red onion Medium to large, globe-shaped. Medium early. Popular. One of best keepers pkt. 10c
ONION, WHITE		
Bunching	60	Crisp, white, mild. Suitable for spring appetizer. Fine for cooking when larger grown pkt. 10c
Crystal White Wax Evergreen Bunching	95 60	Early flat onion, sweet and mild. Used for early shipment in Southwest pkt. 10c Profitable home or market garden variety for young or bunching onions. Produces 4 to 6
Southport White Globe	110	useful shoots from single seed first season pkt. 10c Large size; medium early; firm; mild. Abundant yield. Our strain is unsurpassed in uniformity of shape and color pkt. 10c
White Portugal (American	100	Pure white; very sweet, mild flavor. Early maturing. A favorite for green onions, for use in
Silverskin) White Sweet Spanish	110	salads, and later for cooking pkt. 10c Like original Sweet Spanish except color is white. Globe shaped pkt. 10c
ONION, YELLOW		
Australian Brown	100	Standard market variety of notably long keeping quality. Bulbs flattened globe. Thick, chestnut brown skin. Flavor strong. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Brigham Yellow Globe Early Yellow Globe	110 100	Very solid. Globe-shaped. Grown from selected bulbs of original strain pkt. 10c Excellent globe-shaped variety. Ten days earlier than Southport Yellow Globe pkt. 10c
Ebenezer	100	Large, somewhat flattened. Leading variety for onion sets pkt. 10c
Southport Yellow Globe	110	Large, uniformly globe-shaped. Flesh white, crisp, mild. Medium early. We highly recommend this for general home garden planting pkt. 10c
Yellow Bermuda	95	Medium to large, flattened. White flesh, mild and sweet. Needs long season to produce finest bulbs pkt. 10c
Sweet Spanish	115	Globe-shaped. Often weigh 2 lbs. Deliciously mild. For largest onions start seed early indoors and transplant later outside pkt. 10c
Yellow Globe Danvers	105	We recommend trying Early Yellow Globe which is an improvement over this older variety.
DADCLEY		
PARSLEY Extra Triple Curled (Moss Curled)	75	Dark green, tightly curled leaves. Unusually decorative for table use pkt. 10c
Double Curled	70	Rich deep green, finely curled leaves pkt. 10c
Evergreen	70	Large dense dark green foliage. More resistant to frost than other varieties. All-America Award, 1940. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Hamburg Thick Rooted	90	Root resembles parsnip. Use for flavoring soups and stews. Store in sand for winter pkt. 10c
Paramount	85	Very uniform, triple curled. Plants 12 inches tall. All-America Award, 1935. Our introduction pkt. 10c
Plain or Single	80	Leaves deeply cut, flat, dark green. Excellent for seasoning; not so good for garnishing pkt. 10c
		s .
PARSNIP Hollow Crown, Thick Shoulder	130	Roots 18 to 20 in. long. Skin smooth, white. Flesh tender. Most popular variety in cultiva- tion pkt. 10c
Short Thick	100	About half the size of Hollow Crown and at least a month earlier. Splendid garden variety. Our introduction pkt. 10c pkt. 10c
Smooth White	130	Long roots of excellent flavor. Will keep through winter without protection. Our introduction Our introduction

from a well-planned garden





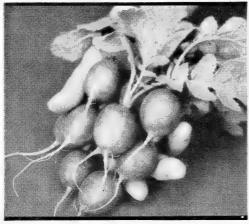


Peas, Little Marvel-none better for your home garden

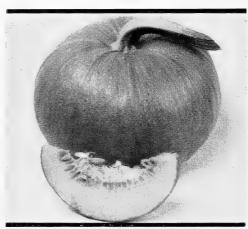
stuffing and baking and	for salae	ds (See page 44)
Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
PEAS, FIRST EARLY		
Alaska, Wilt Resistant	58	Vines 2½ to 3 ft. tall. Plump pods 2½ in. long. Extremely early. Give vines support when possible carton 15c
American Wonder,	60	Vines 12 to 14 in. tall. Pods plump, straight. Very productive. Important, early dwarf pea for home gardens. Same as Nott's Excelsior carton 15c
*Gradus	62	Vines 3 to 3½ ft. tall. Pods 4 in. long. Peas large. Early large-podded pole pea. Splendid quality
*Hundredfold	65	Large pods, nearly 4 in. long, ¾ in. wide. Vines 18 to 20 in. tall. Pods borne singly. For home, market garden, shipping carton 15c
*Laxton's Progress	60	Abundant dark green pods, 4 in. long, 34 in. wide. Largest of dwarf peas. Vines 18 to 22 in. tall. Very uniform in size, growth, and maturity. Our introduction carton 15c
*Little Marvel	64	Thrifty vines, 18 to 20 in. tall. Very plump 3-inch pods. Unsurpassed in quality and productiveness for home gardens carton 15c
*Morse's Progress No. 9 (Wilt Resistant)	60	Improved strain of Laxton's Progress developed and introduced by us. Pods slightly larger and darker green. Definitely wilt resistant pkt. 15c
Premium Gem	62	Vines 18 in. tall. Plump pods 234 in. long. Good home garden variety carton 15c
*Thomas Laxton	60	Vines 3½ to 4 ft. tall. Pods 4 to 4½ in. long. Large, tender peas. Unexcelled flavor; sweetness retained until peas begin to harden carton 15c
*World's Record	57	An improved earlier Gradus. Pods 3¾ in. long, wide, pointed at end carton 15c
PEAS, MIDSEASON		
*Alderman (Wilt Resistant)	75	Vines 4½ to 5 ft. tall. Pods 4½ to 5½ in. long. Splendid dark-podded pea of Telephone type
Dwarf Telephone or Daisy (Wilt Resistant)	75	Vines about 2 ft. tall; otherwise resembles Telephone. Splendid uniform stock, developed by us
*Morse's Market (Wilt Resistant)	70	New large podded pea. Vines 24 to 30 in. tall. Pods 5 to 5½ in. long. Fine to plant with early peas for succession. Our introduction
Morse's No. 60 (Wilt Resistant)	73	Improved Giant Stride type. Vines about 2½ ft. tall. Pods large, well-filled, often 5½ in. long, medium dark green; usually 9 to 11 peas of excellent quality. Our introduction carton 15c
*Telephone (Dark Podded) (Wilt Resistant)	75	Vines 4½ to 5 ft. tall. Pods 4½ to 5½ in. long. One of best for home and market garden carton 15c
Wisconsin Perfection (Wilt Resistant)	71	Vines nearly 3 ft. tall. Pods in pairs, 3¼ in. long; plump. Peas medium size. Canning variety. Improved wilt resistant variety of McLean's Advancer carton 15c
PEAS, LATE		
Giant Stride (Wilt Resistant)	75	Vines about 2½ ft. tall. Large pods 5 to 5½ in. long, pointed, plump. Good shipping variety carton 15c
*Improved Stratagem or Potlatch (Wilt Resistant)	77	Vines 2½ ft. tall. Large pods of Telephone type. Desirable for succession crop carton 15c
Large White Marrowfat	82	Vines 5 ft. tall. Pods very plump. Peas have rich marrowy flavor. Grown extensively for dry use
PEAS, EDIBLE POD		
Dwarf Gray Sugar (Wilt Resistant)	65	Vines 32 to 36 in. tall. Abundant pods 2¾ to 3¼ in. long. Color pale green. Quality excellent Color pale green. Quality exception 15c
Melting Sugar (Wilt Resistant)	72	Vines 4 to 5 ft. tall. Abundant broad pods, 4 to 4½ in. long. Rich flavor. To be cooked,

Varieties in the Ferry Display

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices
PEPPER, SWEET		
*California Wonder	72	Vigorous plants. Many blocky fruits with thick, crisp, mild, juicy flesh. Outstanding for stuffing and serving whole pkt. 10c
Harris' Early Giant	63	Good early variety for northern growing. Fruits large, 4½ in. long by 3½ in. through, very slightly tapered pkt. 10c
Oakview Wonder	63	Earlier, more productive strain of California Wonder. Blocky shape. Thick walls. Excellent quality. Our own introduction:
Pimiento	75	Medium size, cone-shaped. Especially good canning variety pkt. 10c
Ruby King	65	Large, 4½ to 5 in. long, slightly tapered. Flesh thick, sweet, mild. Approved by many home gardeners because of earliness and fine quality pkt. 10c
Sweet Yellow	60	The largest yellow pepper. Pale yellow flesh. Very mild and sweet. Blocky shape pkt. 10c
World Beater (Sweet Bull Nose type)	70	Fruits 5 in. long by 3½ in. diameter. Flesh mild. Walls thick. One of best large peppers pkt. 10c
PEPPER, HOT Anaheim	78	Late. Particularly adapted to culture in South. Fruits 6 to 8 in. long; about 1 in. through; tapered. Mildly pungent pkt. 10c
Bell or Bull Nose	55	Medium sized blocky fruits. Flesh mild, ribs pungent. Our stock superior in uniformity of size, shape, earliness pkt. 10c
Hungarian Yellow Wax	60	Waxy yellow fruits, 6 to 7 in. long. 2 in. diameter, slightly crumpled, tapering, and pointed. Larger and thicker-fleshed than other hot varieties. Fine for canning pkt. 10c
Long Red Cayenne	70	Strong pungent fruits, 4 in. long, ½ in. thick, twisted and pointed. Especially good for drying pkt. 10c
Red Chili	85	Bushy plants. Small tapering fruits about 2 in. long, bright red, very hot. Chiefly for making pepper sauce. Needs long season for growing pkt. 10c
PUMPKIN Green Striped Cushaw	115	Crooknecked, 18 to 20 in. long. Weight 10 to 15 lbs. Flesh rather coarse but sweet. Popular in South pkt. 10c
Large Yellow (Connecticut Field)	120	Fruits weigh about 20 lbs. Rich deep orange-yellow. Double-purpose pumpkin. Excellent for pies and good for stock feed pkt. 10c
Mammoth King	120	The largest pumpkin ever introduced. Has yielded 100 tons to acre. Very thick flesh pkt. 10c
Pie or Winter Luxury	110	Small, nearly round. Weight about 8½ lbs. Flesh creamy yellow, thick, sweet, finely flavored pkt, 10c
Sugar or New England Pie	115	Fruits weigh about 7 lbs. Thick flesh of rich orange. Fine sweet flavor. The right size for home use. Keeps well pkt. 10c
Sweet Cheese or Kentucky Field	120	Largely grown in South for canning and stock feed. Fruits very large, flattened pkt. 10c
RADISH		
Crimson Giant	29	Crisp, mild. Perfect condition until nearly 2 in. diameter. Largest of the early round radishes pkt. 10c
Early Scarlet Globe	23	Bright carmine-red. Oval shape. Flesh crisp and mild until nearly an inch in diameter. Most desirable early table radish. Best before fully grown pkt. 10c
French Breakfast	25	Oblong, blunt. Rich scarlet with white base. Good quality pkt. 10c
Icicle	30	Pure white. About 6 in. long, 1 inch thick. Small tops. Most crisp and tender of all radishes. A great favorite pkt. 10c
Long Scarlet	29	Bright carmine-red. Smooth tender skin. Mild crisp flesh. About 6 in. long. Easy to pull because upper part is out of ground pkt. 10c
Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped	25	Upper part rich red; lower part snow-white. Turnip shape. Reach 1½ in. diameter before becoming pithy pkt. 10c
Sparkler	25	Deep turnip shape. Bright scarlet with white tip pkt. 10c
White Strasburg	40	Roots 5 inches long; tapered; smooth; white; firm. Crisp, mild summer radish pkt. 10c



Radish, Early Scarlet Globe—uniform oval roots, attractive and appetizing

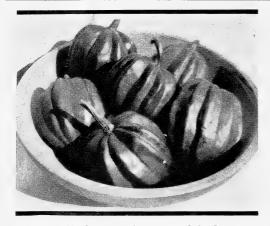


Pumpkin, Sugar or New England Pie—wonderfully sweet and fine textured

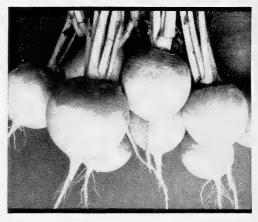
are selected for your locality

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices		
RADISH, WINTER		Down and Broad As Fig. 1 Florida 11		
Chinese Rose Winter (Scarlet China Winter)	50	Deep rose-red. Roots 4 to 5 in. long. Flesh white, crisp, mildly pungent. Attractive and of fine quality pkt. 10c		
Chinese White Winter (Celestial)	55	Clear white. Slightly oval to blunt base; 6 to 9 in. long. Not so pungent as most winter varieties pkt. 10c		
Round Black Spanish	55	Globe-shaped, 3½ to 4 in. diameter. Skin black, flesh white, crisp, pungent. Desirable for winter storing pkt. 10c		
RHUBARB (Pie Plant) Victoria 2 yrs		Straight crimson stalks. Delicious flavor. Excellent for home gardens pkt. 10c		
ROQUETTE	40	Leaves resemble radish but are smoother. Used for salads. Pungent odor pkt. 10c		
RUTABAGA (See page 47)				
SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER				
Mammoth Sandwich Island	150	Large, uniform, smooth white roots. Desirable winter vegetable. Store in cool cellar pkt. 10c		
SORREL				
Large Leaved French	60	Large pale green leaves of fine quality. Appetizing when well grown and cooked like spinach pkt. 10c		
Narrow Leaved	60	Leaves narrower and more upright than those of Large Leaved. Uses are the same. pkt. 10c		
SPINACH *Bloomsdale, Dark Green	40	Deep green leaves, large and blistered. Standard very early spinach pkt. 10c		
*Dark Green Prickly Seeded	45	Large plant. Many rounded, thick, dark green leaves. Well-adapted to fall planting where		
*Giant Thick-Leaved	43	winters are mild. Standard canning variety pkt. 10c Medium green leaves of large size, slightly crumpled in center. Largest spinach in culti-		
(Nobel) King of Denmark	48	vation. Excellent for home gardens pkt. 10c Intermediate between smooth-leaved and blistered varieties pkt. 10c		
*Long Standing Bloomsdale	45	Dark green leaves, crumpled, rounded. Remains in condition a long time without bolting to seed pkt. 10c		
New Zealand (Tetragonia)	55	Groups of small fleshy leaves, tender and delicious when cooked. Ideal for summer use; endures heat and thrives in most soils pkt. 10c		
Old Dominion (Blight Resistant)	40	Large dark green heavily crumpled leaves. Long standing. Used mostly for an early spring		
Viking	45	pkt. 10c Large, dark green smooth leaves with short petioles. Fine quality. Very desirable for ship-		
*Virginia Savoy (Blight Resistant)	40	ping and canning pkt. 10c Similar to Savoy-Leaved or Bloomsdale. Used principally in sections where mosaic occurs pkt. 10c pkt. 10c		
SQUASH, SUMMER				
Early Bush Scallop, Green Type (Benning's)	50	Convenient size for shipping. Popular on West Coast. Light green when young; creamy white when mature. Retains green color long time pkt. 10c		
Early Prolific Straightneck	50	Straight, smooth fruits. Delicate creamy color. Vines produce abundantly. Peak of perfec-		
Early White Bush Scallop	50	Bushy plants. Creamy white, flattened fruits, scalloped on edges. One of most popular		
(Patty Pan) Cocozelle	65	white varieties for home use pkt. 10c Dark green marbled with yellow and light green. Flesh pale green, thick, firm, tender. Best		
Cucuzzi	60	for eating wnen 6 to 8 in. long pkt. 10c Slender fruits become about 2 ft. long. Light green when young. Thick tender flesh. Prepare		
(Edible Gourd) Summer Crookneck	60	like summer squash. A delicacy in Italian gardens pkt. 10c Bright yellow, warted. Flesh pale cream, firm, tender. Good early variety for home planting		
Dark Green Zucchini	65	pkt. 10c Smooth, cylindrical, dark green fruits. Use when young, sliced and cooked with skin on		
Zucchini	65	pkt. 10c Color light green with grayish mottling; otherwise similar to Cocozelle pkt. 10c		
SQUASH, WINTER	0.5	pkt. 10c		
Acorn	405	See Table Queen		
Banana	105	18 to 24 in. long, 7 in. diameter. Skin gray-blue. Flesh deep yellow, dry, sweet. Free from fiber or stringiness. Fine for pies pkt. 10c		
Blue Hubbard *Boston Marrow	105 95	Similar to original Hubbard, but with blue-gray shell pkt. 10c Large fruits, irregularly oval. Hard orange skin. Used as substitute for pie pumpkin pkt. 10c pkt. 10c		
Buttercup	100	Turban-shaped with protuberance at end. Dark green somewhat striped with gray. Flesh		
Butternut	100	very dry. Of finest flavor with the mild sweetness of sweet potato pkt. 10 Early maturing winter variety. Fruits 10 to 12 in. long and 4 to 5 in. in diameter at bow		
Delicious	103	shaped end. Dry yellow flesh. Excellent for baking and pies. Stores well Pkt. 10c Heart-shaped, dark green. Weight 8 to 10 lbs. Bright yellow flesh. Rich flavor. Keeps well		
*Golden Delicious	103	pkt. 10c Valuable canning variety because of high starch content. Color bright orange pkt. 10c pkt. 10c		
*Hubbard	105	Round, warted, dark green. Weight 12 to 14 lbs. Thick, bright yellow flesh. Fine flavor. Most widely grown of any winter squash pkt. 10c		
Royal Acorn	90	A strain of Table Queen with a high percentage of fruits of larger size than the original. Fruits dull dark green. Keeps well pkt. 10c		
*Table Queen or Acorn	80	Acorn-shaped, green, deeply furrowed. Flesh rich yellow, dry, mealy, delicious. Convenient		
Warted Hubbard	110	size for baking and serving in halves Slightly larger than true Hubbard Excellent quality pkt. 10c pkt. 10c		

Try a Ferry-Morse strain



Grow Table Queen or Acorn squash in the sweet corn rows (See page 45)



Turnip, Purple Top White Globe

Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices Enormous heads, 12 to 20 in. diameter. Seed good for poultry feeding. Soil and cult same as for corn pkt.			
SUNFLOWER Mammoth					
SWISS CHARD (Spinach Beet; Sea Kale)					
Fordhook Giant *Large Ribbed Dark Green	60 60	Large crumpled dark green leaves with broad white midrib Leaves slightly crumpled. Stems and midribs broad and thick. Superior flavor. Strill leaves from midribs and cook separately pkt. 10			
Lucullus, Dark Green Rhubarb Chard	60 60	Plant erect. Fleshy crumpled leaves of rich deep green. Makes very choice greens pkt. 10 Attractive new variety. Leaves dark green with red veining; stems and midrib deep crimso Highly recommended for home gardens pkt. 10			
TOBACCO Connecticut Seed Leaf	120	Hardy cigar variety. Adapted for growing in central and northern states pkt. 10c			
Havana White Burley (Root rot resistant)	120 120	Much used for cigar wrappers. Leaf very thin and of fine texture pkt. 10c A favorite for plug fillers and wrappers pkt. 10c			
TOMATO Bison	60	Plants small, compact, productive. Fruits globe-shaped, scarlet. Extra early; especially			
Bonny Best	73	bred for northern United States Bright deep scarlet. Medium large, smooth, firm. Splendid general purpose tomato			
Break O'Day	70	pkt. Medium to large globe-shaped. Very productive. Our own strain reselected from the origin			
·		Wilt resistant pkt. 10c			
Chalk's Early Jewel Dwarf Champion or Tree	75 78	Try Bonny Best, an improved variety in this class Purplish-pink fruits of medium size. Plants dwarf and tree-like. Needs no training; can use where space is limited pkt. 10c			
Earliana	64	Fruits medium size, deep scarlet. Vines small. Particularly desirable for home gardens pkt. 10c			
Golden Queen	83	Large, firm, smooth, bright golden vellow. Best large yellow tomato. Slice with red variety for contrast pkt. 10c			
Greater Baltimore Grothen's Globe	83 70	Similar to Stone Deep scarlet fruits, free from objectionable yellow about stem end. Wilt resistant. Becoming popular in some sections for shipping pkt. 10c			
Gulf State Market	77	Purplish-pink, large, globe-shaped. Especially popular in South. Withstands drought well. Our introduction pkt. 10c			
John Baer	73	Similar to Bonny Best but often a few days earlier pkt. 10c			
Jubilee	80	Vigorous plants produce a heavy yield of large, smooth, round fruits, rich orange in color. Flavor mild and non-acid. Equally desirable for the table, canning, and juice. All-America Award pkt. 10c			
June Pink	65	Similar to Earliana in every way except color. Best extra-early purplish-pink variety pkt. 10c			
Marglobe	75	Uniform, deep scarlet, globe-shaped. Heavily productive. Long bearing. Resistant to will and nailhead rust. Excellent for home gardens pkt. 10			
Michigan State Forcing	80	Recently developed at Michigan State College. One of the best forcing tomatoes pkt. 10c			
Morse's Special No. 498	63	Nearly globe-shaped. Bright scarlet. In season with Earliana. Very productive. Mai used in northern and western states. Our introduction pkt.			
Norton Ox Heart	85 100	Wilt resistant strain developed out of Stone pkt. Heart-shaped, rosy-pink, solid-fleshed, few seeds. Many home gardeners are enthusia about this mild variety pkt.			

of your favorite vegetable

American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Laurentian 90 Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table and stock feed pkt. 10c Neckless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10c	Name	Days to Table Size	Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices			
Pearson Improved Ponderosa (Beefsteak type) Pritchard (Scarlet Topper) Rutgers San Marzano (Large Fruited) Stokesdale Stone Stokesdale Victor TOMATO—SMALL RUTED Red Cherry Red Pear Yellow Plan Yellow Hun Otherry Puthet Globe (Norfolk) Sanylite Flat Dutch Strap-leaved Large white Globe (Norfolk) Snowball Snow	TOMATO (Cont.)					
Extremely large, fleshy, very mild. Deep purplish-pink. One of best for home use pkt. 10 floors per		80				
Pritchard (Scarlet Topper) Rutgers 73 Boeps scarlet, Jobe-shaped, Plants self-pruning, wilt-resistant. Excellent all-purpose, home pkt. 10 A development of New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station. Fruits medium to large Fruited) San Marzano (Large Fruited) San Marzano (Large Fruited) Stokesdale 74 San Marzano (Large Fruited) Stokesdale 75 Stokesdale 76 Our selection of an Italian variety highly valued for paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds. Bred for large size and firmness. About inches long. Used by canner pkt. 10 Our selection of an Italian variety highly valued for paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds. Bred for large size and firmness. About inches long. Used by canner pkt. 10 Our selection of an Italian variety highly valued for paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds. Bred for large size and firmness. About inches long. User sheet on the part of the paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds. Bred for large size and firmness. About a linches long. User sheet of the paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds. Bred for large size and firmness. About a linches long. User sheet of the paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and refuts a linches long. User sheet of the paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and routed a large size and prowder. Bright scarlet fruits. Our selection of an Italian variety highly valued for paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and routed and paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and routed and san paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and routed and san paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few seeds and routed and san paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts of the paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts; few search and paste and powder. Bright scarlet ova refuts and paste past	Ponderosa (Beefsteak type)	90				
Rutgers San Marzano (Large Fruited) San Marzano (Large Fruited) San Marzano (Large Fruited) Stokesdale Stone Stokesdale Stone Stone Valiant Store Valiant Store Valiant Store Victor TOMATO—SMALL FRUITED Red Cherry Freilted) Red Cherry Freilted) Fruits (Iwe seeds. Bred for large size and infirmness. About 4 inches long. Used by canner for "solid pack". Scond-early globe-shaped tomato. Round, scarlet fruits. Useful for home garden to slightly flattened globe shape Smooth, round, deep scarlet. Farge, smooth, solid, nearly round. Unsurpassed for slicing and canning of slightly flattened globe shape Smooth, round, deep scarlet fruits about 3 inches in diameter. Recommended as first early writer by frome gardens and early market. Introduced by Michigan State College. All America Award winner Fruits 2 in. long. Pear-shaped. Bright red Pruits 2 in. long. Pear-shaped. Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Small, ro	Pritchard (Scarlet		Deep scarlet, globe-shaped. Plants self-pruning, wilt-resistant. Excellent all-purpose, hom			
Stokesdale Stokesdale Stone	Rutgers	73	A development of New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station. Fruits medium to larg Highly recommended for canning and tomato juice			
Stone		70	Our selection of an Italian variety highly valued for paste and powder. Bright scarlet fruits; few seeds. Bred for large size and firmness. About 4 inches long. Used by car			
Valiant TOMATO—SMALL FRUITED Red Cherry Red Pear Yallow Pear Yallow Pear Yallow Par Yellow Plum Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Sarly White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Roots flattened. Entirely white. Mild. Extensively used for table when young Roots flattened. Entirely white blid. Extensively used for table when young Shoogoin (for Greens) Shoogoin (for Greens) Shoogoin (for Greens) Shoogoin (for Greens) Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top Roots large, globular roots chiefly grown for stock Globe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo where table when young repaired. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top Roots large, globular roots chiefly grown for stock Globe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo pkt. 10 Carpor Sy pkt. 10 Carpor Sy pkt. 10 Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top Roots large, globular roots chiefly grown for stock Seven Top Roots large, globular. High quality. Splendid keeper TURNIP GREENS Seven Top American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Large globular roots chiefly grown for stock Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table and stock feed Rockless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10 Rockless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10 Rockless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10 Rockless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with pu	Stokesdale	70	New, second-early, globe-shaped tomato. Round, scarlet fruits. Useful for home ga			
Victor TOMATO—SMALL FRUITED Red Cherry Red Pear Yellow Plum 75 Red Pear Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry TOWNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Sarly White Flat Durch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Purple Top White Globe Shoodin (for Greens) Shoodin (for Greens) Shoodin (for Greens) Shoodin (for Greens) Shoodin (for Greens) Shoodin (for Greens) Cow Horn or Globe America Award winner Falt Swarders and early market. Introduced by Michigan State College. All. America Award winner Fruits swall, round, rich deep red Fruits swall, round, rich deep red Fruits swall, round, rich deep red Fruits two inches long; pear-shaped Pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato Pkt. 100 P						
variety for home gardens and early market. Introduced by Michigan State College. All-America Award winner Red Cherry Red Pear Yellow Pear Yellow Pear Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Purple Top White Globe Shogoin (for Greens) Shogoin (for Greens) Shogoin (for Greens) Snowball Southern Prize White Egg TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top Purple Top (Im-proved Long Island) Large elbolar roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table proved Long Island) Large elbolar roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table and stock feed Next-reacher prize of the proved Long Island) Large coloular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 106 Roots large globular roots of			Second-early variety with open vines, encouraging earlier ripening. Medium size scarlet			
Red Cherry Red Cherry Red Pear Yellow Pear Yellow Plum Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Early White Flat Durch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Shogoin (for Greens) Shogoin (for Greens) Snowball Southern Prize White Egg TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top RUTABAGA or SWEDE American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Laurentian 75 Fruits small, round, rich deep red Fruits call, rich deep red Fruits small, round, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits small, round, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits 2 in. long. Pear-shaped. Bright red pkt. 100 Fruits small, round, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits small, round, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits small, round, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits oal, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits oal, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits oan, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruits oal, rich deep red pkt. 100 Fruit		65	variety for home gardens and early market. Introduced by Michigan State College. Al			
Fruits 2 in. long. Pear-shaped. Bright red pkt. 10- p			PKt. 10			
Yellow Pear Yellow Plum Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Large White Globe (Norfolk) Smowball Southern Prize White Egg TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Cow Horn or Ground Cherry TURNIP (Fruits oval, two inches long, clear deep yellow Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 10c	Red Cherry	75	Fruits small, round, rich deep red pkt. 10			
Yellow Plum Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Purple Top White Globe Shogoin (for Greens) Showball Southern Prize White Egg TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top RUTABAGA or SWEDE American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Lauret White Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 100 Tapered, slightly crooked, 12 to 15 in. long. Chiefly grown for stock. Mild, sweet, tender pkt. 100 Large globular roots, 4 to 5 in. or more diameter. Chiefly grown for stock feed; young root. Large globular roots of splendid quality. Especially desirable because of ability to withstand aphids Attractive, medium-sized turnip. Clear white. Fine grained, sweet, tender pkt. 100 Two-purpose variety. Abundance of leaves for greens and large top-shaped edible root: pkt. 100 Egg-shaped, smooth, white. Half of root above ground. Splendid home garden variet: pkt. 100 Globe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo pkt. 100 Roots large, globular roots chiefly grown for stock Globe-shaped. S			I m			
Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry90Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomatopkt. 10TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Barly White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe 			Fruits two inches long; pear-shaped pkt. 10			
TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED Cow Horn or Long White Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Purple Top White Globe Shogoin (for Greens) Snowball Southern Prize White Egg FURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen FURNIP GREENS Seven Top RUTABAGA or SWEDE American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Lauree White Globe Cow Horn or Long White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved Large willightly crooked, 12 to 15 in. long. Chiefly grown for stock. Mild, sweet, tender pkt. 10. For table when young for table when young Shit in the pkt. 10 i		1	Fruits oval, two inches long, clear deep yellow pkt. 10			
Tapered, slightly crooked, 12 to 15 in. long. Chiefly grown for stock. Mild, sweet, tender pkt. 10. Early White Flat Durch Strap-Leaved Large White Globe (Norfolk) Purple Top White Globe Shogoin (for Greens) Snowball Southern Prize White Egg TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED Amber Globe Orange Jelly or Golden Ball Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen TURNIP GREENS Seven Top RUTABAGA or SWEDE American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Large globular roots of creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table and stock feed Tapered, slightly crooked, 12 to 15 in. long. Chiefly grown for stock. Mild, sweet, tender pkt. 10. Roots flattened. Entirely white. Mild. Extensively used for table pkt. 10. Roots flattened. Entirely white. Mild. Extensively used for table pkt. 10. Large globular roots, 4 to 5 in. or more diameter. Chiefly grown for stock feed; young roots good for table use pkt. 10. Large globular roots of splendid quality. Especially desirable because of ability withstand aphids Attractive, medium-sized turnip. Clear white. Fine grained, sweet, tender pkt. 10. Two-purpose variety. Abundance of leaves for greens and large top-shaped edible roots pkt. 10. Egg-shaped, smooth, white. Half of root above ground. Splendid home garden variety pkt. 10. Roots large globular roots chiefly grown for stock Globe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo pkt. 10. Roots large, globular. High quality. Splendid keeper Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table use for table used for table used. To she to specific to the pkt. 10. Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table used in South for greens and stock feed Neckless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10. Rockless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10.		90	Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato pkt. 16			
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Norfolk Purple Top White Globe Shogoin (for Greens) 42 Shogoin (for Greens) 42 Large edible leaves and roots of splendid quality. Especially desirable because of ability to withstand aphids Attractive, medium-sized turnip. Clear white. Fine grained, sweet, tender pkt. 10c pk	Strap-Leaved					
Shogoin (for Greens) 42 Large edible leaves and roots of splendid quality. Especially desirable because of ability to withstand aphids Attractive, medium-sized turnip. Clear white. Fine grained, sweet, tender pkt. 100 Two-purpose variety. Abundance of leaves for greens and large top-shaped edible roots pkt. 100 Egg-shaped, smooth, white. Half of root above ground. Splendid home garden variety. Pkt. 100 Clobe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo pkt. 100 Globe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavo pkt. 100 ROOTABAGA or SWEDE American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) Laurentian Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table pkt. 100 Neckless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 100 Neckless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 100	(Norfolk)		good for table use pkt. 10			
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proved Long Island) and stock feed pkt. 10c Laurentian 90 Neckless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10c	RUTABAGA or SWEDE	4	pkt. 10			
	proved Long Island)		and stock feed pkt. 10			
Sweet Perfection White 90 White-fleshed variety, desirable for table use. Yields better than yellow varieties pkt. 100		90 90	Neckless. Large globular roots of creamy yellow with purple top. Excellent keeper pkt. 10 White-fleshed variety, desirable for table use. Yields better than yellow varieties pkt. 10			



View of a portion of our headquarters ranch, San Juan Bautista, California

Herbs for flavor and fragrance

Common Name	Botanical Name	See "Key to Sym- bols"	Ht.	Suggestions—Prices
Anise	Pimpinella anisum	h-A	14 in.	Seeds used for flavoring bread, cake, cookies, and candy Pkt. 10c
Balm	Melissa officinalis	h-P	1½ ft.	Leaves have a lemony, minty fragrance and give a fine flavor to fruit drinks Pkt. 10c
Basil, Sweet	Ocimum basilicum	h-A	1 ft.	Spicy, flower-like tasting leaves, delicious in green salads, tomato and cheese dishes and soups Pkt. 10c
Borage	Borage officinalis	h-A	12-18 in.	Leaves and flowers used in cold drinks and to garnish salads Pkt. 10c
Caraway	Carum carui	h-B	1 to 2 ft.	Seeds used for flavoring cake, cookies, bread, cheese, baked apples Pkt. 10c
Chervil Chives (See page 37)	Anthriscus cerefolium	h-A	10 in.	Leaves used like parsley for flavoring and garnishing Pkt. 10c
Coriander	Coriandrum sativum	h-A	2½ ft.	Seeds used in candy and to disguise taste of medicine Pkt. 10c
Dill, Mammoth	Anethum graveolens	h-A	2 to 3 ft.	Seeds and leaves famous for use in dill pickles Pkt. 10c
Fennel, Sweet	Foenicu l um officinale	h-B	2 to 4 ft.	Fresh tender stems eaten raw like celery or in salads; seeds flavor candy and medicines Pkt. 10c
Horehound	Marrubium vulgare	h-P	1 to 3 ft.	Leaves and juice of flowering tops flavor cough sirups and candies Pkt. 10c
Hyssop	Hyssopus officinalis	h-P	1½ ft.	Often planted near bee hives to give fine taste to honey Pkt. 10c
Lavender	Lavandula spica	h-P	2 ft.	Dried flowers used to scent linens Pkt. 10c
Marjoram, Sweet	Origanum marjorana	t-P used as annual	2 ft.	Young tender leaves good in salads and to flavor soups. Makes a pretty pot plant Pkt. 10c
Parsley	Petrosalinum sativum	h-B	10 in.	Leaves add distinctive seasoning to many dishes cooked and uncooked (See page 42 for varieties)
Rosemary	Rosmarinus officinalis	t-P used as annual	2 to 4 ft.	Fragrant odor and warm, pungent taste make this an acceptable seasoning for meats and soups Pkt. 10c
Rue	Ruta graveolens	h-P	16 in. to 2 ft.	Bitter herb, to be used sparingly for seasoning Pkt. 10c
Saffron	Carthamus tinctorius	h-A	1 to 3 ft.	The yellow, thistle-like flowers picked while in full bloom are used for coloring and flavoring Pkt. 10c
Sage, Broad Leaf	Salvia officinalis	h-P	14 to 16 in.	Gray-leaved plant with blue flowers. A great favorite in meat and poultry dressings Pkt. 10c
Savory, Summer	Sartureia hortensis	h-A	8 to 10 in.	Leaves and flowering tops popular in dressings, boiled with peas and snap beans, used with other herbs in salads and as flavoring for many meat dishes Pkt. 10c
Thyme	Thymus vulgaris	h-P	8 to 10 in.	Sharp, aromatic flavor good in combination with other herbs in salads, sandwiches, etc. Pkt. 10c
Wormwood	Artemisia absinthium	h-P	3 to 5 ft.	Next to rue, the bitterest of all herbs. Chiefly used in medicines Pkt. 10c

Ferry-Morse lawn grass seed for many uses

Seed should be sown early in spring or in fall, at the rate of 1 pound to every 150 to 400 square feet, depending on variety. Make the surface fine and smooth by raking. In spring, sow the seed as early as possible, preferably just before a shower, as this will push the seed far enough into the ground to cover it sufficiently. In fall, sow before the autumn rains, early enough so that the young grass can become established before cold weather.

ASTORIA BENT (Agrostis capillaris var. Astoriana.) Spreads from underground rootstalks. Helpful for binding light or sandy soils when given special watering and rolling.

CHEWING'S FESCUE (Festuca rubra fallax) Valuable because of ability to thrive on light sandy soils and in shady locations.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa pratensis). The basis of general lawn grass mixtures. Permanent. Fine-leaved. Starts early in spring. Forms close turf.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (Lolium perenne.) Valuable for producing a green lawn quickly. Much used in mild climates.

RED TOP (Fancy) (Agrostis alba) Generally used with Blue Grass. At its best in late summer when Blue Grass is past its prime.

ROUGH STALKED MEADOW (Poa trivialis) An excellent grass

for shady locations.

SEASIDE BENT (Agrostis maritima). Stoloniferous. Provides mat-

like, smooth, uniform turf. Much used for golf courses.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER Valuable addition to other lawn grasses because of quick growth and creeping habit.

FINE MIXED LAWN GRASS Adapted to general lawn purposes. Superior mixture of best and cleanest grades of seed.

EXTRA FINE MIXED For a beautiful close turf. Each variety has a different period of luxuriant growth for keeping lawn in excellent condition all summer.

SHADY LAWN MIXTURE Excellent selection of fine grasses which thrive in shade of trees or buildings.

Specially Adapted to West Coast

EXPOSITION PARK MIXTURE A blend of the best lawn grasses carefully prepared for Southern California or similar climatic conditions. Forms a fine, smooth, closely matted turf needing only moderate watering.

MORSE'S CALIFORNIA LAWN MIXTURE (No white clover or rye grass.) Contains only finest-leaved grasses to make a good, perennially green turf. For general use.

MORSE'S GOLDEN GATE PARK LAWN MIXTURE Contains most hardy and resistant grasses to endure much trampling. Includes very little white clover.

PROFESSIONAL LAWN MIXTURE. For use by those who want only the best in lawns. Cannot be surpassed in color, texture, and durability. Provides perennial beauty.



You can have a better garden with FERRY'S SEEDS

Your dealer can quickly get for you any variety of flower or vegetable seed listed by FERRY-MORSE SEED CO. if you do not find it in his display of Ferry's Seeds.

You can have a <u>better</u> garden with FERRY'S SEEDS



What grows in children's school gardens? Vegetables and flowers, of course, for greater health and enjoyment. But far more. A sense of responsibility, pride in accomplishment, perseverance, a closer linking of home and school, and often stronger family bonds. The community and the nation benefit, too, for future citizens learn to take pride in ownership, to appreciate order and beauty, and to respect the rights of others.